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# CONSULTATIVE COMMITTEE OF THE CONVENTION FOR THE PROTECTION OF INDIVIDUALS WITH REGARD TO AUTOMATIC PROCESSING OF PERSONAL DATA (T-PD)

# WORK PROGRAMME OF THE T-PD FOR 2014 and 2015

Directorate General Human Rights and Rule of Law

#### WORK PROGRAMME OF THE T-PD FOR 2014 AND 2015

#### 1 - Modernisation of the Convention

The Consultative Committee will pursue the modernisation of the Council of Europe Convention for the Protection of Individuals with regard to Automatic Processing of Personal Data (hereafter referred to as 'Convention 108'). This modernisation work was initiated following a decision of the Ministers' Deputies (1079<sup>th</sup> meeting of 10 March 2010), supported by Resolution No. 3 on data protection and privacy in the third millennium which was adopted at the 30<sup>th</sup> Council of Europe Conference of Ministers of Justice (Istanbul, 24-26 November 2010) and Resolution 1843 (2011) of the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe on 'the protection of privacy and personal data on the Internet and online media'.

**Objective:** the modernisation work aims on the one hand at securing that the general and key principles of the Convention fully address the challenges resulting from the technological developments and the use of new information and communication technologies, and on the other hand at strengthening Convention 108's evaluation and follow-up mechanism.

**Working methods:** the T-PD will in 2014 contribute to the work of the Ad Hoc Committee on Data Protection (CAHDATA) as observer to this Committee and further develop the proposals regarding the evaluation and follow-up mechanism such as for instance the preparation of a model questionnaire which will serve as the backbone of the evaluations.

Partner (s): CRIDS, national experts and CoE experts

#### 2 - Review of existing Recommendations<sup>1</sup> or texts

#### 2.1 Recommendation (87) 15 regulating the use of personal data in the police sector

Further to the finalisation of the report on the evaluation of the assessment of Recommendation (87) 15 regulating the use of personal data in the police sector, and underlining the crucial impact that this text has had on the development of corresponding legislation in the member states of the Council of Europe, the T-PD will decide on the necessary follow-up to give to the report and take the corresponding actions.

**Objective:** ensure that individuals continue to be protected in the highest and most appropriate way when their personal data are used in the police sector, in light of the development of new concepts and techniques for processing of personal data necessary for the purpose of prevention, investigation, detection or prosecution of criminal offences or the execution of criminal sanctions.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Activities mentioned under this section are reflected, for some recommendations, in the terms of reference of the Steering Committee on Media and Information Society (CDMSI).

**Working methods**: further to the finalisation of the report, the Bureau of the T-PD will make proposals to the Plenary as to what follow-up should be given to this evaluation of the implementation of the Recommendation in member states.

Partner (s): CoE experts and Data Protection Authorities

### 2.2 Recommendation (89) 2 on the protection of personal data used for employment purposes

According the T-PD's previous priorities and to the elements contained in the terms of reference of the Steering Committee on Media and Information Society (CDMSI), the T-PD will pursue the work of revision of this Recommendation.

**Objective:** to update this instrument in light of the technological developments as well as of other texts of the Council of Europe containing provisions on the processing of data in the employment field.

**Working methods:** the Bureau of the T-PD will finalise the draft revised Recommendation in view of its adoption at the 31<sup>st</sup> Plenary meeting of the T-PD and transmission to the CDMSI.

Partner (s): CoE experts

#### 2.3 Recommendation (97) 5 on the protection of medical data

Recommendation (97) 5 on the protection of medical data, its implementation as well as the implications of new technologies on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of medical data will be examined by the T-PD and the necessary follow-up steps will be taken.

**Objective:** to assess the necessity of updating the existing Recommendation and provide, where appropriate, further normative guidance.

**Working methods:** Delegations will be asked to respond to a questionnaire aimed at identifying trends and concerns with the use of new technologies in the field of medical data, on the basis of which a scientific expert working in a multi-disciplinary manner and associating experts of other relevant fields will prepare a report recommending follow-up actions by the Committee.

Partner (s): CoE experts, Committee on Bioethics

## 2.4 Progress report on the application of the principles of Convention 108 to the collection and processing of biometric data

The Consultative Committee will, in light of the scientific experts' report on the same topic, examine the need to complement its Progress report on the application of the

principles of Convention 108 to the collection and processing of biometric data (report of 2005)..

**Objective:** to ensure that the latest developments in the field of biometric technologies are covered by the Committee's guidance.

**Working methods:** the Bureau of the T-PD will on the basis of the work submitted by the consultant propose follow-up action by the Committee.

Partner (s): CoE experts

#### 3 - Implementation and promotion of Convention 108

The Consultative Committee will continue to contribute to the work of implementation and promotion of the Convention throughout the world with a view to pursuing broadening the number of Parties to the Convention, by member states as well as non-member states of the Council of Europe.

This objective fully responds to the decision of the Ministers' Deputies (1176th meeting of 10 July 2013) whereby the Deputies "welcomed the increasing number of Parties to the Convention and the growing interest in this treaty by non-member States, while encouraging the T-PD and the Secretariat to pursue the promotion of the Convention to facilitate responses to global challenges to data protection".

**Objective:** to ensure that the principles of Convention 108 are fully adhered to by the Parties to the Convention, assisting new Parties and requesting ones to adapt their national systems (legislation and the way it is implemented and enforced) to Convention 108, and to obtain further accession to the Convention by countries having an appropriate data protection system.

**Working methods:** Projects of technical assistance funded by external sources and enabling regional or bilateral focus, participation in various international, regional and national events enabling to raise-awareness on the Convention and its benefits.

Partner (s): CoE experts

#### 4 - Other work<sup>2</sup>

The Consultative Committee will continue to promote the celebration of data protection day and ensure that raising awareness and educating to data protection remains a key aspect of the work of the various stakeholders.

<sup>2</sup> Activities mentioned under this section are notably reflected in the terms of reference of the Steering Committee on Media and Information Society (CDMSI) and the Internet governance Strategy of the Council of Europe for 2012-2015.

The Consultative Committee will continue to provide its unique expertise to other Council of Europe instances, and external fora, where their activities have a link with data protection questions.

It will notably seek to cooperate more closely with the Committee on Bioethics with a view to providing guidance on topical developments in the field of the use of data relating to health, notably in the sector of bio banks or more generally research (anonymisation of biological samples of human origin and associated data) well as with a view to tackling the impact of the technological development such as nanotechnologies.

In light of the increasing volume of international flows of personal data for tax or financial purposes, the consultative Committee will provide guidance on the operation of automated exchanges of data occurring in that context.

The Committee will provide guidance in respect of the processing of personal data in the context of police/criminal files.

The Consultative Committee will where necessary and possible develop sectorial guidelines for states, the private sector and civil society on trends and challenges posed by the new technologies and the use of internet, in particular on the basis of the issues identified in the 2013 report on "The use of the Internet and related services, private life and data protection: trends and technologies, threats and implications", in order to tackle a series of issues, such as big data, profiling (in light of Recommendation (2010)13 on the protection of individuals with regard to automatic processing of personal data in the context of profiling), computerised glass, new generation of video-surveillance technologies, drones, the internet of things, etc.

Subject to adequate resources, the Consultative Committee will contribute to the implementation of other relevant parts of the Council of Europe Strategy on internet governance (2012-2015) such as the development of measures and tools for children and their families to better manage their privacy and personal data, in particular in the internet environment.

#### Appendix I

#### Terms of reference of the CAHDATA

#### Ad hoc committee on data protection (CAHDATA)

Set up by the Committee of Ministers under Article 17 of the Statute of the Council of Europe and in accordance with Resolution CM/Res(2011)24 on intergovernmental committees and subordinate bodies, their terms of reference and working methods.

Type of committee: Ad hoc Committee

Terms of reference valid from: 1 January 2014 until 31 December 2014

#### Main tasks

Under the authority of the Committee of Ministers, the CAHDATA will finalise and submit to the Committee of Ministers proposals for the modernisation of the Convention for the Protection of Individuals with regard to Automatic Processing of Personal Data (ETS No. 108), having regard to the proposals prepared by the Consultative Committee of Convention No. 108 (adopted at its 29th Plenary meeting, 27-30 November 2012) following the mandate it received from the Committee of Ministers (1079th meeting of the Deputies, 10 March 2010).

#### Pillar/Sector/Programme

Pillar: Rule of Law

**Sector:** Development of Common Standards and Policies **Programme:** Information Society and Internet Governance

#### **Expected results**

- (i) A draft amending protocol to the Convention for the Protection of Individuals with regard to Automatic Processing of Personal Data (ETS No. 108) is prepared and finalised.
- (ii) a consolidated version of the Convention is finalised.(iii) the explanatory report to the Convention is updated.

#### Composition

#### Members:

The governments of Council of Europe member States, and where appropriate of other States Parties to Convention No. 108, are entitled to appoint as members of the CAHDATA a representative of the highest possible rank from their national ministry or from the relevant public authority responsible for data protection policies.

The Council of Europe will bear the travel and subsistence expenses of one representative from each member State (two in the case of the State whose representative has been elected Chair).

Each member of the committee shall have one vote. Where a government designates more than one member, only one of them is entitled to take part in the voting.

#### Participants:

The governments of States that are not members of the Council of Europe which have been invited by the Committee of Ministers to accede to Convention No. 108 are entitled to appoint to the CAHDATA a representative of the highest possible rank from their national ministry or from the relevant public authority responsible for data protection policies, without the right to vote.

The following Council of Europe bodies may send one or more representatives to meetings of the CAHDATA, without the right to vote but with defrayal of expenses at the charge of their respective administrative budgets:

- the Consultative Committee of the Convention for the Protection of Individuals with regard to Automatic Processing of Personal Data (ETS No. 108) (T-PD);
- the Parliamentary Assembly;
- the Congress of Local and Regional Authorities of the Council of Europe;
- the European Court of Human Rights;
- the Commissioner for Human Rights of the Council of Europe;
- the Conference of INGOs enjoying participatory status with the Council of Europe;
- the Steering Committee for Human Rights (CDDH) and its Committee on Bioethics (DH-BIO);
- the European Committee on Legal Co-operation (CDCJ);
- the European Committee on Crime Problems (CDPC);
- the Cybercrime Convention Committee (T-CY);
- the Steering Committee on the Media and Information Society (CDMSI);
- the Data Protection Commissioner of the Council of Europe.

The European Union may send one or more representatives to meetings of the Committee, without defrayal of expenses. [The Committee of Ministers will decide on the issue of the right to vote of the European Union at a later stage.]

The governments of States that are not members of the Council of Europe which have observer status (Canada, Holy See, Japan, Mexico and USA) with the Council of Europe are entitled to appoint to the CAHDATA a representative of the highest possible rank from their national ministry or from the relevant public authority responsible for data protection policies, without the right to vote and without defrayal of expenses.

#### Observers:

The following States may send representatives, without the right to vote and without defrayal of expenses:

Argentina, Australia, Benin, Bolivia, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Cape Verde, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Dubai, Gabon, Ecuador, Israel, India, Indonesia, Kyrgyz Republic, Malaysia, Mauritius, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Peru, Philippines, Republic of Korea, Senegal, South Africa, Tunisia and Vietnam.

The following organisations may send representatives, without the right to vote and without defrayal of expenses:

- International Chamber of Commerce (ICC);
- European Privacy Association (EPA);
- European Association for the Defence of Human Rights (AEDH);
- International Conference of data protection and privacy Commissioners;
- Europol;
- Interpol:
- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD);
- French-Speaking Association of Personal Data Protection Authorities (AFADPD);
- Ibero-American Network of Data Protection (RIPD);
- International Commission on civil status (ICCS);
- the Personal Information Protection Commission (PIPC) of the Republic of Korea;
- Internet Society (ISOC);
- Australian Privacy Foundation (APF);
- United Nations (UN);
- Organization of American States (OAS);
- African Union (AU):
- Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS);
- Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN);
- Mercosur:
- Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC).

Observers from States and organisations other than those referred to above may be admitted as an observer in accordance with the provisions of Resolution CM/Res(2011)24.

#### **Working methods**

#### Meetings:

50 members, 2 meetings in 2014, 3 days.

The Committee will also appoint a Gender Equality Rapporteur from amongst its members.

The assistance of a scientific expert may be requested.

The rules of procedure of the Committee are governed by Resolution CM/Res(2011)24 on intergovernmental committees and subordinate bodies, their terms of reference and working methods.

#### Appendix II

#### Terms of reference of the Steering Committee on Media and Information Society (CDMSI)

#### Steering Committee on Media and Information Society (CDMSI)

Set up by the Committee of Ministers under Article 17 of the Statute of the Council of Europe and in accordance with Resolution CM/Res(2011)24 on intergovernmental committees and subordinate bodies, their terms of reference and working methods.

Type of committee: Steering Committee

Terms of reference valid from: 1 January 2014 until 31 December 2015

#### Main tasks

Under the authority of the Committee of Ministers, the CDMSI oversees the Council of Europe's work in the field of media, information society and data protection, and advises the Committee of Ministers on all questions within its area of competence, focusing on human rights protection and promotion, taking due account of relevant transversal perspectives and of the activities of other international organisations. For this purpose, the CDMSI is instructed to facilitate co-operation among the Council of Europe member States and assist them in the development of common policies, as well as fulfil any other activity which might be assigned to it by the Committee of Ministers. In particular, the CDMSI will:

- (i) oversee the implementation of a Council of Europe Internet Governance Strategy, focusing on the right to freedom of expression on the Internet and the right to impart and receive information regardless of frontiers;
- (ii) develop co-operation at pan-European level, extend this co-operation to its neighbouring regions and engage other relevant stakeholders, preparing instruments with a view to promoting and protecting human rights, the rule of law and pluralist democracy in the Information Society and Internet Governance;
- (iii) review, consolidate and update existing instruments and conduct, where necessary, additional standard-setting work in respect of freedom of the media, paying due attention to professional journalism standards, supporting independence, pluralism and diversity in the media, including public service media;
- (iv) contribute to the implementation of the Committee of Ministers' Declaration of 13 January 2010 on measures to promote the respect of Article 10 of the European Convention on Human Rights;
- (v) co-ordinate standard-setting work in respect of the protection of personal data and the right to private life, in close association with other relevant Council of Europe bodies (e.g. CAHDATA, T-PD, CDCJ);
- (vi) ensure follow-up to Committee of Ministers decisions taken in light of Resolutions adopted at the Council of Europe Conference of Ministers responsible for Media and Information Society (Belgrade, Serbia, 7 and 8 November 2013);
- (vii) in accordance with decisions CM/Del/Dec(2013)1168/10.2 of the Committee of Ministers, carry out, at regular intervals, within the limits of the available resources and bearing in mind its priorities, an examination of some or all of the conventions for which it has been given responsibility<sup>3</sup>, in co-operation, where appropriate, with the relevant convention-based bodies, and report back to the Committee of Ministers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Cf. Relevant decision of the Committee of Ministers (CM/Del/Dec(2013)1168/10.2) and list of Conventions in Appendix 1.

#### Pillar/Sector/Programme

Pillar: Rule of Law

Sector: Common standards and policies

**Programme:** Information Society and Internet Governance

#### **Expected results**

(i) The Council of Europe contributes to enhancing human rights aspects of Internet Governance; to this end draft texts are prepared and submitted to the Committee of Ministers having regard to the Council of Europe Internet Governance Strategy adopted by the Committee of Ministers on:

- a. Network neutrality;
- b. Internet freedom;
- c. Cross border-flow of Internet traffic.
- (ii) A new Internet Governance Strategy 2015-2019 of the Council of Europe is prepared and submitted to the Committee of Ministers.
- (iii) Media freedom and pluralism are promoted and better protected, taking due account of gender equality, youth and children's issues; to this end draft texts are prepared and submitted to the Committee of Ministers on:
  - a. the protection of journalism and safety of journalists;
  - b. professional and ethical journalism;
  - c. media pluralism and transparency of media ownership;
  - d. gender equality dimension in the media coverage of election campaigns (in consultation with the Council of Europe GEC and UN Women).
- (iv) A feasibility study is prepared on the revision of existing texts or on possible new activities in the area of hate speech, in co-operation with the CDDH.
- (v) A report is prepared on the implementation of CM Declaration of 13 January 2010, including proposals for follow-up.
- (vi) Personal data and the right to private life are better protected in the Information society; to this end the CDMSI offers, in consultation with the T-PD, CDCJ and CAHDATA, an intergovernmental setting of 47 for the finalisation and submission to the Committee of Ministers of draft texts on:
  - a. data protection and employment;
  - b. data protection and the police;
  - c. biometric data;
  - d. data protection and children.

The CDMSI also contributes to the modernisation process of the Convention for the Protection of Individuals with regard to Automatic Processing of Personal Data (ETS No. 108).

#### Composition

#### **Members:**

Governments of member States are invited to designate one or more representatives of the highest possible rank in the relevant fields (media policy and freedom of expression, information society and Internet governance, data protection).

The Council of Europe will bear the travel and subsistence expenses of one representative from each member State (two in the case of the State whose representative has been elected Chair).

Member States may send other representatives without the right to vote and without defrayal of expenses.

Each member of the committee shall have one vote. Where a government designates more than one

member, only one of them is entitled to take part in the voting.

In accordance with decisions CM/Del/Dec(2013)1168/10.2 of the Committee of Ministers, in cases where there is no convention-based body including all the Parties, non-member States are invited to take part, with a right to vote, in the committee meetings pertaining to the conventions to which they are Parties.

#### **Participants:**

The following may send representatives, without the right to vote and at the charge of their corresponding administrative budgets:

- Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe;
- Congress of Local and Regional Authorities of the Council of Europe;
- European Court of Human Rights;
- Council of Europe Commissioner for Human Rights;
- Conference of INGOs of the Council of Europe;
- Committee of Experts on Terrorism (CODEXTER);
- European Committee on Legal Co-operation (CDCJ);
- Consultative Committee of the Convention for the Protection of Individuals with regard to automatic processing of personal data (T-PD);
- Ad Hoc Committee on Data Protection (CAHDATA);
- other Council of Europe intergovernmental committees as appropriate.
- European Audiovisual Observatory;
- Observer States to the Council of Europe: Canada, Holy See, Japan, Mexico, United States of America;
- European Union (one or more representatives, including, as appropriate, the European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights FRA);
- Organisation for Security and Co-operation in Europe (OSCE);
- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD);
- Organization of American States (OAS);
- UN agencies (United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation UNESCO);
- International Telecommunication Union (ITU);
- Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers (ICANN);
- Civil society and representatives of business, technical, professional and academic communities.

#### **Observers:**

The following may send representatives, without the right to vote and without defrayal of expenses:

- Belarus.

#### Working methods

#### **Plenary meetings:**

48 members, 2 meetings in 2014, 3 days

48 members, 2 meetings in 2015, 3 days

#### **Bureau:**

7 members, 2 meetings in 2014, 2 days

7 members, 2 meetings in 2015, 2 days

The Committee will also appoint a Gender Equality Rapporteur from amongst its members. The rules of procedure of the Committee are governed by Resolution CM/Res(2011)24 on intergovernmental committees and subordinate bodies, their terms of reference and working methods.

#### Appendix III

#### Action line 3 of the Council of Europe Internet governance strategy 2012-2015

#### III. Advancing privacy and data protection

- 10. People are spending an increasing amount of time exercising their rights to freedom of opinion, expression, information, assembly and association on the Internet for both professional and personal reasons which is resulting in an increasing amount of personal data being deposited and transmitted online. Efforts to protect their privacy and in particular their personal data are therefore more and more important.<sup>4</sup>
- 10.1 The freedom, dignity and privacy of Internet users must be a central concern and priority for democracies, especially governments which rely upon and encourage the use of new technologies. Action will focus on the following:
- a. modernising the Convention for the Protection of Individuals with regard to Automatic Processing of Personal Data (CETS No. 108 also known as "Convention 108") so that it fully addresses the challenges posed by new technologies and facilitates greater consensus between governments and other stakeholders on global technology-neutral privacy standards;
- b. strengthening the implementation of Convention 108 through the Council of Europe Consultative Committee (T-PD), and through the implementation of technical assistance programmes in Europe and third countries;
- c promoting accession to Convention 108 by member states as well as non-member states of the Council of Europe;
- d. reviewing and, where necessary, updating recommendations of the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe on the protection of personal data used for employment purposes,<sup>5</sup> the use of personal data in the police sector<sup>6</sup> and the protection of medical data:<sup>7</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Resolution 1843 and Recommendation 1984 (2011) of the Council of Europe Parliamentary Assembly: http://assembly.coe.int/Mainf.asp?link=/Documents/AdoptedText/ta11/ERES1843.html and http://assembly.coe.int/Mainf.asp?link=/Documents/AdoptedText/ta11/EREC1984.html.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See Recommendation of the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe No. R (89) 2 on the protection of personal data used for employment purposes: https://wcd.coe.int/ViewDoc.jsp?id=710373&Site=CM&BackColorInternet=C3C3C3&BackColorIntranet=EDB021&BackColorLogged=F5D383.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See Recommendation of the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe No. R (87) 15 regulating the use of personal data in the police sector:

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{https://wcd.coe.int/ViewDoc.jsp?id=704881\&Site=CM\&BackColorInternet=C3C3C3\&BackColorIntranet=EDB021\&BackColorLogg\_ed=F5D383.$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See Recommendation of the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe No. R (97) 5 on the protection of medical data: https://wcd.coe.int/ViewDoc.jsp?id=571075&Site=CM&BackColorInternet=C3C3C3&BackColorIntranet=EDB021&BackColorLogged=F5D383.

- e. reviewing Council of Europe standards on anonymity;<sup>8</sup>
- f. securing the right to privacy of citizens, including children and vulnerable persons, in the new media environment<sup>9</sup> in line with Convention 108, in particular by:
- promoting the development of measures and tools for children and their families to better manage their privacy and personal data and, in this connection, their identity, such as by using pseudonyms on the Internet;
- promoting practices that enable the deletion of content produced by children, including its traces (logs, records and processing) within a reasonably short period of time; and exploring whether this approach may be broadened;<sup>10</sup>
- g. developing human rights-based data protection guidelines for states, the private sector and civil society in the light of trends and challenges posed by the Internet (this concerns for example health related data, in particular genetic data, biometric data, "cloud computing", "privacy by design", "Internet of things", requesting the removal of personal data from the Internet, geo-location tracking, and informed "consent" to terms and conditions of service).

<sup>8</sup> See principle 7 on anonymity of the 2003 Declaration of the Committee of Ministers on freedom of communication on the Internet: <a href="https://wcd.coe.int/ViewDoc.jsp?id=37031&Site=CM&BackColorInternet=C3C3C3&BackColorIntranet=EDB021&BackColorLogged=F5D383">https://wcd.coe.int/ViewDoc.jsp?id=37031&Site=CM&BackColorInternet=C3C3C3&BackColorIntranet=EDB021&BackColorLogged=F5D383</a>

 $\label{lem:https://wcd.coe.int/ViewDoc.jsp?Ref=CM/Rec(2009)5\&Language=lanEnglish\&Ver=original\&Site=CM\&BackColorInternet=9999CC\&BackColorIntranet=FFBB55\&BackColorLogged=FFAC75.$ 

See Declaration of the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe on protecting the dignity, security and privacy of children on the Internet, adopted on 20 February 2008:

 $\label{lem:https://wcd.coe.int/ViewDoc.jsp?Ref=Decl(20.02.2008)&Language=lanEnglish\&Ver=0001\&Site=COE\&BackColorInternet=9999CC\&BackColorIntranet=FFBB55\&BackColorLogged=FFAC75.$ 

See Recommendation Rec(2006)12 of the Committee of Ministers to member states on empowering children in the new information and communications environment, adopted by the Committee of Ministers on 27 September 2006:

 $\frac{https://wcd.coe.int/ViewDoc.jsp?Ref=Rec(2006)12\&Sector=secCM\&Language=lanEnglish\&Ver=original\&BackColorInternet=9999\ CC\&BackColorIntranet=FFBB55\&BackColorLogged=FFAC75.$ 

See Recommendation No. R (99) 5 of the Committee of Ministers to member states for the protection of privacy on the Internet: <a href="https://wcd.coe.int/ViewDoc.jsp?id=407311&Site=CM&BackColorInternet=C3C3C3&BackColorIntranet=EDB021&BackColorLogged=F5D383">https://wcd.coe.int/ViewDoc.jsp?id=407311&Site=CM&BackColorInternet=C3C3C3&BackColorIntranet=EDB021&BackColorLogged=F5D383</a>.

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10 See Declaration of the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe on protecting the dignity, security and privacy of children on the Internet, adopted on 20 February 2008:

https://wcd.coe.int/ViewDoc.jsp?Ref=Decl(20.02.2008)&Language=lanEnglish&Ver=0001&Site=COE&BackColorInternet=9999CC&BackColorIntranet=FFBB55&BackColorLogged=FFAC75.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> See Recommendation CM/Rec(2009)5 of the Committee of Ministers to member states on measures to protect children against harmful content and behaviour and to promote their active participation in the new information and communications environment, adopted on 8 July 2009: