## CoE IMC package April 2016

**Inter-municipal Cooperation** 

Reference material: TOOLKIT ON INTERMUNICIPAL COOPERATION

**Council of Europe** 



## CoE TRAINING PROGRAMME

#### **European level**

- responds to CoE recommendations of European Ministers and Congress of LRAE:
  - Budapest
  - Utrecht Agenda responding to economic downturn

#### **National level:**

- Supports National Policy for IMC
- tackles fragmentation of LGs
- overall package, provides basis for coordinated intervention of donors



## CoE TRAINING PROGRAMME

#### **Features:**

- Goes hand in hand with the extensive IMC Manual-1, Practitioners Guide-2, Web-page-3
- Tailored to respond to various decision-making levels and practitioners
- Prepares IMC champions to initiate and support change
- Complemented by an extensive set of Case Studies-4
- Supports National Policy for IMC



#### TRAINING PROGRAMME MODULES

- Module 1: Understanding IMC
- Module 2: Enabling IMC-friendly environment
- Module 3: Triggering IMC
- Module 4: Choosing a legal form
- Module 5: Financing IMC
- Module 6: Accountability for IMC



## **Module 1: Understanding IMC**

#### Address:

- opportunities and risks of IMC
- helps understand the factors necessary to support IMC
- learn the critical success factors in an IMC project

#### **Targets:**

- Political level nationally and locally
- Ministry and local government associations

#### Respond to the findings:

 Raise awareness to facilitate procedure for setting up IMC



# Module 2: Enabling an IMC-friendly environment

#### Address:

- legal and financial frameworks that central authorities can influence
- local standards of leadership and communications where Mayors will play the key role

#### **Targets:**

- Political level nationally and locally
- Ministry and local government associations

#### Responds to:

 Prepare grounds to integrate IMC in reform programmes and national strategies



## **Module 3: Triggering IMC**

#### Address:

- steps that a municipality needs to launch an IMC initiative
- advantages and disadvantages of an IMC approach in various policy areas: urban planning, sharing schools and developing joint sports facilities
- various clusters of domains where IMC might be applicable (relevant for each module but start up process is based on a selection of the appropriate competence)

#### **Targets:**

- Mayors and relevant municipal officials
- Ministry and LGA representatives facilitating IMC processes

#### **Responds to:**

 Lack of skilled personnel to facilitate IMC implementation at the local level



## Module 4: Choosing a legal form

#### **Address:**

- analysis of different legal frameworks used for IMC initiatives
- 'handshake' agreement to a jointly managed institution
- refers to specifically what is available within the given legal framework

#### **Targets:**

- Mayors and relevant municipal officials
- Ministry and LGA representatives facilitating IMC processes

#### **Responds to:**

Need to elaborate of procedures to facilitate establishment of IMCs



## **Module 5: Financing IMC**

#### **Address:**

- different financial mechanisms appropriate for different IMCs
- covers paying for IMC structures and outputs and charging for IMC services in a way that is fair to each IMC partner and to local citizens
- closely linked with legal options

#### **Targets:**

- Mayors and relevant municipal officials
- Ministry and LGA representatives facilitating IMC processes

#### **Responds to:**

- Need to elaborate of procedures and regulatory framework for financing IMCs, through municipal budgets
- Training module needs to analyse and respond specifically to the Armenian frame for financing IMC



## **Module 6: Accountability of IMC**

#### **Address:**

- clear mechanisms for accountability; reporting to each municipal Assembly
- Municipalities are particularly accountable to local people that take decisions on services provided by their local authority
- IMC not only delivering value for money but also is equal benefit to municipalities
- Illustrates model set of IMC performance standards

#### **Targets:**

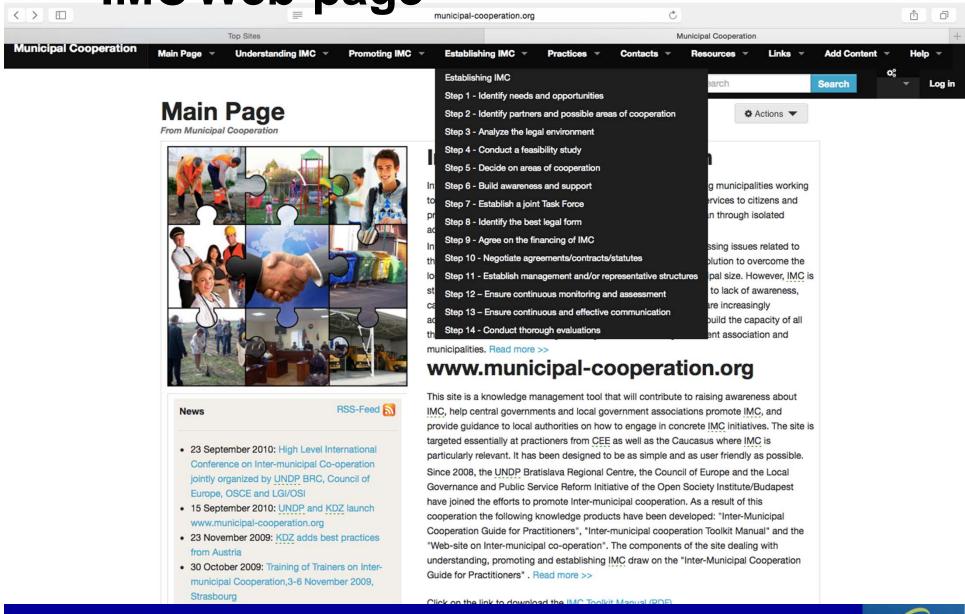
- Mayors and municipal officials and elected council members of municipalities
- Ministry and LGA representatives facilitating IMC processes

#### Responds to:

 Necessity to train staff that will carry out and monitor and report on implementation of each IMC step



## **IMC** Web-page



#### **ENABLING ENVIRONMENT**

#### Initial step to make IMC happen:

- Political support by the national political leadership and the public authorities by openly and clearly stating IMC as a policy priority
- Enabling legislative environment
- Financial incentives but also functional
- Capacity building and/or technical assistance



#### **ENABLING ENVIRONMENT**

- Clear sign of Government policy support
- Facilitate IMC establishment with procedures and models
- Enhance partners' confidence in legality of IMC institution
- Establish rules to help avoid conflict (if lack of preliminary study, opacity for citizens, weak control)

#### ? THE RIGHT TIME FOR NATIONAL IMC POLICY



## ? Questions



## TRIGGERING IMC

IMC TRAINING GUIDE SECTION 3: TRIGGERING IMC

Council of Europe United National Development Programme Local Government Initiative



## STARTING POINT

- Economy of scale
- Underbound jurisdictions—"free riders", catchment area larger than administrative boundaries
- Joint management of indivisible infrastructure
- Joint management of functionally integrated but territorially fragmented areas
- Better visibility promotion, lobbying
- Co-ordination (i.e. physical planning)
- Sometimes seen as an alternative for consolidation

## IMC STEP LADDER PHASES

Phase 1: Initiating cooperation

Phase 2: Establishing cooperation

Phase 3: Implementing cooperation

Phase 4: Evaluating cooperation

## IMC STEP LADDER (1-4)

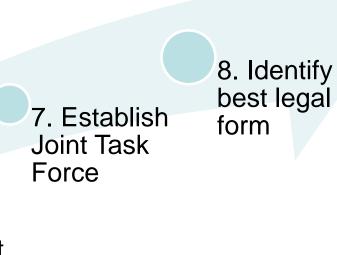
3. Analyse legal environment

4. Conduct feasibility study

2. Identify partners and possible areas of cooperation

1. Identify needs and opportunities

## IMC STEP LADDER (5-8)



6. Build awareness and support

5. Decide areas of cooperation

## IMC STEP LADDER (9-11)

10. Negotiate agreement / statutes

11. Establish management / representatives

9. Agree financing

## IMC STEP LADDER (12-14)

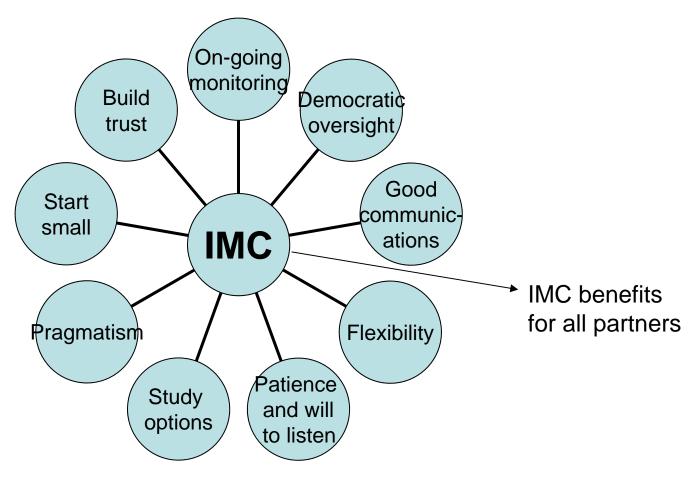
13. Enable continuous and effective communications

12. Ensure continuous self-assessment and monitoring

14. Conduct regular evaluations



### CRITERIA FOR EFFECTIVE IMC





## **RECOGNITION OF NEED**

#### By whom:

- Mayors
- Elected representatives
- Heads of administration
- Senior managers
- Regional / central authorities
- Public opinion



## POLITICAL DISCUSSIONS

- Anticipate a series of informal bilateral and multilateral discussions
- Initial consensus among peers
- Based on win-win situation
- All influential people with an interest should be involved from the start
- Someone must give leadership from the start

## Who should give initial leadership?



## **KEY QUESTIONS**

- Is there a feeling of dissatisfaction in all concerned municipalities?
- Is there consensus at senior level that IMC offers a way forward?
- Is there cross-party agreement?
- Would IMC be sustainable financially and politically in the longer term?

What kind of agreements are necessary to ensure sustainability?



## TECHNICAL DISCUSSIONS

- Between senior officials in concerned municipalities
- Builds on previous political discussions
- Agreement in principle of state authority to go forward
- One senior official should lead the way
- Involve senior officials from function, finance and HR

What is the task of the leading official?



# CONSULTATION WITH NATIONAL LEVEL

## With government

- what does the law allow or require?
- is specific finance available?
- is legal advice available?

#### With LGA

- are there examples of good practice?
- are consultancy services available?
- are capacity building and training available?



## **OPTIONS TO CONSIDER**

- Should IMC be used to (i) manage some services jointly or (ii) develop a common policy?
- Should the IMC proposal be: (i) Single purpose or (ii) multipurpose IMC?
- Will the IMC proposal need to focus on the: (i) output or (ii) outcome?

How would municipalities assess performance under these options?

## PRELIMINARY DECISIONS

- Which functions should be subject to IMC?
- What partners should be involved and to what extent?
- Which municipality should lead on which function?
- How should the public be consulted?
- How will accountability be demonstrated?

Is it a good idea to convene an official meeting of partners to come to these decisions?



## FEASIBILITY STUDY

- Analysis of national context
- Current level of performance in identified functions costs, strengths, weaknesses, future demand
- Possibility of reducing costs / sharing resources / improving quality through IMC:
  - With which municipalities
  - Under which legal, financial and administrative frameworks
  - With what financial framework
- Identify good practice
- Recommendations



## **OUTCOME**

# The outcome of the discussions and feasibility study should be an IMC proposal with:

- Clear objectives and rules
- Clear division of responsibilities
- Clear and fair allocation of costs
- No domination without agreement

