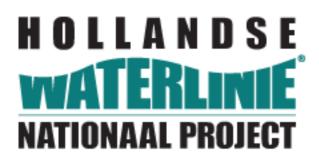


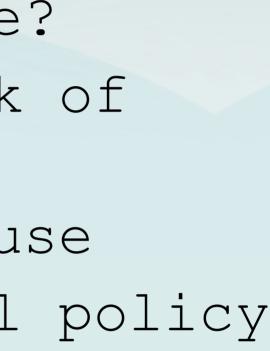
HOLLANDSE NATIONAL PROJECT

Peter Ros Patricia Braaksma Inge van Heck

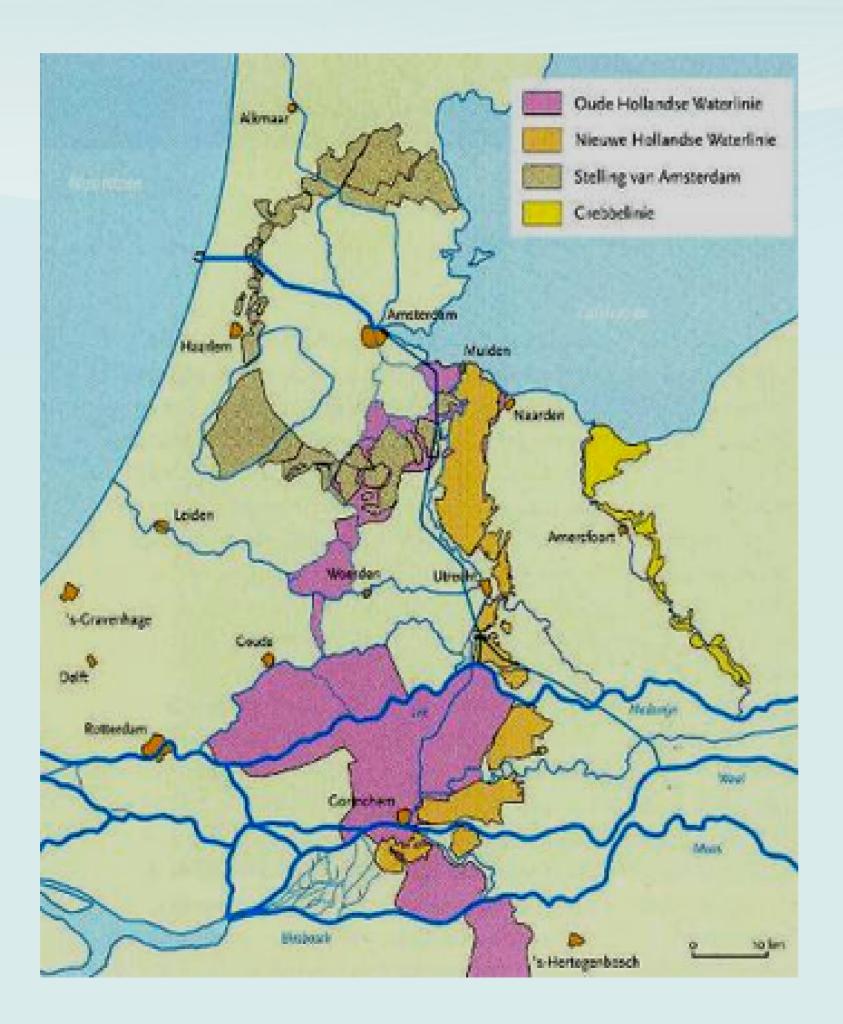
Content

- 1. What is the New Dutch Waterline?
- 2. Present organisation: the trick of corporation
- 3. Best Practices of economic re-use
- 4. Example of implementing spatial policy





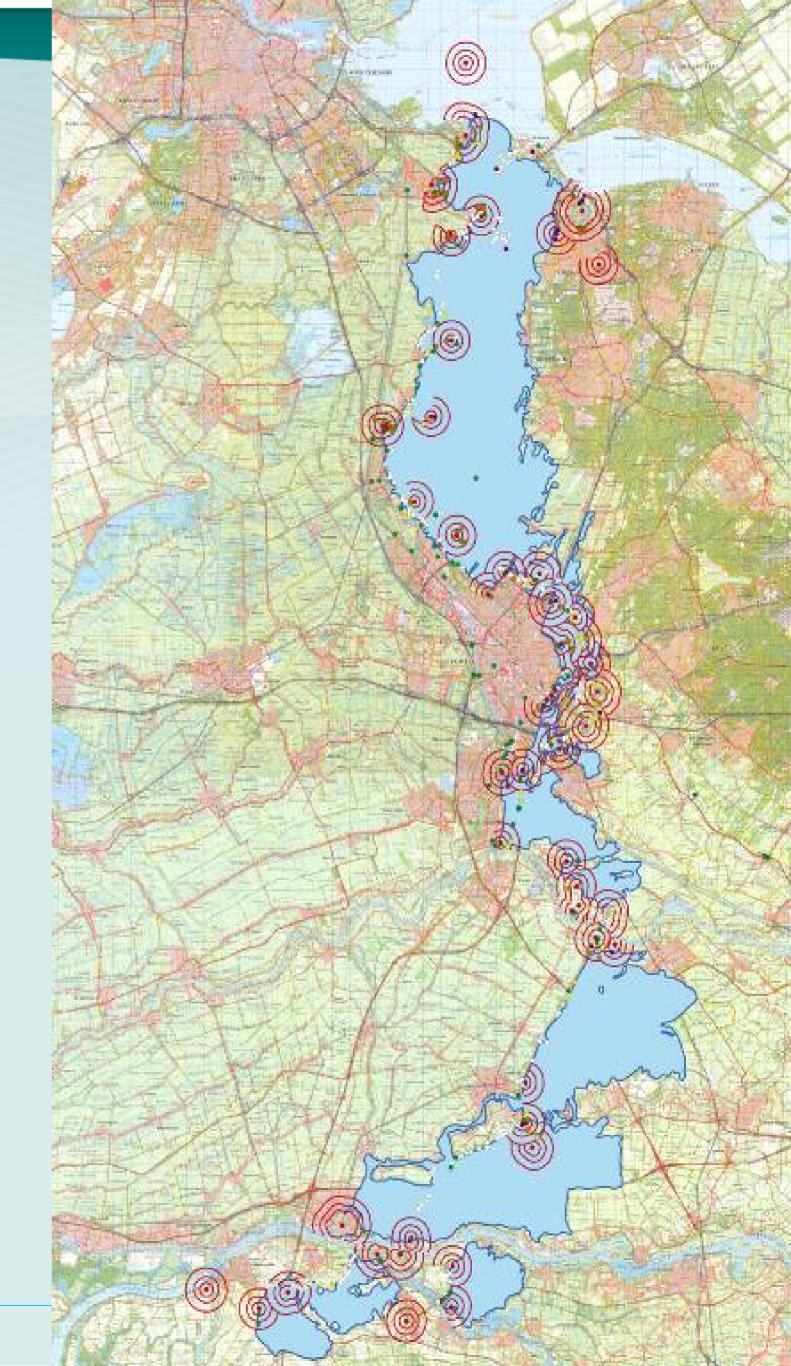
What is the New Dutch Waterline?

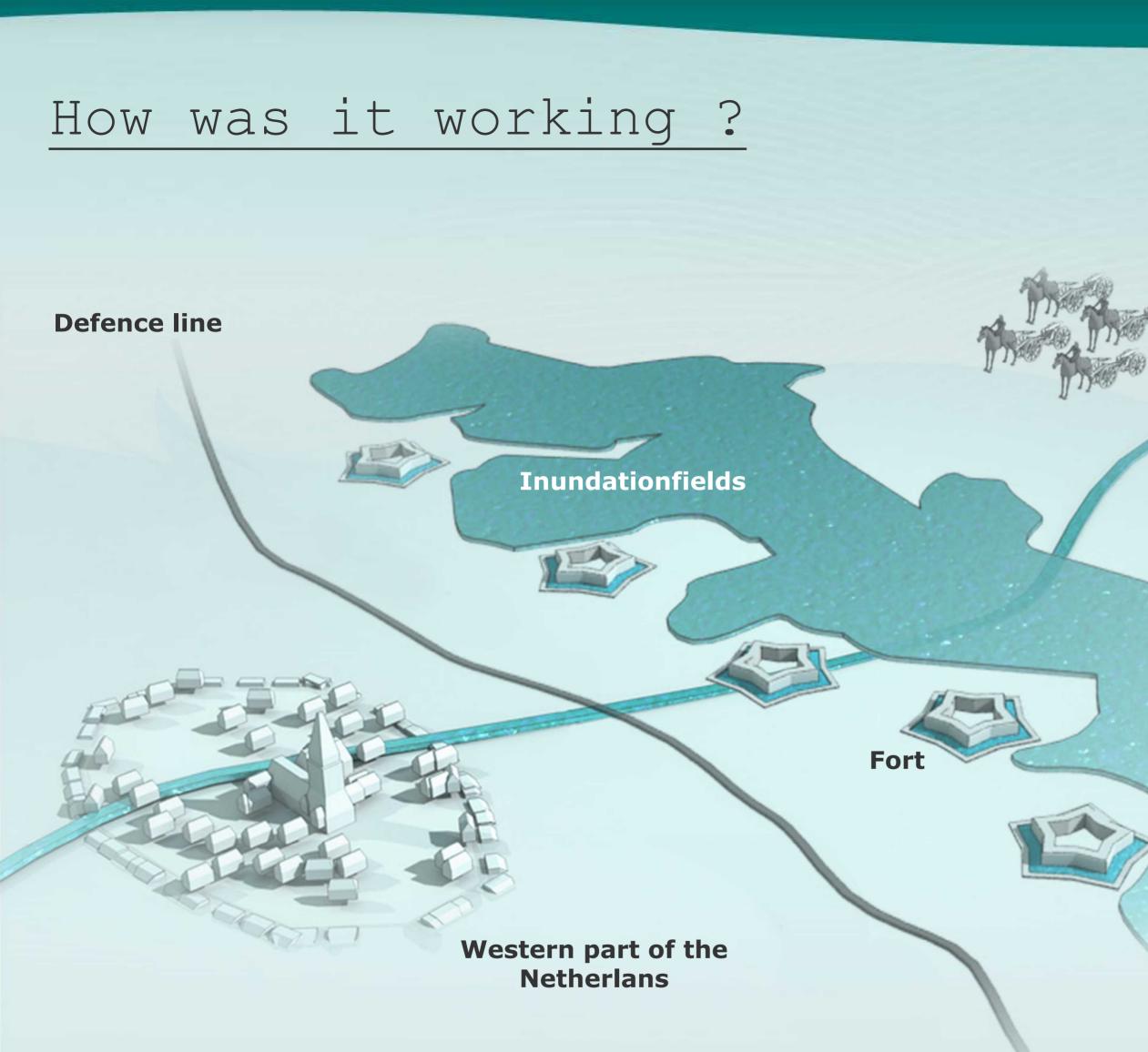




Facts Defence Line

- length: 85 kilometres
- width: varies from 3 to 5 kilometres
- 7 basins of inundation field
- 2 castles
- 5 fortified cities
- 53 forts with "the Prohibited Areas"
- bunkers, group shelters, sluices, canals
- totally about 1000 elements 80% is still in good condition)







Enemy







Inundation plains

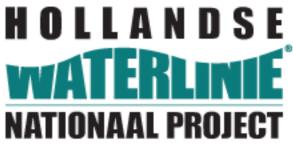
around fort Spion

Water as chief main of defence



Innundation flood in wartimes





All objects Inundation canal

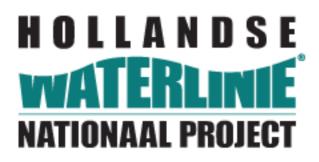


Bunkers

Fort

Fortresses at the 'weakest' places





But... the weakness of the defence system



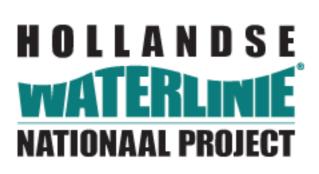












Destruction and decline





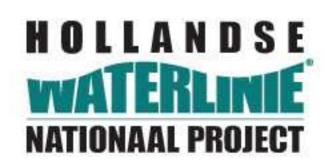






Impact of new towns and infrastructure



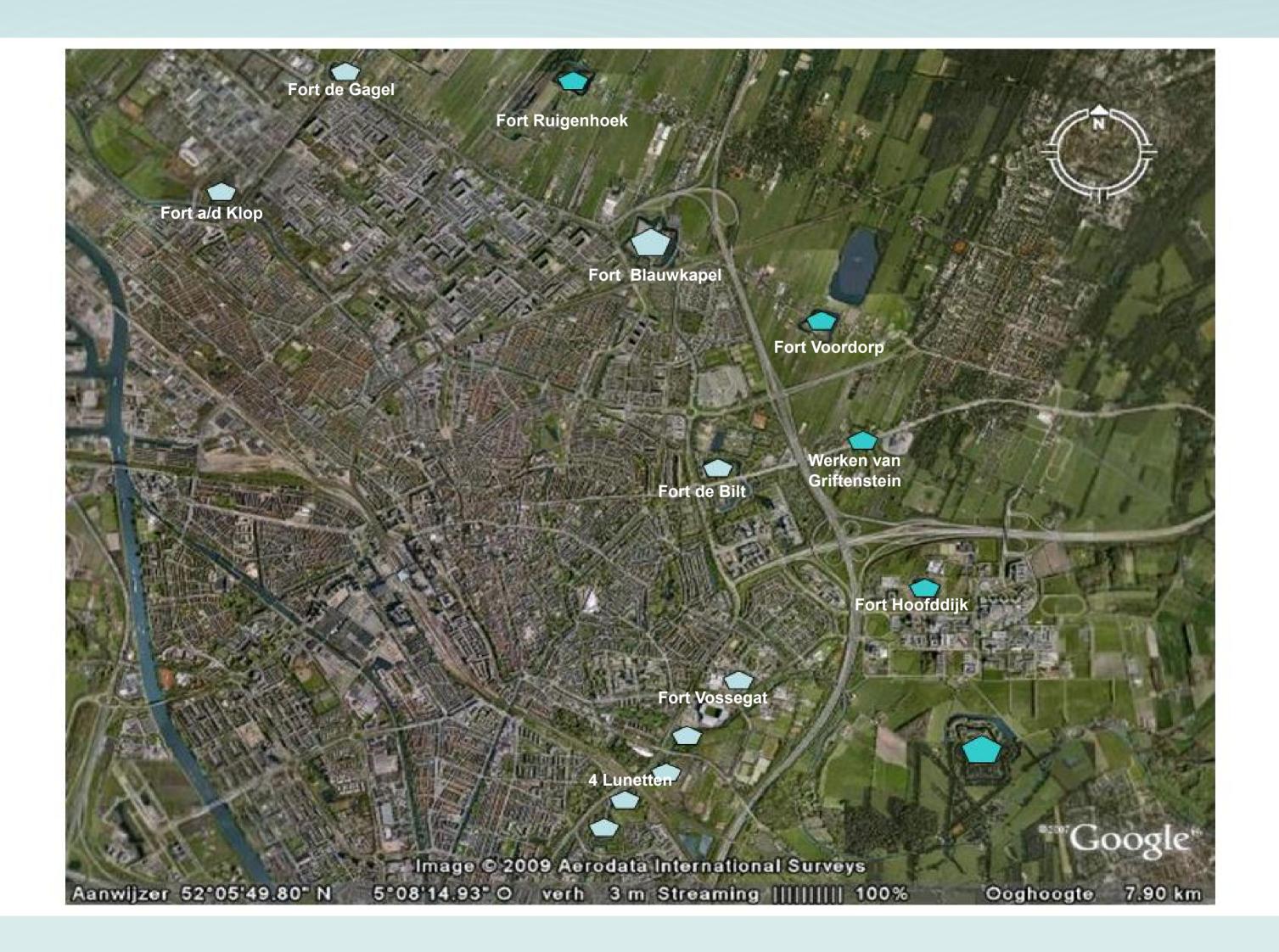


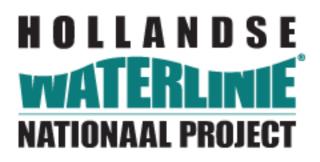
Rural context

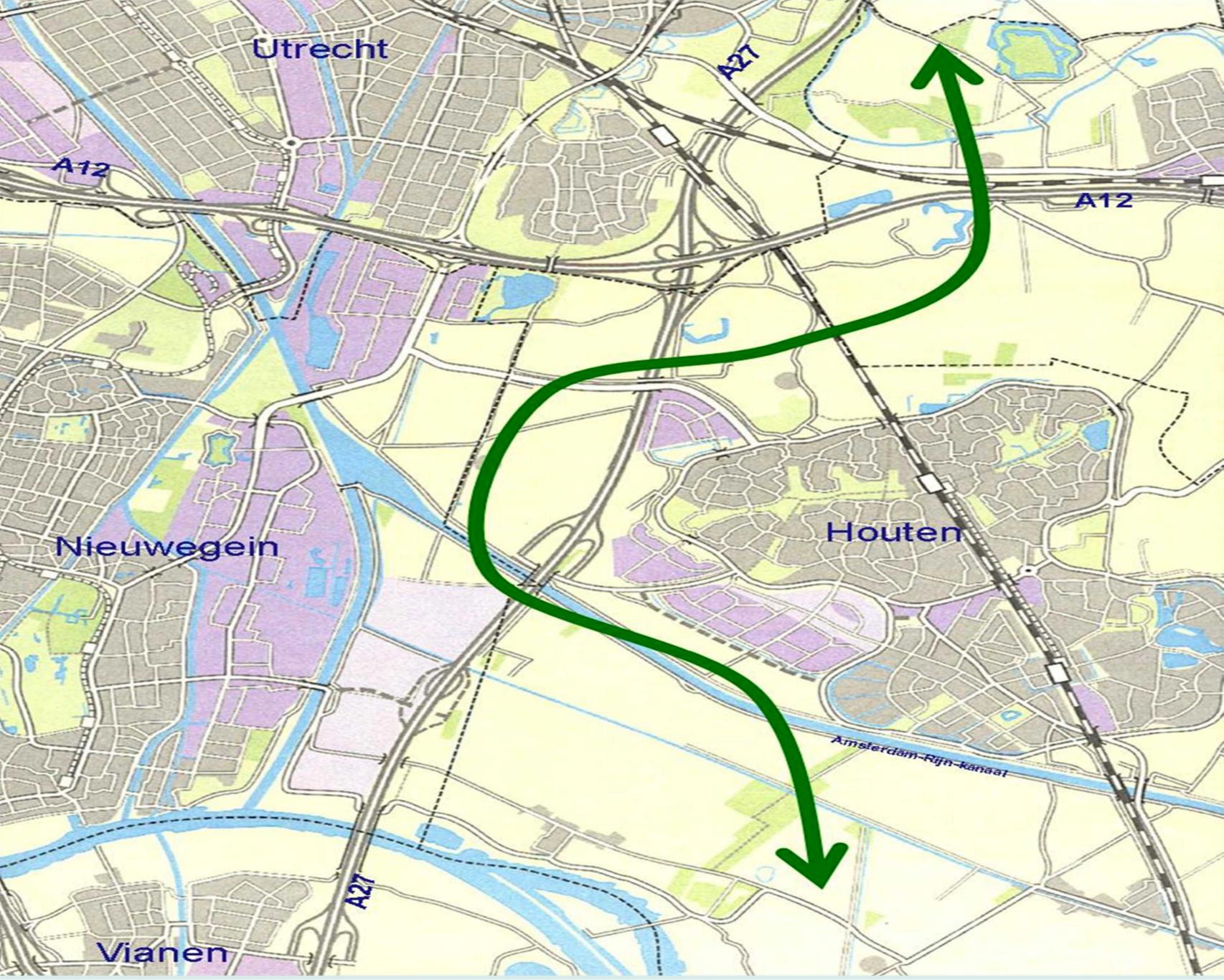




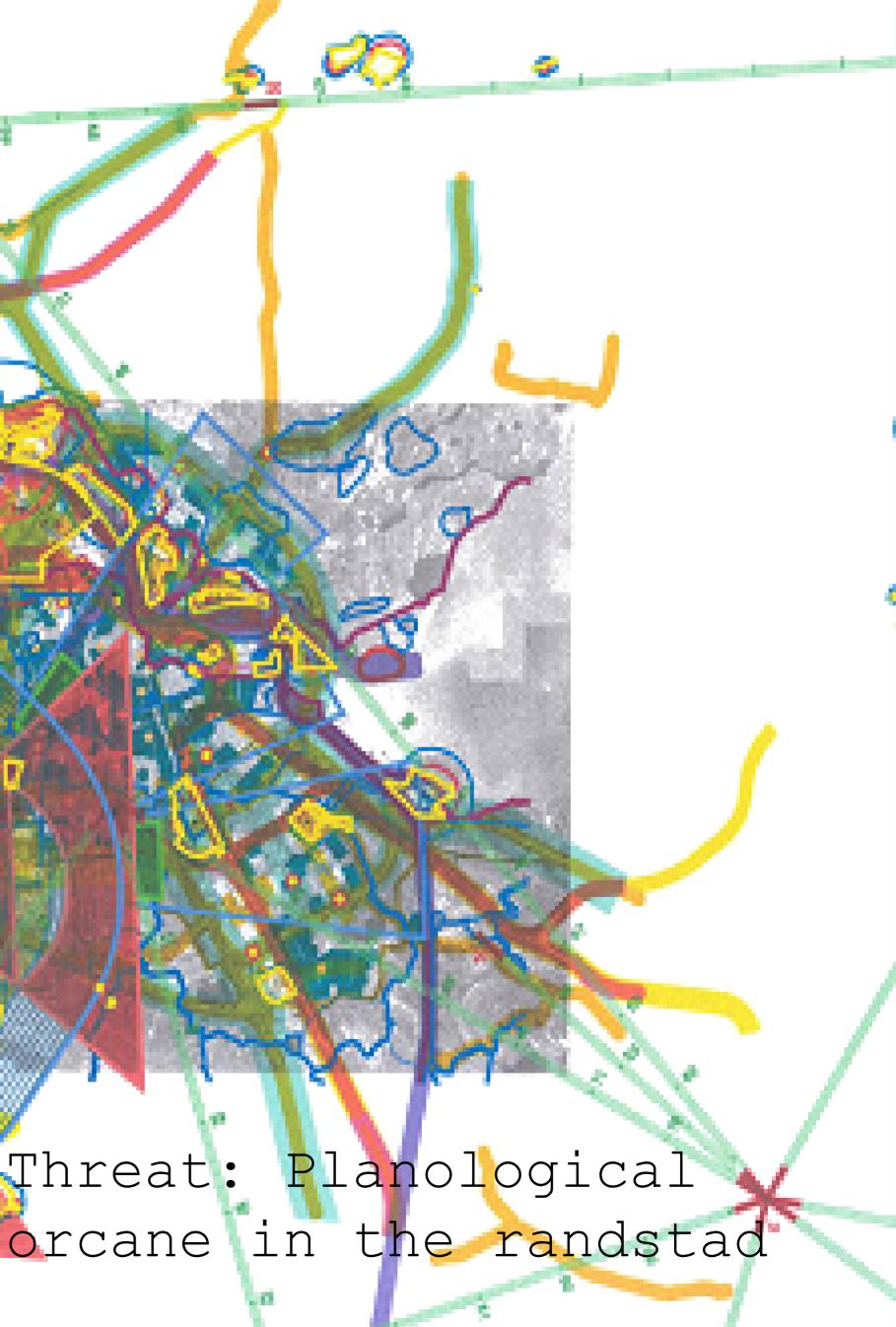
Protected by law







Threat: Planological

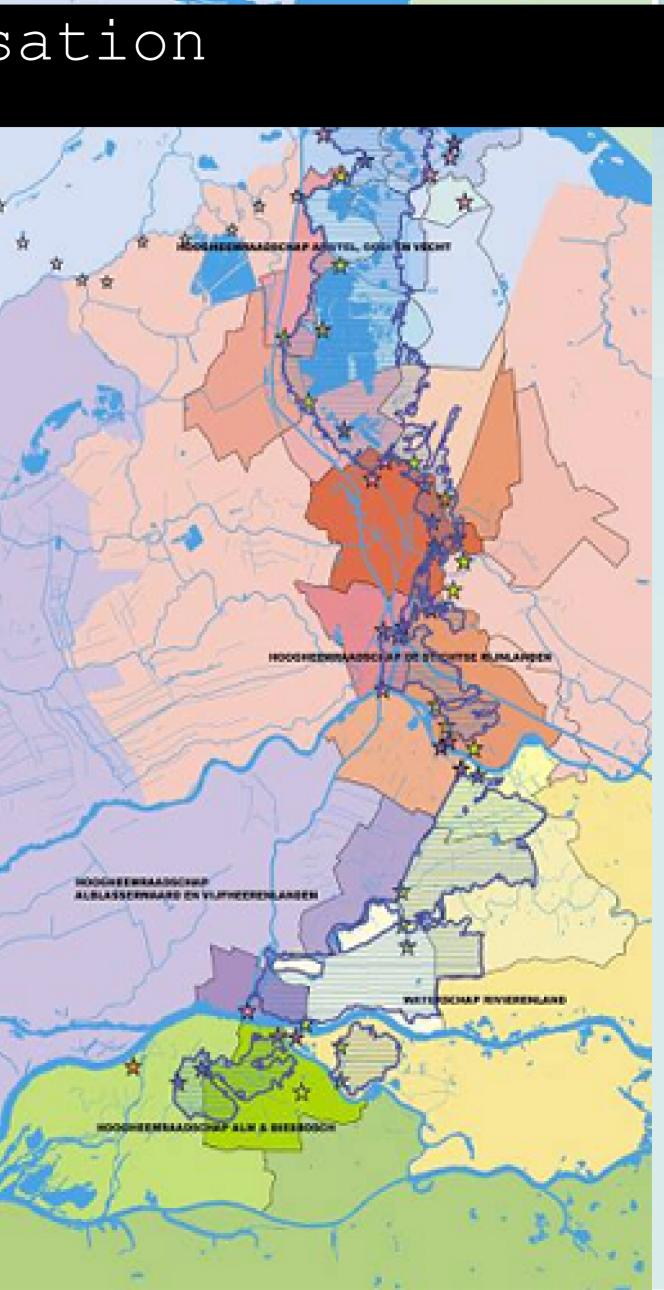


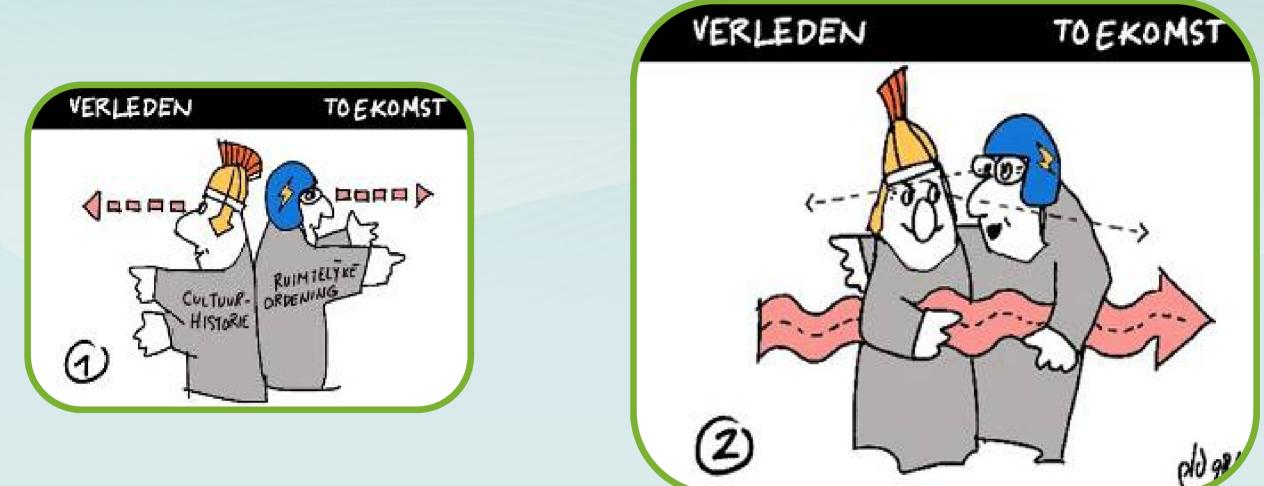
Project organisation

National Project organisation:

- 5 national ministries
- 5 provinces/regions
- 25 municipalities
- 3 water organisations

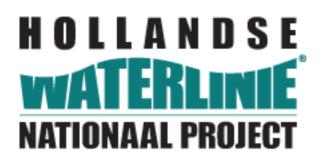
Decentralised to the 5 provinces since 2014: Threaty of Altena





Cultural Heritage & Spatial Development

"preservation trough development"



Cooperate...

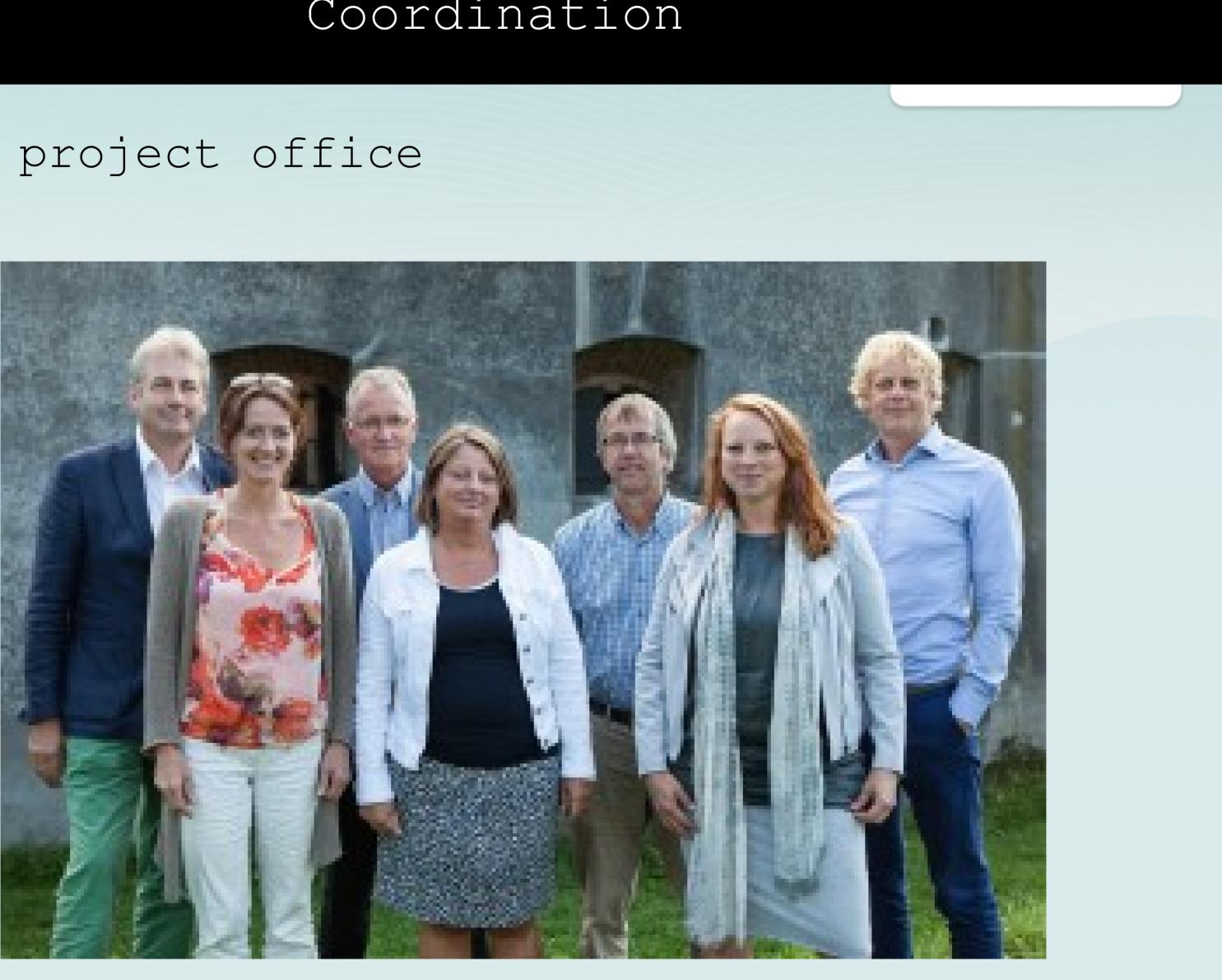
... in 1 national Waterline committee (provincial governors and national represantatives)

... in 7 regional execution committees ...with many private parties (Public Private Partnership)



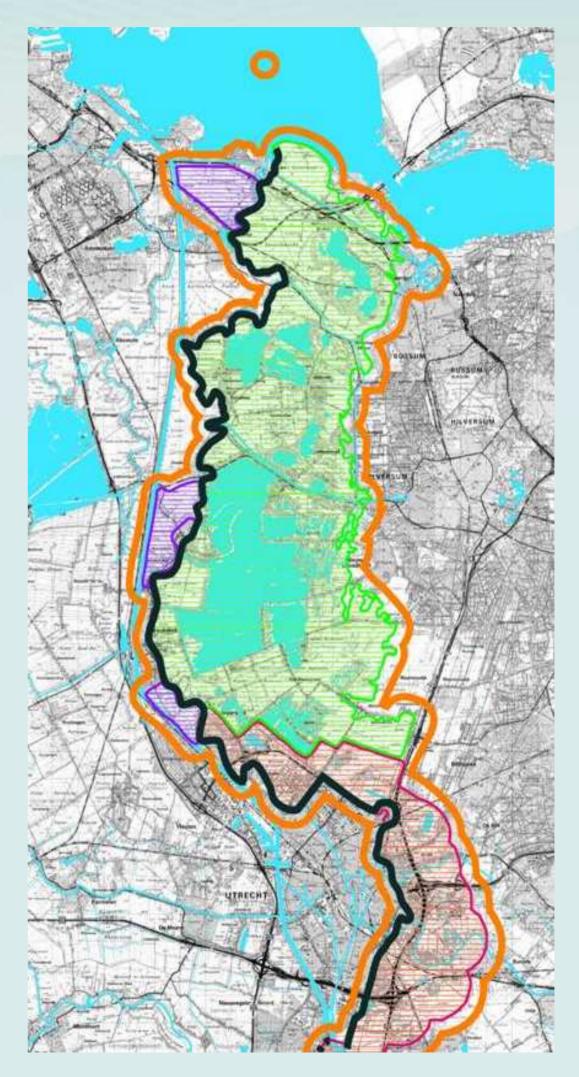
Coordination

... 1 project office



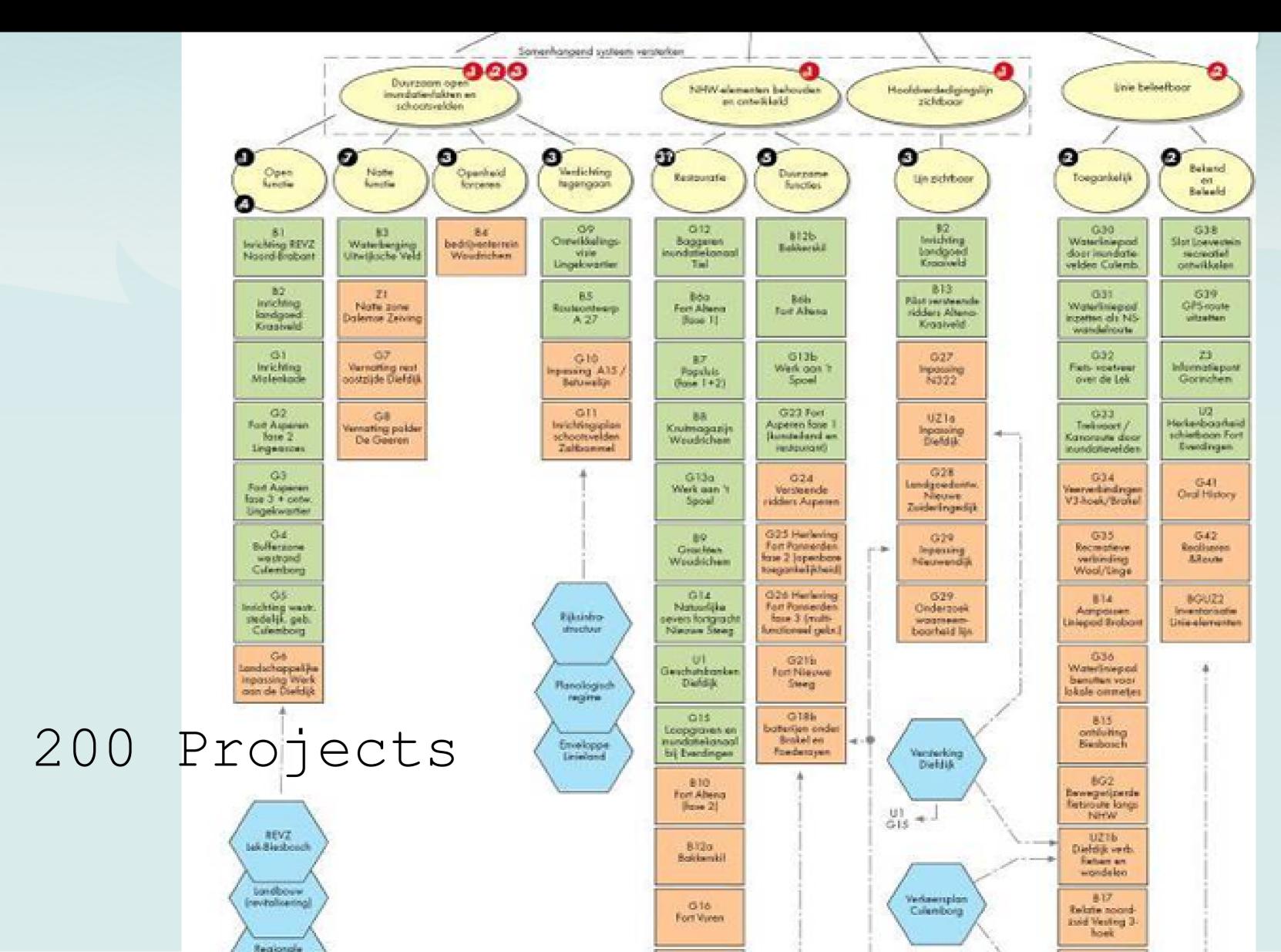
Linieperspectief `Panorama Krayenhoff` (2000-2004)

Nieuwe Hollandse Waterlinie Panorama Krayenhoff Linieperspectief



HOLLANDSE WATERLINIE NATIONAAL PROJECT

2004-2020: Implementation: 200 projects

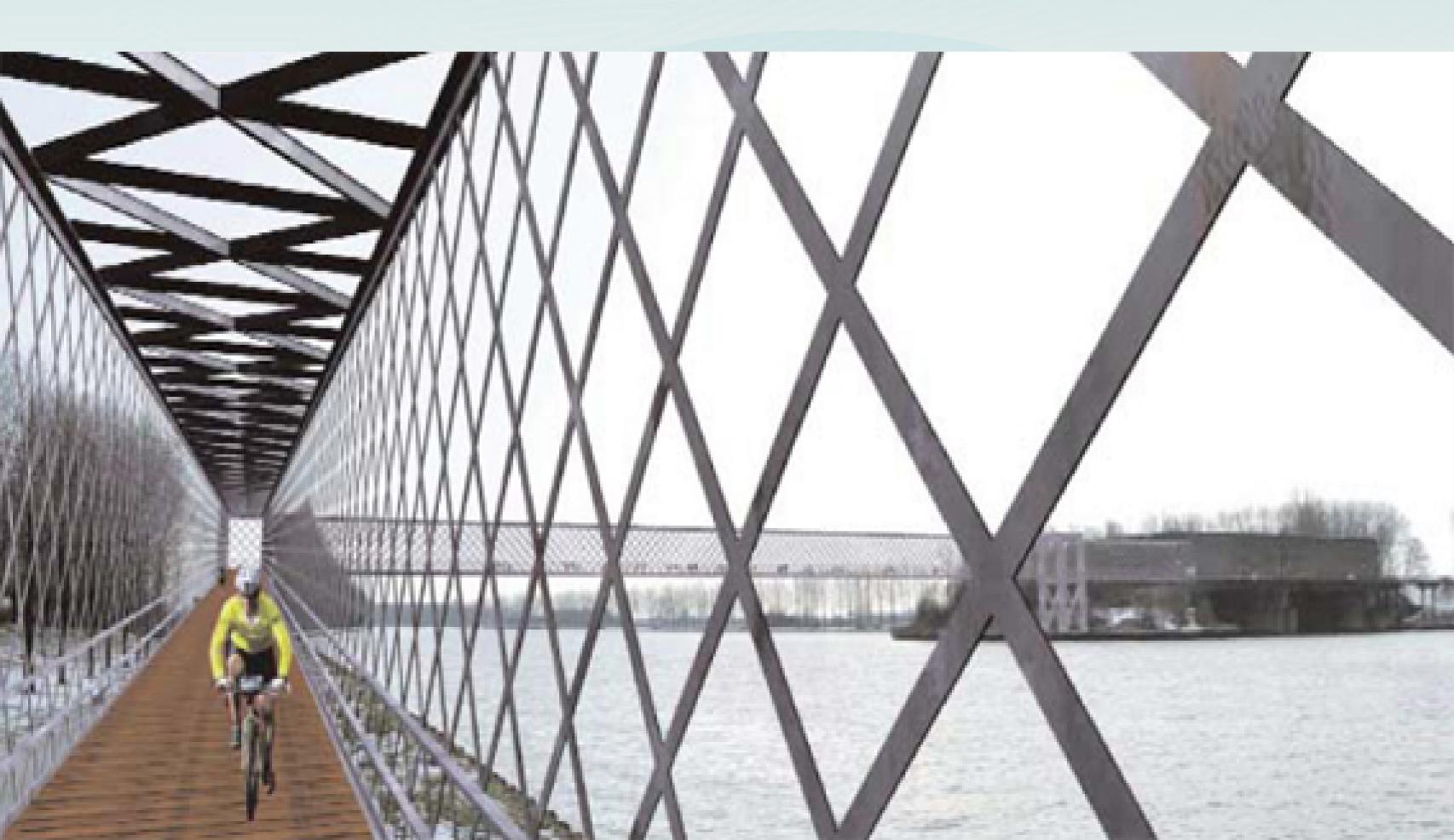


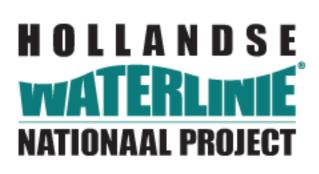
Restoration projects





Infrastructure





Recreational projects



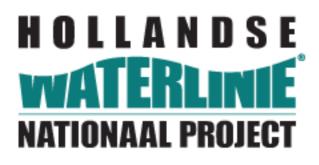
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Examples of reuse

Education and musea







Fort De Bilt









HOLLANDSE

Nature and recreation













Living and working







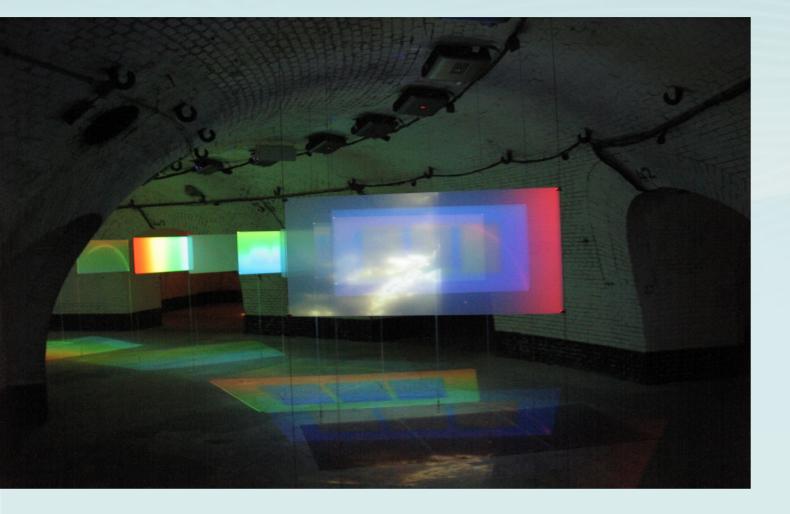
HOLLANDSE WATERLINIE NATIONAAL PROJECT





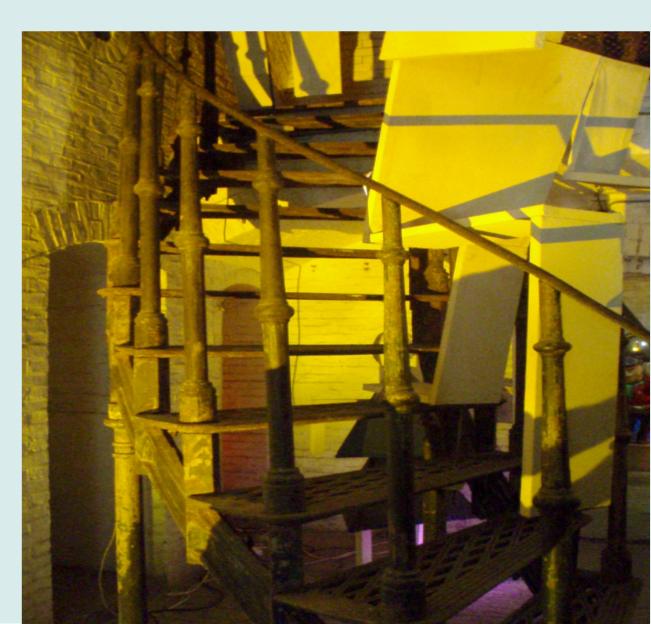


Culture and art











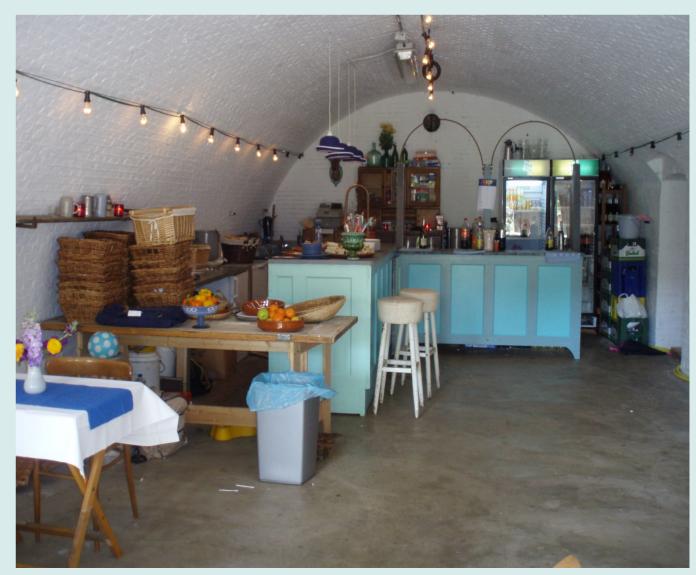


(Wedding) party and conferences



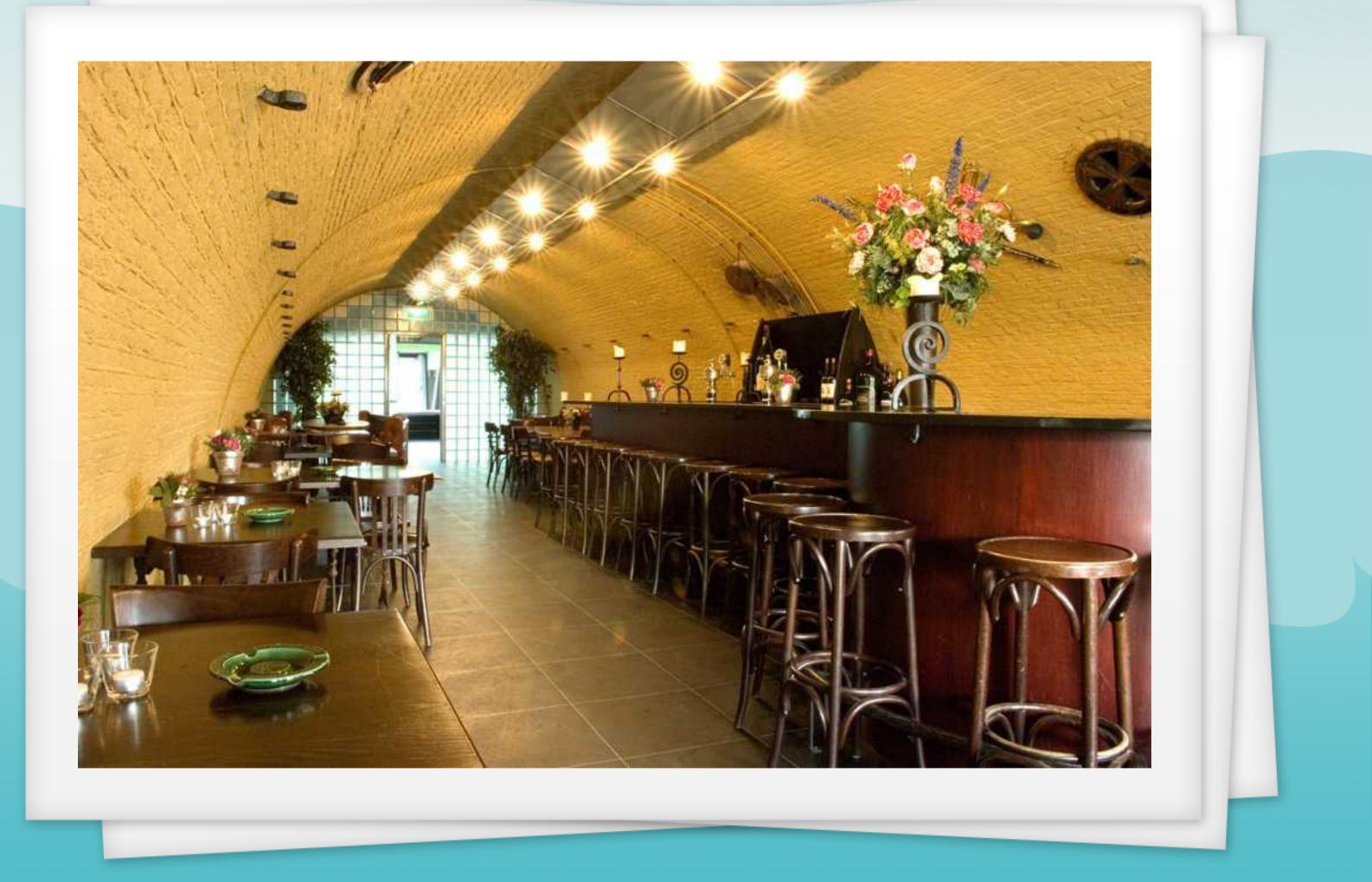






HOLLANDSE WATERLINIE NATIONAAL PROJECT







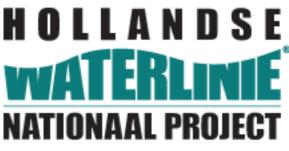
Fort Voordorp





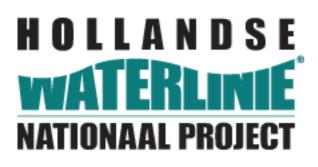












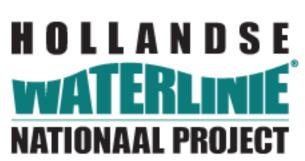
Network for entrepeneurs

- Starting making network in 2008
- Direct and indirect entrepeneurs
- 200 entrepeneurs in the network
- Ist april starting foundation for entrepeneurs
- Result is that they are developing new products....



Education





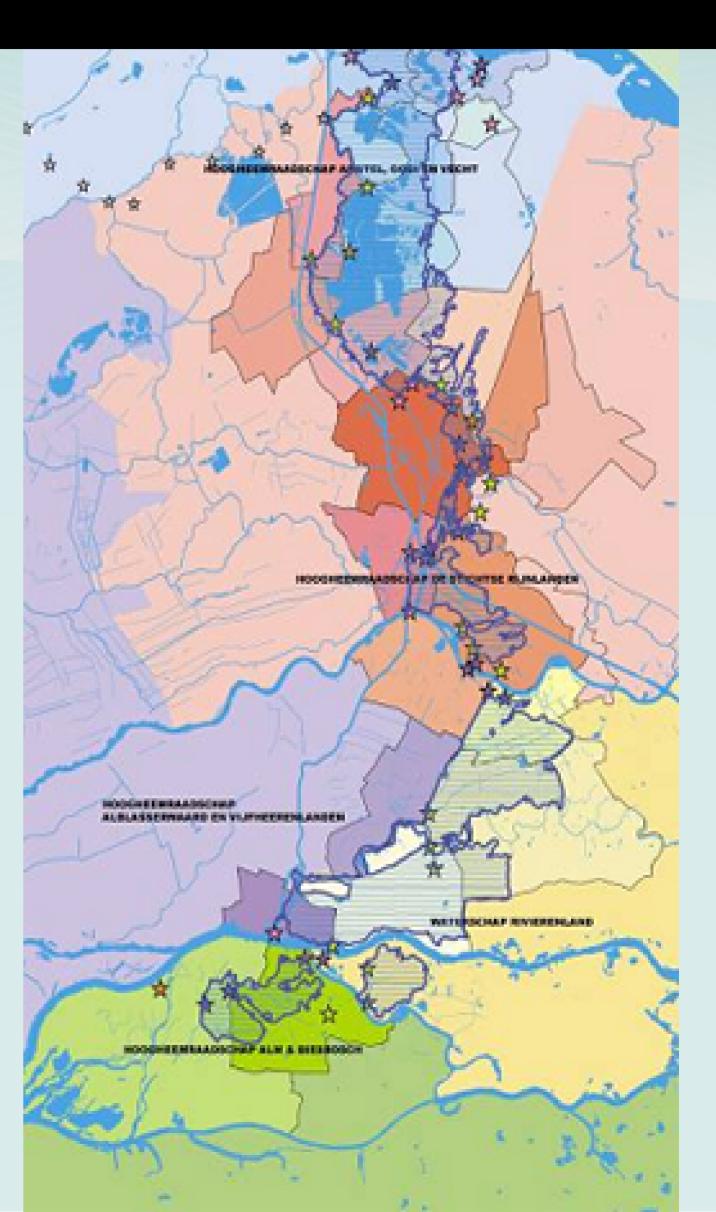


Implementing spatial policy

Since 13-2-2014: Joint protection of the New Dutch Waterline in the future

- 'Treaty of Loevestein'
- 4 provinces
- 11 municipalities

Uniformity in rules (before 1 - 1 - 17)





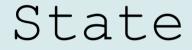
Treaty of Loevestein

- Planning instrument to protect the unique qualities
- Development should be possible
- Strict where necessary, flexible where possible
- Clear to citizens
- 6 uniform zoning plans

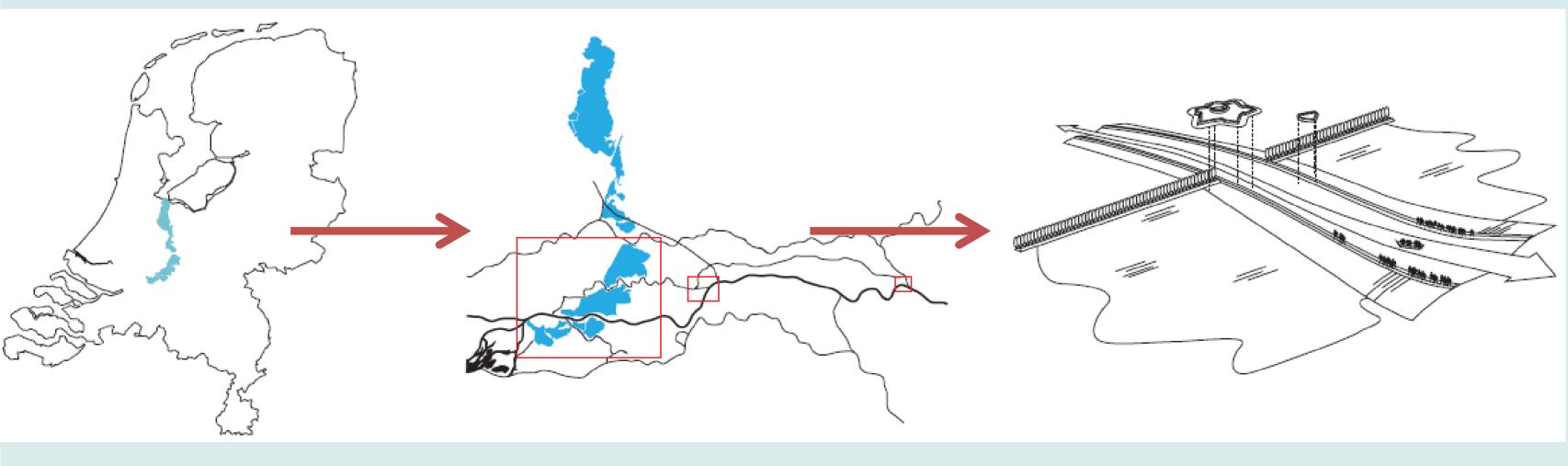


Preservation & development: how

Spatial policy of various government layers



Provinces





Municipalities

Concrete at local level (inundation fields)

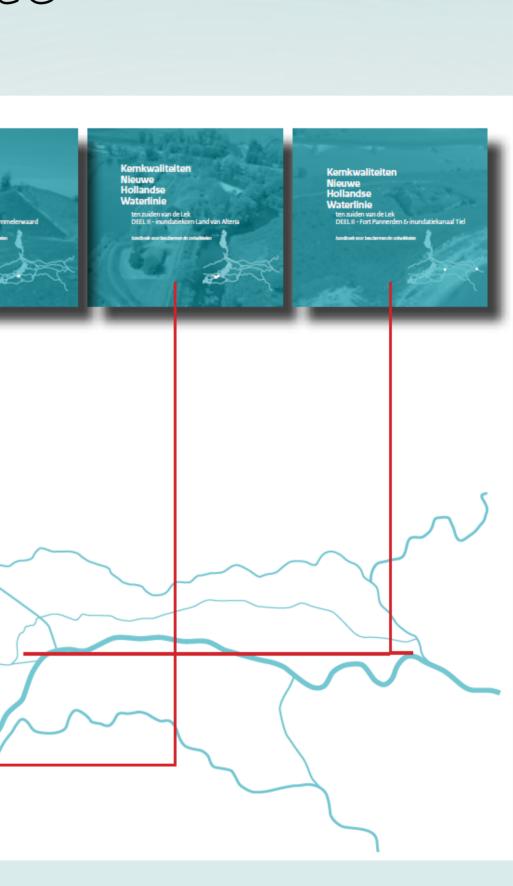
Core qualities are made concrete

Kernkwaliteiten Nieuwe Hollandse Waterlinie

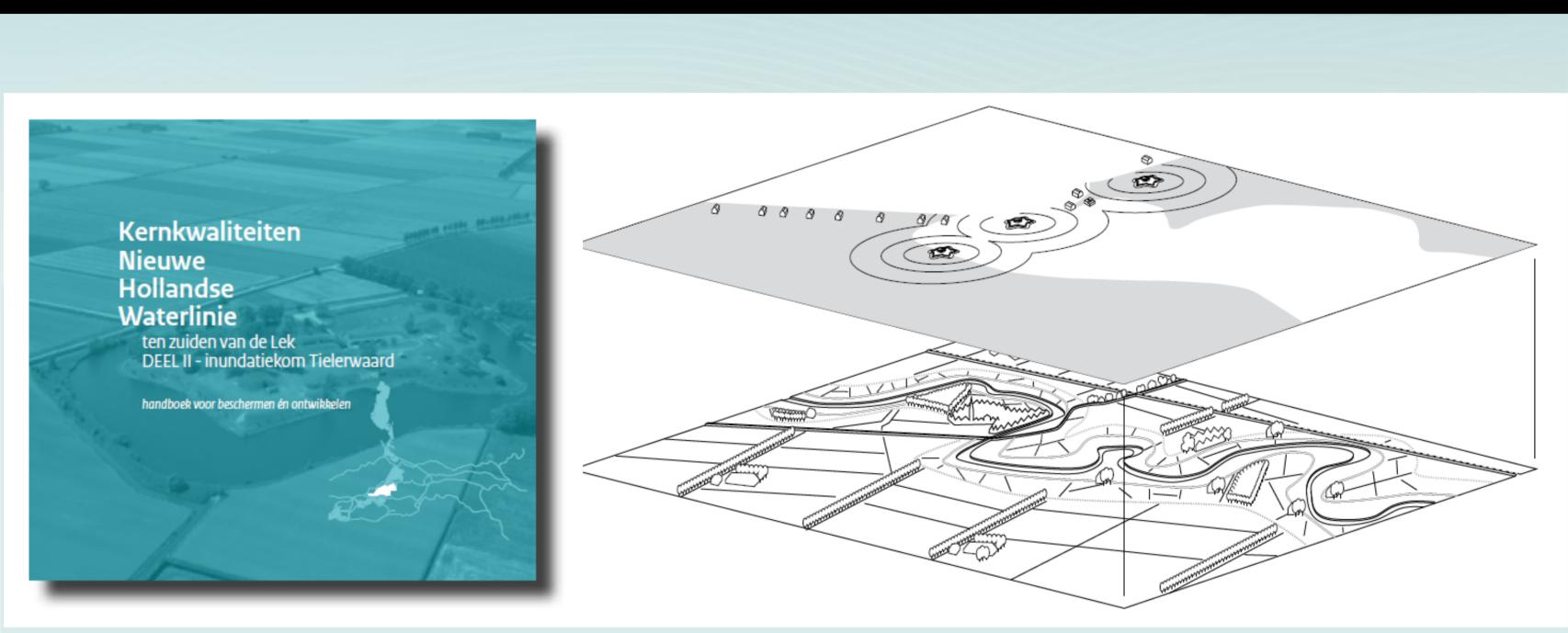
ten zuiden van de Lek DEEL I - Nationaal Landschap

handboek voor beschermen én ontwikkelen

HOLLANDSE ion fields)



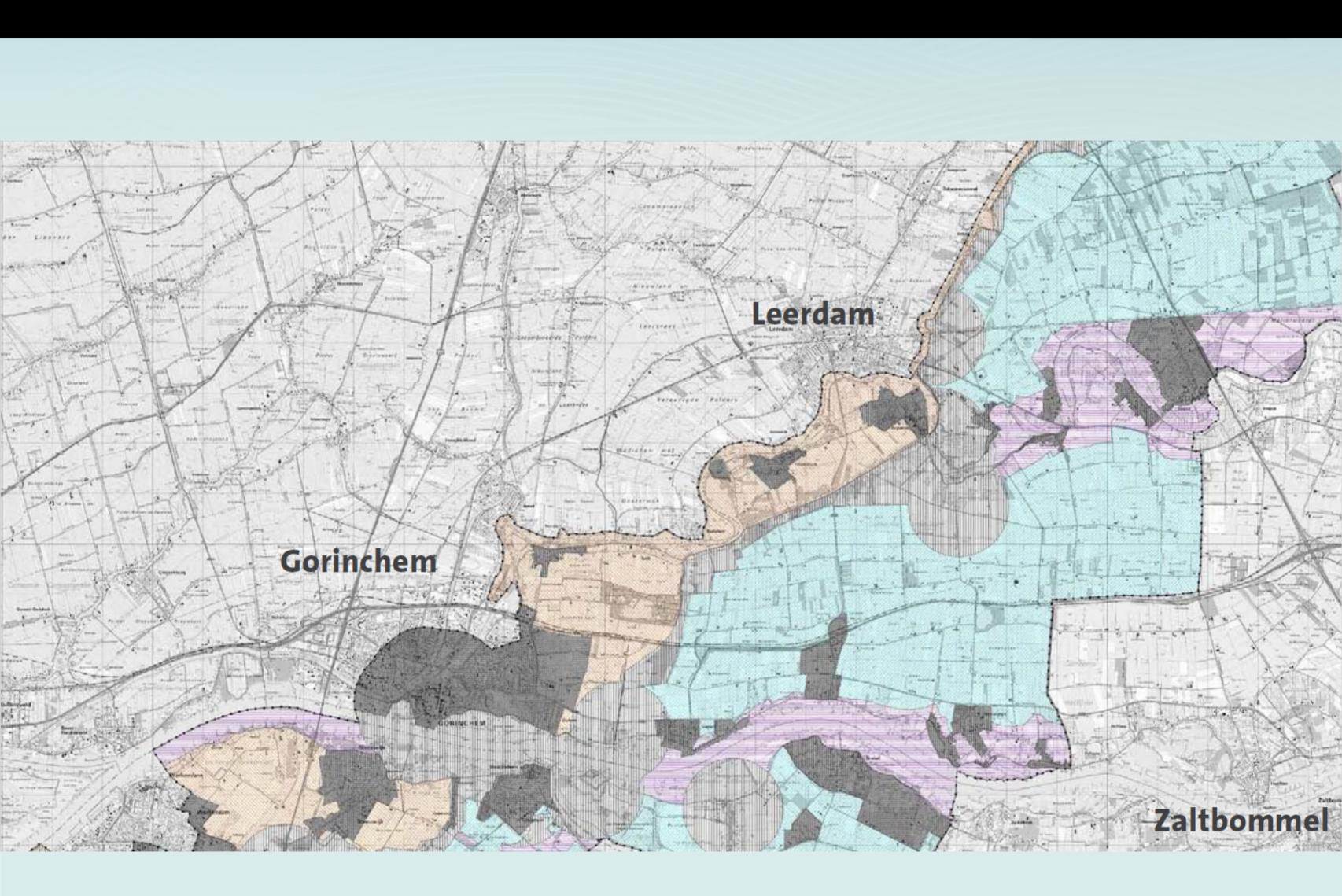
Past, present and future



> Image and description of ensembles > Core qualities: historic and unambiguous > Development perspective > Design guidelines

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Rules and zoning



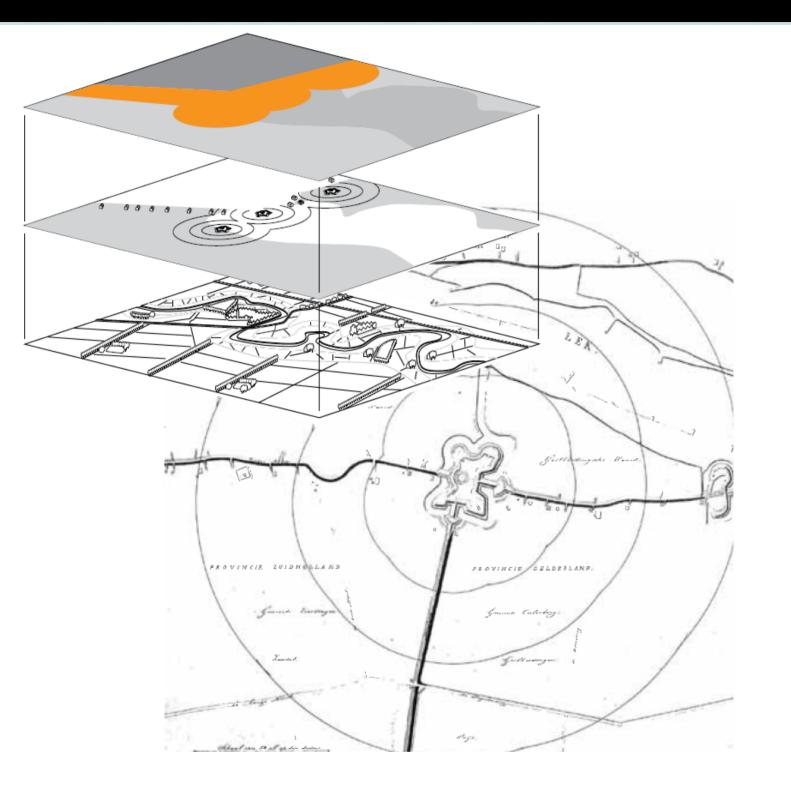
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Rules and zoning

- 6 uniform zoning plans (since dec. 2015)
- Zoning regulates customization of initiatives
- Careful handling of core values
- Review at the local level -> scaling up of 'heavier' interventions (provinces / national quality team)



Example





context

condensing



> contemporary economically sustainable

> focus on quality

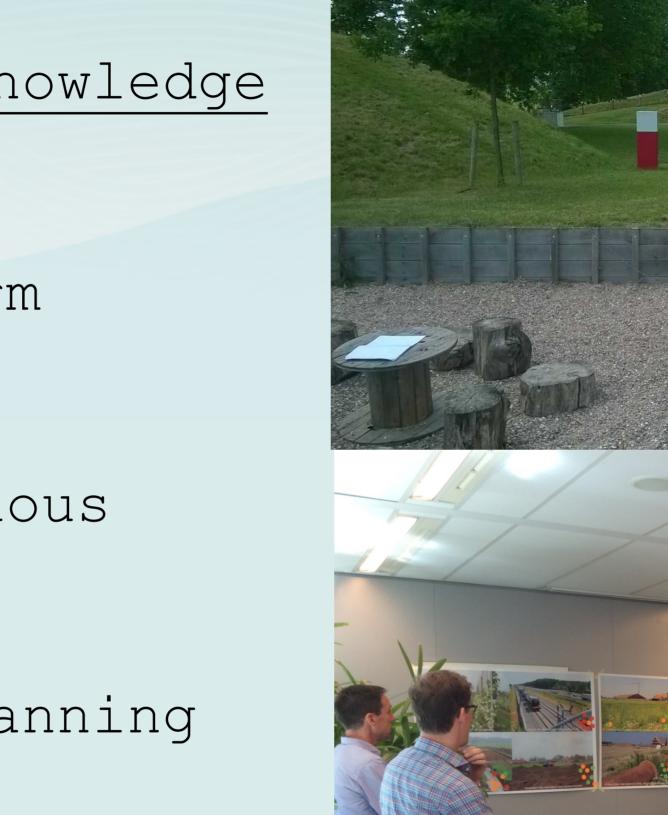
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> respect values, ensembles,

> strict policy with regard to

In practice



Sharing of knowledge

uniform

&

unambiguous

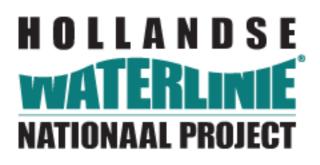
spatial planning

HOLLANDSE



Results until now

- 500.000 visitors a year
- 5 million euro revenue a year
- Landscape with high quality: good for investment climate !!
- Fortification systems are economy !!



Future

Nomination Unesco World Heritage (2019)





You are welcome to visit the New Dutch Waterline !!!

