

Project Cybercrime@EAP II

Արևելյան Գործընկերություն Східне партнерство Eastern Partnership აღმოსავლეთ პარტნიორობა Parteneriatul Estic Şərq tərəfdaşlığı Partenariat Oriental Усходняе Партнёрства

**Programmatic Cooperation Framework** 

# **Cybercrime@EAPII Project**

C-PROC Council of Europe

Programmatic Cooperation Framework for Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Republic of Moldova, Ukraine and Belarus

Funded by the European Union and the Council of Europe



COUNCIL OF EUROPE

Implemented by the Council of Europe

EUROPEAN UNION CONSEIL DE L'EUROPE

www.coe.int/cybercrime



Project title:	Cybercrime@EAP II (PMM number 3271)
Project area:	Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Republic of Moldova, Ukraine
Duration:	30 months (1 May 2015 – 30 October 2017)
Budget:	EURO 800,000
Funding:	European Union and Council of Europe Programmatic Cooperation Framework for Eastern Partnership countries
Implementation:	Cybercrime Programme Office (C-PROC) of the Council of Europe



# Cybercrime@EAP II

Objective	To enable efficient regional and international co- operation on cybercrime and electronic evidence.
Outcome indicators	<ul> <li>The number of mutual legal assistance requests on cybercrime and electronic evidence sent/received will have increased in the six countries by month 30.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The number of requests sent/received by 24/7 points of contact will have increased in the six countries by month 30.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Draft amendments to procedures and rules on mutual legal assistance on cybercrime and electronic evidence are available by month 24 in the six countries.</li> </ul>



Expected result 1	The authorities responsible for mutual legal assistance in the six EAP countries will have better skills and tools (manual, online resources) for international co-operation on cybercrime and electronic evidence.
Expected result 2	The role of 24/7 points of contact will have been strengthened in the six EaP countries.
Expected result 3	Recommendations for amendments to procedures and rules on mutual legal assistance on cybercrime and electronic evidence are available for the six EaP countries.

PROJECT ACTIVITIES (May – December 2015)

- EAPII Planning Meeting (19 June, 2015 Strasbourg, France).
- First Meeting on Improving International Cooperation on Cybercrime in the Eastern Partnership Region and Launching of the CyberCrime@EAP II Project (9-11 September, 2015 – Bucharest, Romania)
- Participation of the EAP 24/7 Representatives at the Europol-INTERPOL Conference (29 September 2 October, 2015 The Hague, Netherlands).
- Belarus Law Reform Workshop (11-12 November, 2015 Minsk, Belarus).
- Moldova Cybersecurity Assessment (October 2015)
- Participation in the Hearing of the Law Enforcement Group on CLOUD Evidence on November 30, 2015; the Cybercrime Convention Committee (T-CY) Plenary Meeting on December 1-2, 2015; and the EAP Steering Committee on December 3, 2015 in Strasbourg, France.



- Initial workplan agreed:
  - Meeting 1: Bucharest 9-11 September 2015 completed;
  - Meeting 2: Tbilisi 14-16, December 2015 planned;
  - Meeting 3: Kiev (TBC), March 2016 planned;
  - April 2016 October 2017: support to implementation of recommendations
- 6 x 2 working groups on MLA and on 24/7 contact points established;
- Detailed replies to a questionnaire on international cooperation received, analysed and initial report produced;
- Partners mobilised: Estonia, France, Germany, Romania, Portugal, USA, European Cybercrime Centre/EUROPOL, EUROJUST; some advice and documents already committed or received;
- Recommendations developed and proposed by country teams.



# **Objectives of the meeting were:**

- 1. To analyse the procedures and institutional capacities
  - for Mutual legal assistance on cybercrime and electronic evidence
  - of 24/7 points of contact for cybercrime and electronic evidence
  - ► Good practices, weaknesses, problems, possible solutions?
- 2. To prepare preliminary recommendations



### Workshop sessions (background doc: replies to questionnaire):

Workshop 1: MLA	Workshop 2: 24/7
<ul> <li>Competent authorities for MLA on cybercrime and e-evidence: set up and responsibilities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>24/7 points of contact: set up and responsibilities</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Types of request and offences</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Types of request and offences</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>MLA: End-to-end procedures (case studies)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>24/7 CP: End-to-end procedures (case studies)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>End-to-end procedures: Problems encountered and lessons learnt</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Procedures for obtaining subscriber information</li> <li>End-to-end procedures: problems encountered and lessons learnt</li> </ul>



## **Recommendations and conclusions:**

#### Legal requirements:

- Review of substantive and procedural law for uniformity of definitions and concepts,
- Regulations for 24/7 setup and responsibilities,
- Specific provisions on obtaining subscriber information (per Article 18.1.b of the Convention on Cybercrime),
- Potential obstacles to expedited processing of MLA requests;
- Public availability of best practice guides or handbooks on the subject.

#### Communications:

- Standard multi-language templates and forms for 24/7 and MLA;
- Dedicated online resource for international cooperation in cybercrime cases/electronic evidence;
- Sharing information / follow-up of incoming/outgoing cases between 24/7 and MLA authorities;
- Training of criminal justice personnel and international cooperation officers.

## **Recommendations and conclusions:**

#### <u>Management:</u>

- Guidelines for 24/7 points of contact based on best practices and experience;
- Encourage LEA/ISP cooperation through e.g. agreements;
- Efficient use of human resources and communications focusing on admissible evidence;
- Agreements on direct access to communications providers and banking institutions in other states;
- Urgency/priority processing for MLA requests based on formally agreed criteria and law;
- Better integration of MLA data into criminal case management systems to ensure efficient follow-up;

#### **Quality of MLA requests:**

- Joint capacity building for criminal justice professionals and international cooperation officers;
- Standard templates and/or handbooks to set an acceptable standard for MLA requests;
- Direct judicial cooperation: centralized reporting, periodic follow-up, and consultations for ensuring quality.



- Second Meeting on Improving International Cooperation on Cybercrime in the Eastern Partnership Region (14-16 December, 2015 – Tbilisi, Georgia), which will focus on development of standard templates for data preservation and subscriber data requests;
- Third Meeting on Improving International Cooperation on Cybercrime in the Eastern Partnership Region (March, 2016 – Kiev, Ukraine), also focusing on the work-plan for implementing recommendations;
- Detailed analysis of the rules and procedures for mutual legal assistance on cybercrime and electronic evidence (January – June 2016);
- Further in-country workshops to address the recommendations prepared, including amendments to respective rules and procedures (January 2016 July 2017);
- Continued support for participation in Octopus/T-CY sessions (June 2016 June 2017);
- Production and publication of standard templates and online resource for international cooperation (March 2016 – October 2017).

COUNCIL OF EUROPE

Implemented by the Council of Europe



Funded

by the European Union

and the Council of Europe

CONSEIL DE L'EUROP



EUROPEAN UNION

# Thank you for your attention

#### **Contacts @C-PROC team:**

Alexander.Seger@coe.int Giorgi.Jokhadze@coe.int Zlatka.Mitreva@coe.int Liliana.Trofim@coe.int