

Strasbourg, 20 October 2015

CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF EUROPEAN WILDLIFE
AND NATURAL HABITATS

Standing Committee

35th meeting
Strasbourg, 1-4 December 2015

BIENNIAL REPORT (2011-2012)

- SPAIN -

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SECRETARÍA DE ESTADO
DE MEDIO AMBIENTE

DIRECCIÓN GENERAL DE
CALIDAD Y EVALUACIÓN AMBIENTAL Y
MEDIO NATURAL

SUBDIRECCIÓN GENERAL
DE MEDIO NATURAL

**EXCEPTIONS PERMITTED UNDER ARTICLE 9 OF
THE CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF EUROPEAN WILDLIFE
AND NATURAL HABITATS**

SPAIN (2011-2012)

**1. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING STRICTLY PROTECTED FLORA SPECIES
(ART. 5 - APPENDIX I)**

Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ¹	Impact on population
ANDALUCÍA				
2011				
<i>Androcymbium europeum</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Arenaria nevadensis</i>	1 (7)*		IV	Nil
<i>Artemisia granatensis</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Astragalus tremolsianus</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Atropa baetica</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Centaurea gadorensis</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Coronopus navasii</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Crepis granatensis</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Culcita macrocarpa</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Diplotaxis siettiana</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Erigeron frigidus</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Erodium astragaloides</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Erodium rupicola</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Euphorbia transtagana</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Hymenostemma pseudanthemis</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Jurinea fontqueri</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Leontodon boryi</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Linaria tursica</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Lithodora nitida</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Micropyropsis tuberosa</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Moehringia fontqueri</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Narcissus bulbocodium</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Narcissus</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil

¹ i.: protection of flora /fauna

ii.: prevention of serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property

iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)

iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

<i>calcicola</i>				
<i>Narcissus fernandesii</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Narcissus longispatus</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Narcissus nevadensis</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Narcissus triandrus</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Odontites granatensis</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Pinguicula nevadensis</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Rosmarinus tomentosus</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Santolina elegans</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Senecio elodes</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Spiranthes aestivalis</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Teucrium charidemi</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Trichomanes speciosum</i>	1 (7)*	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Centaurea citricolor</i>	1	Seeds	IV	Compliance with Environmental Impact Statement (Declaración de Impacto Ambiental, DIA)
<i>Culcita macrocarpa</i>	1	Spores	IV	Nil
<i>Santolina elegans</i>	1	Seeds	IV	Nil
<i>Lithodora nitida</i>	1	Seeds	IV	Nil
ARAGÓN				
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ²	Impact on population
<i>Centaurea pinnata</i> ; Familia <i>Caryophyllacea</i> in Ordesa National Park and Monte Perdido; Genero <i>Androsace</i> in		9	IV	Insignificant

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iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)

iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

<i>Ordesa National Park and Monte Perdido;</i> <i>Every woody plant species in Posets Maladeta National Park;</i> <i>Every Woody plant species in Ordesa nacional Park and Monte Perdido</i> <i>Every species in Aragón (generic license)</i>				
BALEARES				
2011				
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ³	Impact on population
(1) <i>Viola jaubertiana</i>		6	IV	Assumable
(1) <i>Peonia cambessedesii</i>		6	IV	Assumable
(2) <i>Naufraga balearica</i>		1	IV	Assumable
2012				
(1) <i>Viola jaubertiana</i>		9	IV	Assumable
(3) <i>Euphorbia margalidiana</i>		5	IV	Assumable
(4) <i>Posidonia oceanica</i>		2	V	Nil
(1) <i>Peonia cambessedesii</i>		3	IV	Assumable
(2) <i>Naufraga balearica</i>		4	IV	Assumable
(5) <i>Dianthus rupicola</i>		3	IV	Assumable
(1) <i>Genista dorycnifolia</i>		2	IV	Assumable
(6) <i>Silene hifaciensis</i>		2	IV	Assumable
CANARIAS				
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ⁴	Impact on population

³ i.: protection of flora /fauna

ii.: prevention of serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property

iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)

iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

⁴ i.: protection of flora /fauna

	(when practical)			
<i>Culcita macrocarpa</i> (Helecho colchonero)	Collect 3-4 leaves per specimen	1	IV	Small
<i>Diplazium caudatum</i> (Helecho de monte)	Collect 3-4 leaves per specimen	1	IV	Small
<i>Echium pinninana</i> (Pininana)	Collect 3-4 leaves per specimen	2	- Scientific research in the determination of your family tree including information on ecological and paleontological evolution. - Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardín Canario Viera y Clavijo	Small
<i>Adenocarpus ombriosus</i> (Codeso herreño)	-	2	-Study monitoring, cartographic representation, conservation status diagnosis. - Collect of seeds and cuttings.	Nil
<i>Argyranthemum wintéri</i> (Margarita de Jandía)	-	3	-Study monitoring, cartographic representation, conservation status diagnosis. -Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardín Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Atractylis arbuscula</i> (Piñamar mayor)	-	4	- Study monitoring, cartographic representation,	Nil

- ii.: prevention of serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property
iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)
iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding
v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

			conservation status diagnosis. - Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardín Canario Viera y Clavijo	
<i>Bencomia brachystachya</i> (Bencomia de Tirajana)	-	3	-Study monitoring, cartographic representation, conservation status diagnosis. -Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardín Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Convolvulus lopezsocasi</i> (Corregüelón de Famara)	-	1	Study monitoring, cartographic representation, conservation status diagnosis.	Nil
<i>Dorycnium spectabile</i> (Trébol de risco rosado)	-	3	Study monitoring, cartographic representation, conservation status diagnosis. - Collect of seeds and cuttings. Herborization.	Nil
<i>Echium handiense</i> (Tajinaste de Jandía)	-	3	-Study monitoring, cartographic representation, conservation status diagnosis. -Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardín Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Kunkeliella subsucculenta</i> (Malvarrisco rosada de El Hierro)	-	2	-Study monitoring, cartographic representation, conservation status diagnosis. -Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardín Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Onopordon</i>	-	4	-Study	Nil

<i>carduelium</i> (Cardo de Tenteniguada)			monitoring, cartographic representation, conservation status diagnosis -Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	
<i>Pericallis hadrosoma</i> (Flor de mayo leñosa)	-	1	Study monitoring, cartographic representation, conservation status diagnosis.	Nil
<i>Teline salsoloides</i> (Retamón del Fraile)	-	1	Study monitoring, cartographic representation, conservation status diagnosis.	Nil
<i>Himantoglossu m metlesicsianum</i> = <i>Barlia metlesisiana</i> (Orquídea de Tenerife)	100	1	Reintroduction into the wild of specimens from laboratory germination.	Nil
<i>Anagyris latifolia</i>	- Collect seed and herbarium specimen. - 46 specimens	4	- Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo - Exchange specimens with official bodies.	Nil
<i>Argyranthemum lidii</i> (Magarza de Lid)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	2	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Atractylis preauxiana</i> (Piñamar)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	2	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Cheirolophus falcisectus</i> (Cabezón de Güí-güí)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	1	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Globularia ascanii</i> (Mosquera de	Collect seed and herbarium	2	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for	Nil

Tamadaba)	specimens		Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	
<i>Globularia sarcophylla</i> (Mosquera de Tirajana)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	4	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Helianthemum bystropophyllum</i> (Jarilla peluda)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	2	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Isoplexis chalcantha</i> (Crestagallo de Doramas)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	2	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Isoplexis isabelliana</i> (Crestagallo de pinar)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	2	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Sideritis discolor</i> (Salviablanca de Doramas)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	2	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Solanum lidii</i> (Pimentero de Temisas)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	2	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Teline nervosa</i> (Gildana peluda)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	1	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Convolvulus caput-medusae</i> (Chaparro canario)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	2	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Crambe scoparia</i> (Colderrisco de La Aldea)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	1	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Micromeria leucantha</i> (Tomillón blanco)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	1	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Cheirolophus santos-abreui</i> (Cabezón de Las	Collect seed and herbarium	1	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for	Nil

Nieves)	specimens		Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	
<i>Genista benehoavensis</i> (Retamón palmero)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	1	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Echium gentianoides</i> (Tajinaste palmero de cumbre)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	2	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Ferula latipinna</i> (Cañaheja herreña)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	2	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Blupearum handiense</i> (Anís de Jandía)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	2	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Caralluma burchardii</i> (Cuernúa)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	2	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Euphorbiae handiense</i> (Cardón de Jandía)	Collect seed and herbarium specimens	2	Collect seed and herbarium specimens for Jardin Canario Viera y Clavijo	Nil
<i>Sambucus palmensis</i> (Saúco canario)	-	1	Collect of seeds and cuttings.	Nil
<i>Limonium dendroides</i> (Siempreviva gigante)	-	2	Collect of seeds and cuttings.	Nil
<i>Limonium arborescens</i> (Siempreviva arbórea)	-	2	Collect of seeds and cuttings.	Nil
<i>Limonium fruticans</i> (Siempreviva de El Fraile)	-	1	Collect of seeds and cuttings.	Nil
<i>Limonium perezii</i> (Siempreviva de Masca)	-	1	Collect of seeds and cuttings.	Nil
<i>Limonium reauxii</i> (Siempreviva lunaria)	-	1	Collect of seeds and cuttings.	Nil

<i>Limonium spectabile</i> (Siempreviva de Guelgue)	-	2	Collect of seeds and cuttings.	Nil
<i>Lotus eremiticus</i> (Pico cernícalo)	-	1	Sampling	Nil
<i>Lotus pyranthus</i> (Pico de fuego)	-	1	Sampling	Nil
<i>Limonium sventenii</i> (Siempreviva azul)	-	1	Sampling	Nil
<i>Salvia herbanica</i> (Conservilla majorera)	-	1	Sampling	Nil
<i>Lotus maculatus</i> (Pico de El Sauzal)	-	1	Sampling	Nil
<i>Lotus callisviridis</i>	-	1	Sampling	Nil
CATALUÑA				
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ⁵	Impact on population
<i>Atropa baetica</i>	30	4	IV	
GALICIA				
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ⁶	Impact on population
<i>Omphalodes littoralis</i>	515 (max)	2	IV	Limited License for the collection of seeds and fruits

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⁶ i.: protection of flora /fauna

ii.: prevention of serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property

iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)

iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

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Where appropriate, please add a text providing information on:

<p>Information on the conservation status of the derogated species</p>	<p>BALEARES- (1,6) Listed as Special Protection (2) Listed as Endangered (3,5) Listed as Vulnerable</p> <p>GALICIA- <i>Omphalodes littoralis</i> subsp. <i>gallaecica</i>: Endangered.</p>
<p>The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled</p>	<p>BALEARES- Conselleria de Agricultura, Medio Natural y Territorio</p> <p>CANARIAS- Gobierno de Canarias.</p> <p>CATALUÑA- Servei de Biodiversitat i Protecció dels Animals, Subdirecció de Biodiversitat, Direcció General de Medi Natural i Biodiversitat. Departament d'Agricultura, Ramaderia, Pesca, Alimentació i Medi Natural.</p> <p>GALICIA- Dirección Xeral de Conservación de la Naturaleza. Consellería de Medio Ambiente Territorio e Infraestructuras. Xunta de Galicia.</p>
<p>Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exception where granted</p>	<p>ARAGÓN- The period in which the sampling or seed collection varies prospecting areas and authorized species is warranted. Anyway licenses do not exceed a period of one year. Scope of authorization: Aragon National Park of Ordesa and Monte Perdido Natural Park Poests-Maladeta <i>Centaurea pinnata</i> (Township of Sediles)</p> <p>CANARIAS- In the collections of seeds only a percentage not exceeding 15% of the produced is authorized. The collection of leaves for herborization limited to one or two pages per sheet.</p> <p>CATALUÑA- Licenses annually. Seed collection of about 30 copies for ex situ conservation actions</p> <p>GALICIA- Periods and places in are described in the licenses.</p>
<p>The controls involved</p>	<p>ARAGÓN- Licenses can be monitored by agents of Nature Protection and other law enforcement and technical environment of the Gobierno de Aragón, especially in protected natural areas. They should submit a report after the completion of approved activities Instituto Aragonés de Gestión Ambiental.</p> <p>CATALUÑA- Nominal licenses in which scientific support is required.</p> <p>GALICIA- Authorized should contact provincial Services Conservation to be accompanied, if appropriate, by agents of the Service. Authorized must submit a report to the captures made</p>
<p>Justification for derogation for a species in an unfavourable conservation status</p>	<p>BALEARES- (2) Pick 2 leaves per plant (3) Collection of fragments specimens (4) Arrival collection of remains on the coast (5,6) Collection plant part <i>Silene hifaciensis</i>, <i>Genista dorycnifolia</i> was collected part from the plant.</p> <p>CANARIAS- Research and divulgation.</p> <p>GALICIA- Action aimed at obtain material for the ex situ cultivation of the species, aimed at promoting recovery.</p>

Alternative solutions considered and scientific data to compare them	
Results of derogations (e.g. Cumulative effects and compensation measures where relevant)	
Comments/notes	<p>ANDALUCÍA 1 (7)* – There is a license for the gardens of the Andalusian Network of Botanic Gardens and Natural Areas in Mycological (Red Andaluza de Jardines Botánicos y Micológico en Espacios Naturales, RAJBEN) from collecting seeds included in the collection plan 2011 and 2012 bound for preservation in the Laboratory of Plant Propagation (Laboratorio de Propagación Vegetal, LPV) Plant Germplasm Bank Andaluz (Banco de Germoplasma Vegetal Andaluz, BGVA) propagation and stocking in Botanic Garden (Jardín Botánico, JB) own or Natural Environment.</p> <p>Seeds-suggest seed collection by personnel of the botanical gardens network for Seed Bank Andaluz and conservation and restoration projects developed by the Ministry itself.</p>

2. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING STRICTLY PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES
(ART. 6 - APPENDIX II)

Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ⁷	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ⁸	Methods of capture	Impact on population
ANDALUCÍA						
2011						
<i>Aphanius iberus</i>		C	1(6)	IV		Nil
<i>Barbastella barbastellus</i>	unknown	C	1(14)	IV	Nets	Nil
<i>Bufo calamita</i>	10	C	4 (2+3 CA+10+23)	IV		Nil
<i>Chamaeleo chamaeleon</i>	30	C	1 (3)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Chamaeleo chamaeleon</i>	unknown	C	1 (26) (HU)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Chamaeleo chamaeleon</i>		C	1 (CA)	I	By hand	Nil

⁷ A: Deliberate killing
 B: Deliberate damage to or destruction of breeding or resting sites
 C: Deliberate capture and keeping
 D: Deliberate disturbance of wild fauna
 E: Deliberate destruction or taking of eggs
 F: Possession and internal trade

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 iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding
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<i>Discoglossus galganoi</i>	unknown	C	2 (10+23)	IV	By hand or aquatic sleeve	Nil
<i>Discoglossus jeanneae</i>	unknown	C	1 (3.CA)	IV		Nil
<i>Felis silvestris</i>	unknown	C	1(CO)	II	Cage-trap	Nil
<i>Hyla arborea</i>	50	C	1(2)	IV	By hand or aquatic sleeve	Nil
<i>Hyla meridionalis</i>	50	C	7.(2+3 CA+7+8 +10+23)	IV	By hand or aquatic sleeve	Nil
<i>Lynx pardinus</i>	unknown	C	18	IV	Cage-trap	Nil
<i>Miniopterus schreibersi</i>	unknown	C	1(1)	IV	Nets, harp traps	Nil
<i>Myotis bechsteini</i>	unknown	C	1(14)	IV	Nets	Nil
<i>Myotis blythii</i>	unknown	C	1(1)	IV	Nets, harp traps	Nil
<i>Myotis capaccini</i>	unknown	C	1(1)	IV	Nets, harp traps	Nil
<i>Myotis emarginata</i>	unknown	C	1(1)	IV	Nets, harp traps	Nil
<i>Myotis escaleraei</i>	unknown	C	1(1)	IV	Nets, harp traps	Nil
<i>Myotis myotis</i>	unknown	C	1(1)	IV	Nets, harp traps	Nil
<i>Nyctalus lasiopterus</i>	unknown	C	1(14)	IV	Nets	Nil
<i>Nyctalus leisleri</i>	unknown	C	1(14)	IV	Nets	Nil
<i>Oxygastra curtisii</i>	unknown	C	1(21)	IV	Nets	Nil
<i>Pelobates cultripes</i>	50	C	6. (2+(3CA)+7+10+ 23+3)	IV	By hand or aquatic sleeve	Nil
<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	unknown	B	1(CO)	III	Entrance seal colony	Nil
<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	unknown	B	1(MA)	III		Nil
<i>Podarcis carbonelli</i>	unknown	C	1(5)	IV	snare	Nil
<i>Podarcis hispanica</i>	unknown	C	1(5)	IV	snare	Nil
<i>Podarcis vaucheri</i>	unknown	C	1(5)	IV	snare	Nil
<i>Rhinolophus euryale</i>	unknown	C	1(1)	IV	Nets, harp trap	Nil
<i>Rhinolophus ferrumequium</i>	unknown	C	1(1)	IV	Nets, harp traps	Nil
<i>Rhinolophus</i>	unknown	C	1(1)	IV	Nets, harp	Nil

<i>hipposideros</i>					traps	
<i>Testudo graeca</i>	40	C	3((3Doñana Natural Area) + (4AL)+(7AL)	IV	By hand	Nil
2012						
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ⁹	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ¹⁰	Methods of capture	Impact on population
<i>Algyroides marchi</i>	unknown	C	1(7)	IV	Snare and by hand	Nil
<i>Alytes cisternasii</i>	unknown	C	2 (8+8 (Doñana Natural Area))	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Aphanius iberus</i>	unknown	C	2 (21+4)	IV		Nil
<i>Astroydes calycularis</i>	150 colonies	C	1(5)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Bufo calamita</i>	unknown	C	3 (13+11+2)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Chamaeleo chamaeleon</i>	unknown	C	1(15)(H U)	IV		Nil
<i>Chamaeleo chamaeleon</i>	unknown	C	1(CA)	I	By hand	Nil
<i>Dendropomma petraeum</i>	unknown	C	1 (5)	IV		Nil
<i>Discoglossus galganoi</i>	unknown	C	1 (13)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Discoglossus jeanneae</i>	unknown	C	1 (8)	IV		Nil
<i>Eptesicus isabellinus</i>	120	C	1 (8)	IV	Nets	Nil
<i>Hyla arborea</i>	unknown	C	1 (8)	IV		Nil
<i>Hyla meridionalis</i>	unknown	C	1 (13)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Lynx pardinus</i>	unknown	C	1	IV		Nil
<i>Nyctalus lasiopterus</i>	120	C	1(8)	IV	Nets	Nil

⁹ A: Deliberate killing
 B: Deliberate damage to or destruction of breeding or resting sites
 C: Deliberate capture and keeping
 D: Deliberate disturbance of wild fauna
 E: Deliberate destruction or taking of eggs
 F: Possession and internal trade

¹⁰ i.: protection of flora /fauna
 ii.: prevention of serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property
 iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)
 iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding
 v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

<i>Patella ferruginea</i>	30 (MA y GR)+ 30	C	2 (3+3)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Pelobates cultripes</i>		C	4 (8+ (8. Doñana Natural Area) +13+4)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	unknown	B	1(MA)	III		Nil
<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	unknown	B	1(CO)	III	Entrance seal colony	Nil
<i>Testudo graeca</i>	unknown	C	1(1)	IV	By hand	Nil
ARAGÓN						
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ¹¹	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ¹²	Impact on population	
(1) Aquatic macro and microinvertebrates		C	8	IV	Insignificant. The specimens that are removed are those required for scientific sampling.	
(2) <i>Emys orbicularis</i> ; <i>Podarcis muralis</i>		C	5	IV	Insignificant. The specimens are released after the data collection.	
(3) <i>Ciconia ciconia</i>		B	103	III (To prevent serious damage to buildings, power lines, telecommunication antennas)	Insignificant. The nests are usually removed or downloaded outside of the breeding season and often rebuild in the same location or in nearby areas during the next breeding season.	
(4) Every birds species		C	46	IV	Insignificant. The specimens are released after being ringing	
(5) <i>Plecotus macrobullaris</i>		C	2	IV	Insignificant. The specimens are released after the data	

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 F: Possession and internal trade

¹² i.: protection of flora /fauna
 ii.: prevention of serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property
 iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)
 iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding
 v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

					collection.
ASTURIAS					
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ¹³	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ¹⁴	Impact on population
<i>Acrocephalus paludicola</i>	24	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Acrocephalus schoenobaenus</i>	277	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>	114	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	17	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Anthus pratensis</i>	28	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Anthus spinoletta</i>	104	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Anthus trivialis</i>	7	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Calidris alpina</i>	1	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Cecropis daurica</i>	2	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>	3	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Cettia cetti</i>	20	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Cinclus cinclus</i>	26	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>	1	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after

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 B: Deliberate damage to or destruction of breeding or resting sites
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 F: Possession and internal trade

¹⁴ i.: protection of flora /fauna
 ii.: prevention of serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property
 iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)
 iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding
 v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

					ringing.
<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	10	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Emberiza cia</i>	2	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Emberiza schoeniclus</i>	152	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>	62	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i>	5	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	93	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Lanius collurio</i>	21	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Locustella luscinioides</i>	1	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Locustella naevia</i>	10	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Lophophanes cristatus</i>	2	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>	4	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Luscinia svecica</i>	50	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Monticola saxatilis</i>	1	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Motacilla alba</i>	9	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>	6	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Motacilla flava</i>	84	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>	36	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.
<i>Parus ater</i>	8	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing.

<i>Parus caeruleus</i>	6	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing
<i>Parus major</i>	29	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing
<i>Parus palustris</i>	2	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing
<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>	79	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing
<i>Phoenicurus phoenicurus</i>	4	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing
<i>Porzana porzana</i>	1	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing
<i>Prunella collaris</i>	6	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing
<i>Prunella modularis</i>	49	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing
<i>Pyrrhonorax glaucus</i>	2	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing
<i>Pyrrhonorax pyrrhonorax</i>	6	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing
<i>Regulus ignicapillus</i>	4	C		IV	Nil. The specimens are released after ringing
BALEARES					
2011					
(1) <i>Testudo hermanni</i>		C, D	7	IV	Assumable
(2) <i>Emys orbicularis</i>		C, D	1	IV	Assumable
(3) <i>Podarcis lilfordi</i>		C, D	5	IV	Assumable
(4) <i>Alytes muletensis</i>		C, D	2	IV	Assumable
(5) <i>Podarcis pityusensis</i>		C, D	9	IV	Assumable
(6) <i>Myotis capaccini</i>		C, D	6	IV	Assumable
(7) <i>Myotis emarginatus</i>		C, D	6	IV	Assumable
(8) <i>Myotis myotis</i>		C, D	6	IV	Assumable
(9) <i>Rhinolophus ferrumequinm</i>		C, D	6	IV	Assumable

(10) <i>Miniopterus schreibersii</i>		C, D	6	IV	Assumable
(11) <i>Rhinolophus hipposideros</i>		C, D	6	IV	Assumable
(12) <i>Myotis escaleraei</i>		C, D	6	IV	Assumable
(13) <i>Myotis daubentoni</i>		C, D	6	IV	Assumable
(14) <i>Bufo viridis</i>		A, D	1	IV	Assumable
2012					
(15) <i>Atelerix algirus</i>		C, D	5	IV	Assumable
(16) <i>Testudo hermanni</i>		C, D	5	IV	Assumable
(17) <i>Emys orbicularis</i>		C, D	5	IV	Assumable
(18) <i>Podarcis lilfordi</i>		C, D	11	IV	Assumable
(19) <i>Podarcis sicula</i>		C, D	2	IV	Assumable
(20) <i>Alytes muletensis</i>		C, D	2	IV	Assumable
(21) <i>Podarcis pityusensis</i>		C, D	15	IV	Assumable
(22) <i>Myotis capaccini</i>		C, D	5	IV	Assumable
(23) <i>Myotis emarginatus</i>		C, D	5	IV	Assumable
(24) <i>Myotis myotis</i>		C, D	5	IV	Assumable
(25) <i>Rhinolophus ferrumequinum</i>		C, D	5	IV	Assumable
(26) <i>Miniopterus schreibersii</i>		C, D	5	IV	Assumable
(27) <i>Myotis escaleraei</i>		C, D	5	IV	Assumable
(28) <i>Myotis daubentoni</i>		C, D	5	IV	Assumable
CANARIAS					
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ¹⁵	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ¹⁶	Impact on population

¹⁵ A: Deliberate killing

B: Deliberate damage to or destruction of breeding or resting sites

C: Deliberate capture and keeping

D: Deliberate disturbance of wild fauna

	(when practical)				
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i> (Tonina)	-	Cetacean watching educational and research purposes	5	- Dolphin Therapy - Divulgation	Small
<i>Delphinus delphis</i> (Delfín común)	-	Cetacean watching educational and research purposes	4	- Dolphin Therapy - Divulgation	Small
<i>Eubalaena glacialis</i> (Ballena franca)	-	Cetacean watching educational and research purposes	4	Divulgation	Nil
<i>Balaenoptera musculus</i> (Rorcual azul)	-	Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images)	3	Divulgation	Nil
<i>Grampus griseus</i> (Calderón gris)	-	Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images)	4	Divulgation	Nil
<i>Globicephala melas</i> (Calderón común)	-	Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images)	3	Divulgation	Nil

E: Deliberate destruction or taking of eggs

F: Possession and internal trade

¹⁶ i.: protection of flora /fauna

ii.: prevention of serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property

iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)

iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

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<i>Megaptera novaengaliae</i> (Yubarta)	-	Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images)	3	Divulgation	Nil
<i>Orcinus orca</i> (Orca)	-	Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images)	3	Divulgation	Nil
<i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i> (Delfín listado)	-	Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images)	4	Divulgation	Nil
<i>Hyperoodon ampullatus</i> (Zifio boreal)	-	Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images)	3	Divulgation	Nil
<i>Pseudorca crassidens</i> (falsa orca)	-	Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images)	3	Divulgation	Nil
<i>Steno bredanensis</i> (Delfín de diente rugoso)	-	Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images)	4	Divulgation	Nil

<i>Ziphius cavisrostris</i> (Zifio de Cuvier)	-	Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images)	3	Divulgation	Nil
<i>Mesoplodon mirus</i> (Zifio de Trae)	-	Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images)	3	Divulgation	Nil
<i>Gallotia symonyii</i> (Lagarto gigante de El Hierro)	-	Scientific-Research (analyzing the role of interspecific competition in the evolution of gigantism) - Filming	2	-Just will be collected for taking biometric data and collecting excrements to determine the diet. - Filming.	Small
<i>Gallotia stehlini</i> (Lagarto de Gran Canaria)	-	Scientific-Research. Marking par census population)	2	- Scientific Marking	Small
<i>Plecotus teneriffae</i> (Orejudo canario)	-	- Research -Divulgation	4	- Take morphometric data and photo-identification. - Filming	Small- Nil
<i>Columba junoniae</i> (Paloma rabiche)	10-75	- Research -Divulgation	5	- Filming - Ringing	-Nil - Small
<i>Columba bolii</i> (Paloma turqué)	10-75	- Research -Divulgation	7	- Filming - Ringing	-Nil - Small
<i>Apus pallidus</i> (Vencejo pálido)	10-50	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Apus unicolor</i> (Vencejo unicolor)	50-70	-Research	4	Ringing	Small
<i>Asio otus</i> (Búho chico)	10-20	-Research	4	Ringing	Small
<i>Bulweria bulwerii</i>	100	-Research	10	Ringing	Small

(Petrel de Bulwer)					
<i>Burhinus oedicephalus</i> (Alcaraván)	40	-Research	4	Ringing	Small
<i>Calandrella rufescens</i> (Terrera marismeña)	20-100	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Calonectris diomedea</i> (pardela cenicienta)	500	-Research	11	Ringing	Small
<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i> (Chorlitejo patinegro)	25-100	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Charadrius dubius</i> (chorlitejo chico)	25-100	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Cursorius cursor</i> (corredor)	5-10	-Research	4	Ringing	Small
<i>Dendrocopos major</i> (pico picapinos)	20-100	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Erithacus rubecula</i> (petirrojo)	20-100	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Falco eleonora</i> (Halcón de Eleonor)	400	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Falco pelegrinoides</i> (Halcón Tagarote)	100	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Falco tinnunculus</i> (Cernícalo vulgar)	150	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Fringilla teydea</i> (pinzón azul)	50-100	-Research	3	Ringing	Small
<i>Gallinula chloropus</i> (polla de agua)	100	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Himantopus himantopus</i> (cigüeña)	10-50	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Hirundo rustica</i> (golondrina)	10-50	-Research	5	Ringing	Small

común)					
<i>Hydrobates pelagicus</i> (Paíno del Mediterráneo)	250	-Research	9	Ringing	Small
<i>Lanius meridionalis</i> (alcaudón meridional)	20-80	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Motacilla cinerea</i> (lavandera cascadeña)	20-100	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Oceanodroma castro</i> (Paíno de Madeira)	200	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Parus coeruleus</i> (herrerillo común)	50-90	-Research	3	Ringing	Small
<i>Pelagodroma marina</i> (paíno pechialbo)	150	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Petronia petronia</i> (gorrión chillón)	100	-Research	4	Ringing	Small
<i>Phylloscopus canariensis</i> (mosquitero canario)	30-80	-Research	4	Ringing	Small
<i>Pterocles orientalis</i> (Ortega)	30-100	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Puffinus assimilis</i> (pardela chica)	40-50	-Research	6	Ringing	Small
<i>Pyrhacorax pyrrhacorax</i> (chova piquirroja)	15	-Research	4	Ringing	Small
<i>Regulus regulus</i> (reyezuelo sencillo)	15-60	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Saxicola dacotiae</i> (tarabilla canaria)	15-75	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Sterna hirundo</i> (charrán común)	20-100	-Research	5	Ringing	Small

<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i> (curruca capirotada)	20-200	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Sylvia conscipillata</i> <i>urruca tomillera</i>)	20-200	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i> (curruca cabecinegra)	20-200	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Tyto alba</i> (Lechuza común)	5-10	-Research	4	Ringing	Small
<i>Tyto alba gracilirostris</i> (lechuza majorera)	5-10	-Research	1	Ringing	Small
<i>Upupa epops</i> (abubilla)	20-100	-Research	5	Ringing	Small
<i>Anthus berthelotii</i> (bisbita caminero)	70-100	-Research	3	Ringing	Small
CANTABRIA					
2011					
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ¹⁷	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ¹⁸	Impact on population
(1) <i>Canis lupus</i>	29		1978*	II	39%
(2) <i>Ursus arctos</i>	1		1	III	2.9%
2012					
(3) <i>Canis lupus</i>	28		2008**	II	40,5%

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D: Deliberate disturbance of wild fauna

E: Deliberate destruction or taking of eggs

F: Possession and internal trade

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ii.: prevention of serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property

iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)

iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain condition

CASTILLA Y LEÓN						
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ¹⁹	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ²⁰	Methods of capture	Impact on population
<i>Clase Insecta</i>	Undetermined	C	78	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Hila arborea</i>	Undetermined	C	3	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Rana iberica</i>	Undetermined	C	1	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Alytes obstetricans</i>	Undetermined	C	2	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Bufo calamita</i>	Undetermined	C	1	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Pelodytes punctatus</i>	Undetermined		1	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Dicoglossus galgonai</i>	Undetermined	C	1	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Dicoglossus jeanneae</i>	Undetermined	C	2	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Plelobates cultripe</i>	Undetermined	C	2	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Galemys pyrenaicus</i>	Undetermined	C	3	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Felis silvestris</i>	Undetermined	C	2	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Canis lupus</i>	14	A	18	II	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum

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<i>Lutra lutra</i>	Undetermined	C	3	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Miniopterus schreibersii</i>	Undetermined	C	1	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Myotis escaleraei</i>	Undetermined	C	1	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Microtus cabrerai</i>	Undetermined	C	2	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Emys orbicularis</i>	Undetermined	C	1	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Iberolacerta monticola</i>	Undetermined	C	2	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Lacerta schreiberi</i>	Undetermined	C	8	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Lacerta lepida</i>	Undetermined	C	9	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Chiroptera</i>	Undetermined	C	8	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Crocuro russula</i>	Undetermined	C	2	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Parnassius apollo</i>	Undetermined	C	1	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
<i>Ursus arctos</i>	Undetermined	C	1	IV	Selective and non-invasive methods	Minimum
CASTILLA-LA MANCHA						
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ²¹	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ²²	Impact on population	
<i>Alytes obstetricans</i>	3	C	1	IV	MINIMUM	

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v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

<i>Bufo calamita</i>	3	C	1	IV	MINIMUN
<i>Discoglossus galganoi</i>	3	C	1	IV	MINIMUN
<i>Mauremys leprosa</i>	3	C	1	IV	MINIMUN
<i>Pelobates cultripes</i>	3	C	1	IV	MINIMUN
<i>Lacerta lepida</i>	3	C	1	IV	MINIMUN
(*) <i>Alytes obstetricans</i>	10	C	6	IV	MINIMUN
(*) <i>Bufo calamita</i>		C		IV	MINIMUN
(*) <i>Discoglossus galganoi</i>	27	C	6	IV	MINIMUN
(*) <i>Hyla aborea</i>	9	C	6	IV	MINIMUN
(*) <i>Coenagrion mercuriale</i>	2	C	1	IV	MINIMUN
(*) <i>Macromia splendens</i>	2	C	1	IV	MINIMUN
CATALUÑA					
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ²³	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ²⁴	Impact on population
<i>Galemys pyrenaicus</i>	30	C	18	IV	
<i>Aegolius funereus</i>	Undetermined	C	6	IV	
<i>Aegyptius monachus</i>	1	C	1	IV	
<i>Aquila fasciata</i>	30	C	24	IV	
<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>	1	C	1	IV	
<i>Anthus campestris</i>	3	C	2	IV	
<i>Bubulcus ibis</i> , <i>Egretta garcetta</i> .	Undetermined	C	12	IV	
<i>Asio otus</i>	Undetermined	C	2	IV	
<i>Athene noctua</i> , <i>Otus scops</i> , <i>Strix aluco</i> ,	Undetermined	C	4	IV	

²³ A: Deliberate killing

B: Deliberate damage to or destruction of breeding or resting sites

C: Deliberate capture and keeping

D: Deliberate disturbance of wild fauna

E: Deliberate destruction or taking of eggs

F: Possession and internal trade

²⁴ i.: protection of flora /fauna

ii.: prevention of serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property

iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)

iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

<i>Bubo bubo, Asio otus, Tyto alba.</i>					
<i>Calandrella brachydactyla</i>	35	C	5	IV	
<i>Coracias garrulus</i>	Undetermined	C	7	IV	
<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	50	C	15	IV	
<i>Falco subbuteo, Neophron percnopterus, Milvus migrans, Bubo bubo, Buteo buteo.</i>	Undetermined	C	5	IV	
<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>	5	C	4	IV	
<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	100	C	1	IV	
<i>Larus audouinii</i>	Undetermined	C	14	IV	
<i>Hieraetus pennatus</i>	3	C	3	IV	
<i>Lanius meridionalis.</i>	Undetermined	C	1	IV	
<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>	Undetermined	C	8	IV	
<i>Pernis aviporus</i>	Undetermined	C	3	IV	
<i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i>	30	C	1	IV	
<i>Tetrax tetrax</i>	5	C	4	IV	
<i>Tetrao urogallus</i>	20	C	10	IV	
<i>Emys orbicularis, Mauremys leprosa.</i>	Undetermined	C	23	IV	
<i>Testudo hermanni</i>	Undetermined	C	1	I/IV	
<i>Bufo calamita, Pelobates cultripes, Alytes obstetricans, Hyla meridionalis.</i>	Undetermined	C	15	I/IV	

CEUTA					
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ²⁵	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ²⁶	Impact on population
all species in the order <i>Chiroptera</i> present in Ceuta	-	C	1	IV	not significant
(2) <i>Mauremys leprosa</i> / <i>Emys orbicularis</i>	-	C	1	IV	not significant
(3) <i>Patella ferruginea</i>	30	C	1	IV	not significant
(4) <i>Coenagrion mercuriale</i>	-	C	1	IV	not significant
EXTREMADURA					
2011					
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ²⁷	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ²⁸	Impact on population
<i>Falco naumanni</i>	363	F (posesión)	3	IV	Positive
<i>Glareola pratincola</i>	0	C (posterior deliberate)	10	IV	Nil
<i>Bulbucus ibis</i>	Undetermined	D	1	III	Nil
<i>Tyto alba</i>	1	D	1	III	Nil
<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	0	B (outside the breeding season)	139	III	Nil

²⁵ A: Deliberate killing

B: Deliberate damage to or destruction of breeding or resting sites

C: Deliberate capture and keeping

D: Deliberate disturbance of wild fauna

E: Deliberate destruction or taking of eggs

F: Possession and internal trade

²⁶ i.: protection of flora /fauna

ii.: prevention of serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property

iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)

iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

²⁷ A: Deliberate killing

B: Deliberate damage to or destruction of breeding or resting sites

C: Deliberate capture and keeping

D: Deliberate disturbance of wild fauna

E: Deliberate destruction or taking of eggs

F: Possession and internal trade

²⁸ i.: protection of flora /fauna

ii.: prevention of serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property

iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)

iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

<i>Cyanopica cyanus</i>	Undetermined	D	3	II	Nil
<i>Merops apiaster</i>	Undetermined	D	1	II	Nil
<i>Delichon urbica</i> <i>Hirundo rustica</i>	0	B (outside the breeding season)	56	III	Nil
<i>Falco peregrinus</i> , <i>Falco cherrug</i> , <i>Bubo bubo</i>	4 <i>Falco peregrinus</i> (2), <i>Falco cherrug</i> (1), <i>Bubo bubo</i> (1)	F	1	III	Nil
<i>Falco cherrug</i> , <i>Falco peregreunus</i> , <i>Falco pelegrioides</i> , <i>Falco biarmicus</i> , <i>Falco tinnunculus</i> , <i>Athene noctua</i> , <i>Accipiter nisus</i> , <i>Accipiter gentilis</i> , <i>Bubo</i> , <i>Nyctea scandiaca</i>	36 <i>Falco cherrug</i> (4), <i>Falco peregreunus</i> (11), <i>Falco pelegrioides</i> (3), <i>Falco biarmicus</i> (1), <i>Falco tinnunculus</i> (3), <i>Athene noctua</i> (1), <i>Accipiter nisus</i> (1), <i>Accipiter gentilis</i> (6), <i>Bubo</i> (5), <i>Nyctea scandiaca</i> (1)	F	60	V	Nil
<i>Circus pygargus</i> , <i>Circus aeruginosus</i> , <i>Circus cyaneus</i>	<i>Circus pygargus</i> (119), <i>Circus aeruginosus</i> (9), <i>Circus cyaneus</i> (0)	C (ringing)	6	IV	Nil
<i>Circus pygargus</i> , <i>Circus aeruginosus</i> , <i>Circus cyaneus</i>	78	C (salvage campaign eaglets)	61	I	Positive
<i>Aves en general</i>	3959	C (ringing)	43	IV	Nil

<i>Carduelis carduelis</i> <i>Carduelis chloris</i> <i>Carduelis cannabina</i>	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i> (1011) <i>Carduelis chloris</i> (1236) <i>Carduelis cannabina</i> (1214)	C (trapping of finches)	373	V	Negative
<i>Plecotus austriacus</i>	1	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Eptesicus isabellinus</i>	68	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Pipistrellus kuhli</i>	10	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Myotis bechsteini</i>	2	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Myotis escalerae</i>	2	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Myotis daubentonii</i>	16	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Rhinolophus ferrumequinum</i>	1	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Pelobates cultripes</i>	34	C (deliverance)	5	IV	Nil
2012					
<i>Aquila adalberti</i>	2	C (attendance injured birds)	1	I	Positive
<i>Falco naumanni</i>	359	F (keeping for breeding)	2	IV	Positive
<i>Circus pygargus</i>	6	F (keeping for breeding)	1	IV	Positive
<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	Undetermined	D	1	II	Nil
<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	0	B (outside the breeding season)	174	III	Nil
<i>Cyanopica cyanus</i>	Undetermined	D	4	II	Nil
<i>Merops apiaster</i>	Undetermined	D	6	II	Nil
<i>Delichon urbica</i> <i>Hirundo rustica</i>	0	B (outside the breeding season)	46	III	Nil
<i>Falco peregrinus</i> , <i>Falco cherrug</i> ,	3 <i>Falco peregrinus</i>	F	1	III	Nil

<i>Bubo bubo</i>	(1), <i>Falco cherrug</i> (1), <i>Bubo bubo</i> (1)				
<i>Falco cherrug</i> , <i>Falco peregrinus</i> , <i>Falco pelegrinoides</i> , <i>Accipiter nisus</i> , <i>Accipiter gentilis</i> , <i>Tyto alba</i>	22 <i>Falco cherrug</i> (1), <i>Falco peregrinus</i> (14), <i>Falco pelegrinoides</i> (1), <i>Accipiter nisus</i> (1), <i>Accipiter gentilis</i> (4), <i>Tyto alba</i> (1)	F	84	V	Nil
<i>Circus pygargus</i> ,	6	C (ringing)	6	IV	Nil
<i>Circus aeruginosus</i> ,	6	C (ringing)	3	IV	Nil
<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	70	C (ringing)	1	IV	Nil
<i>Circus pygargus</i> , <i>Circus aeruginosus</i> , <i>Circus cyaneus</i>	62	C (salvage campaign eaglets)	62	I	Positive
Birds in general	3476	C (ringing)	38	IV	Nil
Wildlife in general	1095	C (injured wildlife care)	3	I	PositiveNil
<i>Carduelis carduelis</i> <i>Carduelis chloris</i> <i>Carduelis cannabina</i>	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i> (1180) <i>Carduelis chloris</i> (1256) <i>Carduelis cannabina</i> (1258)	C (singing training)	363	V	Negative
<i>Eptesicus isabellinus</i>	90	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Pipistrellus kuhli</i>	47	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Myotis myotis</i>	4	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Miniopterus schreibersi</i>	4	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil

<i>Myotis emarginatus</i>	1	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Myotis bechsteini</i>	0	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Myotis escalerae</i>	11	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Myotis daubentonii</i>	2	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Rhinolophus ferrumequinum</i>	1	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Mauremys leprosa</i>	28	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Tadarida teniotis</i>	1	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Eptesicus serotinus</i>	45	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Hypsugo savii</i>	18	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Alytes cisternasii</i>	1	C (deliverance)	4	IV	Nil
<i>Pleurodeles waltl</i>	7	C (deliverance)	5	IV	Nil
GALICIA					
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ²⁹	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ³⁰	Impact on population
<i>Galemys pyrenaicus</i>		C	3	IV	No appreciable, release to the environment
<i>Canis lupus</i>	6	C	5	IV	No appreciable, release to the environment
<i>Canis lupus</i>		D	1	IV	No appreciable, release to the environment
<i>Quirópteros</i>		C/D	15	IV	No appreciable, release to the environment

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<i>Myotis bechsteini</i>	6	C/D	7	IV	No appreciable, release to the environment
<i>Myotis emarginatus</i> ; <i>Myotis myotis</i> ; <i>Rhinolophus euryale</i> ; <i>Rhinolophus ferrumequinum</i>	100 (max)	C/D	2	IV	No appreciable, release to the environment
<i>Carduelis cannabina</i> ; <i>Carduelis carduelis</i> ; <i>Carduelis chloris</i> ; <i>Serinus serinus</i>	7.998 (max)	C/F	887	V	Not significant in relation to population size
<i>Calonectris diomedea</i> ; <i>Hydrobates pelagicus</i> ; <i>Larus c. michaellis</i> ; <i>Larus fuscus</i> ;		C (ringing)	4	IV	No appreciable, release to the environment
<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i> ; <i>Arenaria interpres</i> ; <i>Calidris alba</i> ; <i>Calidris alpina</i> ; <i>Calidris canutus</i> ; <i>Calidris ferruginea</i> ; <i>Limosa lapponica</i> ; <i>Limosa limosa</i> ; <i>Pluvialis apricaria</i> ; <i>Pluvialis squatarola</i> ; <i>Tringa erythropus</i> ; <i>Tringa nebularia</i> ; <i>Tringa totanus</i>		C (ringing)	2	IV	No appreciable, release to the environment
<i>Emberiza schoeniclus</i> ; <i>Emberiza schoeniclus lusitanica</i>		C (ringing)	3	IV	No appreciable, release to the environment
All <i>Cetacea</i> species; All <i>Cheloniidae</i> species		D	39	IV	No appreciable. Conservation Measure

<i>Numenius arquata</i>		C (ringing)	1	IV	No appreciable, release to the environment
<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>		D	1	IV	No appreciable
<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>		B	18	III/II	Nest removal takes place outside of nesting season.
<i>Circus cyaneus;</i> <i>Circus pygargus</i>		C (ringing)	1	IV	No appreciable, release to the environment
<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>		C (ringing)	2	IV	No appreciable, release to the environment
All species of birds		C (ringing)	47	IV	No appreciable, release to the environment
<i>Anthus campestris</i>		Capture (ringing)	1	IV	No appreciable, release to the environment
<i>Anas acuta;</i> <i>Anas clypeata;</i> <i>Anas crecca;</i> <i>Anas penelope;</i> <i>Anas platyrhynchos;</i> <i>Ocasionalmente otras anatidae</i>		C (ringing)	2	IV	No appreciable, release to the environment
<i>Emys orbicularis</i>			4	IV	^F Conservation Measure
<i>Emys orbicularis</i>	20	C	2	IV	Conservation Measure
<i>Chioglossa lusitanica;</i> <i>Discoglossus galganoi;</i> <i>Hyla arborea;</i> <i>Pelobates cultripes;</i> <i>Rana temporaria</i>		C	4	IV	No effect, release to the environment
<i>Hyla arborea;</i> <i>Pelobates cultripes</i>		C	4	IV	No effect, release to the environment
<i>Alytes obstetricans;</i> <i>Chioglossa lusitanica;</i> <i>Hyla arborea;</i>		C	4	IV	No effect, release to the environment
<i>Alytes obstetricans;</i> <i>Chioglossa lusitanica;</i> <i>Hyla arborea;</i> <i>Pelobates cultripes</i>		D	45	IV	No effect, release to the environment

<i>Gomphus graslinii</i> ; <i>Macromia splendens</i> ; <i>Oxygastra curtisii</i>		C/D	16	IV	No appreciable, release to the environment	
LA RIOJA						
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ³¹	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ³²	Impact on population	
(1) <i>Mustela lutreola</i>	1	C	1	IV	Very low	
(2) <i>Austropotamobius pallipes</i>	593	C	1	IV	Very low	
MURCIA						
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ³³	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ³⁴	Methods of capture	Impact on population
<i>Alytes obstetricans</i>	25	0	C	IV	Scoope net, pound net y minnow	Nil
<i>Epidalea calamita</i>	25	19	C	IV	Scoope net, pound net y minnow	Nil
<i>Discoglossus jeanneae</i>	25	0	C	IV	Scoope net, pound net y minnow	Nil
<i>Pelobates cultripes</i>	25	1	C	IV	Scoope net, pound net y minnow	Nil

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E: Deliberate destruction or taking of eggs

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<i>Testudo graeca</i>	10	6	C	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Accipiter gentiles</i>	2	50	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Bubo bubo</i>	8	366	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	1	0	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Burhinus oedincnemus</i>	1	8	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Calonectris diomedea</i>	2	3	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Carduelis cannabina</i>	3046	15230	C	IV	Nets and bouquet limes	Nil
<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>			C	IV	Nets and bouquet limes	Nil
<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>	1	2	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Coracia garrulus</i>	2	2	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Corvus corax</i>		0	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	1	3	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Falco Naumani</i>	2	36	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>	1	175	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Glareola pratincola</i>	2	1	C	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	1	0	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Hydrobates pelagicus</i>	2	247	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Larus audouinii</i>	1	4	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Larus genei</i>	1	72	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Merops apiaster</i>	1	10	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Pyrhocorax pyrrhocorax</i>	1	0	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>	1	12	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Sterna albifrons</i>	1	69	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	1	144	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Asio otus</i>	1	59	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Tyto alba</i>	1	6	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Strix aluco</i>	1	2	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
<i>Athene noctua</i>	1	44	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil

<i>Otus scops</i>	1	59	C	IV	By hand and japanese net	Nil
NAVARRA						
2011						
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ³⁵	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ³⁶	Impact on population	
<i>Desmán pirenaico</i>	100	C	1	IV	No appreciable	
Chiropterans (1)		C	1	IV	No appreciable	
Chiropterans in Lumbier (2)		C	2	IV	No appreciable	
Chiropterans in Lumbier (2)		C	1	IV	No appreciable	
European mink		C	1	IV	No appreciable	
2012						
European mink	25	C	4	IV	No appreciable	
Chiropterans in Lumbier (2)		C	1	IV	No appreciable	
PAÍS VASCO						
2011						
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ³⁷	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ³⁸	Impact on population	
(1) <i>Alytes obstetricans</i> <i>Pelobates cultripipes</i> <i>Hyla arborea</i>	Más de 30	C	2	IV	No appreciable	

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<i>Rana dalmatina</i>					
(2) <i>Mustela lutreola</i>	10	C	1	IV	Nil
(3)Mammals, birds and reptiles of Annex II	Over 100	A-C-F	2	IV	No appreciable
(4) <i>Mustela lutreola</i>	3	C	1	IV	Minimum
(5) <i>Podarcis pityusensis</i>	20	A	1	I	Appreciable
(6) <i>Podarcis muralis</i>	20	C	1	IV	Minimum
(7) <i>Hyla meridionalis</i>	20	C	1	IV	Minimum
(8) <i>Bufo calamita</i>	20	C	1	IV	Minimum
(9) <i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	4.500	F	274	V	
(10) <i>Carduelis cannabina</i>	274	F	274	V	No appreciable
(11) <i>Carduelis chloris</i>	17	F	274	V	No appreciable
(12) <i>Serinus serinus</i>	16	F	274	V	No appreciable
2012					
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ³⁹	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ⁴⁰	Impact on population
(13) <i>Rhinolophus hipposideros</i> 10, <i>Myotis emarginatus</i> 1, <i>Myotis nattereri</i> 1, <i>Myotis myotis</i> 27, <i>Barbastella</i>	Total 82	C	1	IV	No appreciable

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iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

<i>barbastellus</i> 1, <i>Plecotus auritus</i> 2, <i>Miniopterus schreibersii</i> 41					
(14) <i>Alytes obstetricans</i> , <i>Pelobates cultripes</i> , <i>Hyla arborea</i> , <i>Rana dalmatina</i>	Over 30	C	2	IV	No appreciable
(15) <i>Mustela lutreola</i>	25	C	1	IV	Nil
(16)Mammals, birds and reptiles of Annex II	Over 100	A-C-F	2	IV	No appreciable
(17) <i>Mustela lutreola</i>	4	C	1	IV	Minimum
(18) <i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	2.841	F	264	V	
(19) <i>Carduelis cannabina</i>	154	F	264	V	No appreciable
(20) <i>Carduelis chloris</i>	11	F	264	V	No appreciable
(21) <i>Serinus serinus</i>	11	F	264	V	No appreciable
VALENCIA					
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ⁴¹	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ⁴²	Impact on population
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	1	D	1	IV	
<i>Canis lupus</i>	1	F	1	IV	
<i>Caretta caretta</i>	1	F	1	IV	
<i>Emys orbicularis</i>		D	10	IV	

⁴¹ A: Deliberate killing

B: Deliberate damage to or destruction of breeding or resting sites

C: Deliberate capture and keeping

D: Deliberate disturbance of wild fauna

E: Deliberate destruction or taking of eggs

F: Possession and internal trade

⁴² i.: protection of flora /fauna

ii.: prevention of serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property

iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)

iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

<i>Microtus cabreræ</i>		C	2	IV	
<i>Testudo graeca</i>	3	F	1	IV	
<i>Serinus serinus</i>		D	1	IV	
<i>Podarcis muralis</i>		C	1	IV	
<i>Chersophilus duponti</i>		D	1	IV	
<i>Hipocampus hippocampus</i>		F	1	IV	

Where appropriate, please add a text providing information on:

<p>Information on the conservation status of the derogated species</p>	<p>ARAGÓN-(3) The number of stork nests in Aragon has increased according to the last national census.</p> <p>BALEARES-(1,5, 15, 16, 21) Listed as Special Interest (2,3, 12, 13, 14,17, 18, 27, 28) Listed as Special Protection (4,6, 20, 22) Listed as Endangered (7, 8,9,10, 11, 23, 24, 25, 26) Listed as Vulnerable</p> <p>CANARIAS- Research and divulgation</p> <p>CANTABRIA- (1,3) This is hunting specie in which the main objective is captured avoiding damage to livestock and conflicts with the livestock sector. During the years 2011 and 2012 have significantly increased over previous years, both the number of locations and the number of damage claims made by farmers. These data, provided by the lack of a direct census, indicate that in this period maintain their wide distribution throughout the autonomous region except the coastal zone may have occurred some dispersion towards lower levels and that their populations are in good condition. (2) Brown bear in Cantabria is endangered. Cantabria is estimated that around 35 live specimens of brown bear.</p> <p>LA RIOJA- (1) The population of La Rioja is estimated at 126 adults with an average density of 0.24 individuals / km. Occupy about 530 km of rivers. Unfavorable conservation status. Species listed as "endangered" in Spain. (2) There are 54 known populations of crayfish in La Rioja. Unfavorable conservation status. Species listed as "endangered" in La Rioja.</p> <p>PAÍS VASCO- (1, 14) Species with fragmented populations but not at risk of threat. (2) Situación critical endangered. (3, 16) Species with populations with varying degrees of threat or no risk (4, 7, 17) Endangered in the Basque Endangered Species List (5) A single population in the territory and expanding (6) No threatened with stable population (8) Vulnerable species in the Basque Endangered Species List (9, 10, 11, 12, 18, 19, 20, 21) No threatened. Source: continental vertebrates. Current Situation in the C.A.P.V. 1998. Basque Government</p>
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	<p>Publications Services (13) Some species listed as threatened but not extinction risk</p>
<p>The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled</p>	<p>ASTURIAS- Consejería de Agroganadería y Recursos Autóctonos. Dirección General de Recursos Naturales. Servicio de Medio Natural</p> <p>BALEARES- In all cases: Conselleria de Agricultura Medio Ambiente y Territorio</p> <p>CANARIAS-Gobierno de Canarias</p> <p>CANTABRIA- Dirección General de Montes y Conservación de la Naturaleza. Consejería de Ganadería, Pesca y Desarrollo Rural del Gobierno de Cantabria.</p> <p>CASTILLA-LA MANCHA- Consejería de Agricultura-Servicios Periféricos de Toledo (*Dirección General de Montes y Espacios Naturales</p> <p>CATALUÑA- Servei de Biodiversitat i Protecció dels Animals, Subdirecció de Biodiversitat, Direcció General de Medi Natural i Biodiversitat. Departament d’Agricultura, Ramaderia, Pesca, Alimentació i Medi Natural.</p> <p>CEUTA- (1, 2, 3, 4) Consejería de Medio Ambiente, Servicios Comunitarios y Barriadas</p> <p>GALICIA- Dirección Xeral de Conservación de la Naturaleza. Consellería de Medio Ambiente Territorio e Infraestructuras. Xunta de Galicia.</p> <p>LA RIOJA- (1, 2) Gobierno de La Rioja. Dirección General de Medio Natural</p> <p>PAÍS VASCO-(1, 2, 3, 13, 14, 16) Diputación Foral de Álava (4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 17) Diputación Foral de Guipúzcoa (9, 10, 11, 12, 18, 19, 20, 21) Diputación Foral de Vizcaya. Department of Agriculture</p>
<p>Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exception where granted</p>	<p>ARAGÓN-(1) The period when captures are authorized usually one year. Scope of authorization: Rivers: Turia, Pitarque, Aragon, Stone, Jalon, Ara Júcar Basin Mountain lakes in the Pyrenees (2)The period when captures are authorized usually one year. Scope of authorization: Aragon, Pyrenees, Gallego Basin (3) The period in which deletions nests or downloads of materials are usually authorized a year and generally beyond the reproductive period of the stork. Scope of authorization: provinces of Huesca and Zaragoza mainly. (4) Scope of authorization: Aragon (5) The period when captures are authorized usually one year. Scope of authorization: Huesca</p> <p>ASTURIAS- For each request for approval of scientific ringing you consider the location where you are going to perform, so that activities do not overlap in the same area.</p>

BALEARES- In all cases: Assumable

CANARIAS- The ringing is performed, depending on the species with Japanese nets, traps or snares directly from hurris. The collection of genetic material (feathers) would be made from the nests. The extraction of blood samples were carried out through the brachial vein, take all sanitary measures that action of this type required. The specimens, once marked, will be released in the same place of capture.

CANTABRIA-(1,3) They are hunted at Saja Regional Hunting Reserve and hunting grounds during the hunting season and exceptionally, outside it in the event of significant damage occurring to livestock.

(2) I. In July 2011 the staff of the Junta de Castilla y León caught a specimen of the brown bear in the area of Mount Bishop Polentinos TM (Palencia) dying. The specimen, which was a female, had low mobility, disorientation and low weight, reasons that prompted his capture and transfer to Zoo Cabárceno.

II. Zoo of Cabárceno remained until September with a treatment aimed at restoring the animal dehydration and in order to reach sufficient weight to his release at the time of the start of the open range In these facilities it was found that his teeth were badly damaged (compatible with a specimen of 20-25 years) and had significant sensory problems in the senses of sight and hearing.

III. The bear was released in the same area that was captured in Palencia on 01/09/2011 with radio collar and a GPS system to have it permanently located.

IV. This specimen went through Cantabria 10/9/2011. During his stay in Cantabria was seen 7 times, regardless of radiolocations, having charged unpredictably and intimidating twice against different riders unexplained nervous, but on both occasions without physical contact and no consequence.

So, since it was a familiar and aggressive bear against persons - deduced from intimidation charges without apparent cause, which was interpreted as a possible public safety issue - and because it was a bear elderly with sensory limitations so it is inferred from their behavior, exceptionally in this case the transfer of the specimen to a point of safety was authorized. The performance took place in the town of Vega de Liebana and captured December 14, 2011.

CEUTA (1) Validity of a renewable year from the date of grant of administrative license (10/06/2011), in the whole of the City of Ceuta.

(2) Validity of a renewable year from the date of grant of administrative license (10/05/2012), in the whole of the City of Ceuta

(3) Validity of a renewable year from the date of grant of administrative license (15/03/2012), in the whole of the City of Ceuta

(4) Validity of a renewable year from the date of grant of administrative license (24/05/2012), in the whole of the City of Ceuta

GALICIA- Periods and places in are listed in the licenses.

LA RIOJA-(1) Unintended catch of a baby by a particular

(2) Captures outside the breeding season in several places

	<p>PAÍS VASCO-(1, 14) There is no risk to populations. This is only for identification and counting. (2) To the knowledge of the population status and under continuous campaign culling American mink (<i>Neovison vison</i>) (3) Entered into the Wildlife Recovery Centre of Mártioda for healing and rehabilitation and subsequent release in Nature (4, 17) Autumnal, avoiding gestation periods and care for offspring (5) In summertime (6) Summertime (7, 8) Spring and summertime (9, 10, 11, 12) No risk. Authorized Period: from 10/08/2011 to 10/10/2011 (16) Enter the Recovery Center of Mártioda Fauan for healing and rehabilitation and subsequent release in Nature. (18, 19, 20, 21) No risk. Authorized Period: from 02/08/2012 to 07/10/2012</p>
<p>The controls involved</p>	<p>ARAGÓN-Authorizations can be monitored by agents of Nature Protection and other law enforcement and technical environment of the Gobierno de Aragón, especially in protected natural areas. They should submit a report after the completion of approved activities Instituto Aragonés de Gestión Ambiental. (4) As entities that support the ringers are Spanish Ornithological Society (SEO / BirdLifa), the Catalan Institute of Ornithology, the Complutense University of Madrid, Aranzadi Science Society and the City Council of Zaragoza.</p> <p>BALEARES- (4,6, 20, 22,) Yes (1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8,9, 10, 11,12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28) Nil</p> <p>CANTABRIA- (1,3) In total, there were 51 specific hunts aimed at damage control, these being beaten, hunting posts and wait. Moreover, as it is a hunting species, authorizing to hunt a wolf specimen during the development of wild boar raids.</p> <p>CASTILLA-LA MANCHA- (*) Administration staff.</p> <p>CEUTA- (1, 2, 3, 4) Technical inspections of the Consejería de Medio Ambiente, as well as analysis of documentation in order to verify compliance with these conditions and the characteristics specified in the request.</p> <p>GALICIA- Authorized should contact provincial Services Conservation to be accompanied, if appropriate, by agents of the Service. Authorized must submit a report to the captured made.</p> <p>PAÍS VASCO- (1, 13, 14, 15) Park Ranger Service (2) Park Ranger and Watch Service (3, 16) Center Staff and Park Ranger Service (4, 17) Are hired from the Administration, whose own staff collaborate and is involved (technicians, forest rangers) (5) It reports the results (6, 7) Reports on the results and monitoring is performed by own Park Ranger Service</p>

<p>Justification for derogation for a species in an unfavourable conservation status</p>	<p>CANARIAS- Investigación.</p> <p>CANTABRIA- (2) Public safety.</p> <p>GALICIA- <i>Emys orbicularis</i>: monitoring and conservation measures referred to in the recovery plan for the species</p> <p><i>G. pyrenaicus</i>: Inventory of the species to determine population status and areas to protect the species.</p> <p><i>Emberiza schoeniclus lusitanica</i>: Measures included in the recovery plan for the species.</p> <p><i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>: Measures included in Specie Conservation Plan.</p> <p>LA RIOJA- (1) The sample was transferred to an official center for captive breeding of the species. (2) Capture of wild fish destined for an official astacifactory Gobierno de La Rioja for breeding</p> <p>PAÍS VASCO- (2) Knowledge of population status and population fragmentation. (3, 16) Sometimes, because of the state of injury severity of hospitalized animals, it is necessary to euthanize them. (4, 7, 8, 17) Necessary for population status, detect presence and take appropriate measures to protect (5) Being a newly introduced exotic species that displaces native species and seeks to know its status, if appropriate, proceed to the elimination (8 bis) Innocuous when animals are released inmediatametne. Positive when translocations are made of better quality habitats (9, 10, 11, 12, 18, 19, 20, 21) Has no place. Species with a favorable conservation status</p>
<p>Alternative solutions considered and scientific data to compare them</p>	<p>ASTURIAS- To carry out scientific studies in the framework of which the capture and ringing of birds authorizing's not possible alternative that can be drawn the same results.</p> <p>BALEARES- (1,3,5, 16, 17,) Not available for population studies: Capture / Release / Recapture (2, 15,) Not available for population studies and endoparasites: Capture / Release (4, 20,) Not available for metabolism studies: Capture / Release (6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28) Not available for epidemiology studies: Capture / Release/ Recapture (19) Not available for studies of diet: Capture / Release</p> <p>CANTABRIA- (2) Due to family and aggressive behavior, and advanced age of the specimen was considered that there were no alternatives to the capture.</p> <p>LA RIOJA- (2) Have not been able to obtain specimens from captivity. Interesting in having copies of the local population.</p> <p>PAÍS VASCO- (2) Inventories of previous years. (4, 17) Is performed in parallel with the camera traps, with which data are contrasted. Compared with those obtained in successive campaigns</p>

	<p>(5) No matter impact on the population to be exotic, so no search for alternative methods.</p> <p>(6) It works causing minimal damage to the specimens, which are released</p> <p>(7) Is performed within the planned follow-up campaigns in the recovery plan for the species and in order to quantify the success of management measures adopted and improved on it.</p> <p>(8) The solution manual collection is considered the least aggressive and best suited to reconcile it with the translocation. Comparisons are made with data from other campaigns.</p> <p>(9, 10, 11, 12, 18, 19, 20, 21) Nonexistent.</p>
<p>Results of derogations (e.g. Cumulative effects and compensation measures where relevant)</p>	<p>BALEARES- In all cases: not relevant</p> <p>CANTABRIA- (1,3) Control of the wolf damage occurs in livestock</p> <p>PAÍS VASCO- (1, 2, 14) No cumulative risks</p> <p>(3, 16) Benefits for populations to join rehabilitated specimens</p> <p>(4, 17) It works by traps that are checked on the same day, to avoid situations that weaken individual stress. There is no evidence of negative effects on the population. It is to be noted that individuals are released immediately after the data collection</p> <p>(5) They get to know their population parameters so as to appraise the potential disposal.</p> <p>(6) Manual captures are made and no effect is detected</p> <p>(7) No cumulative effects are detected and, anyway, they supplement the habitat improvement projects for the species. Once the biometric data collected, all specimens are immediately released</p> <p>(8) The translocation results in an improvement in the presence of the species.</p>
<p>Comments/notes</p>	<p>ANDALUCÍA- The number of physical licenses (number of decisions) and the number of dealers in each case are included in the number of licenses. (CA)= Cádiz, (HU) = Huelva, (GR)= Granada, (AL)= Almería, (MA)= Málaga and (CO)= Córdoba, are andalusian regions.</p> <p>ASTURIAS- Captures of the following species are not listed, as they are subjected to a reservation because of the regimen of protection accorded. <i>Carduelis carduelis</i>, <i>Chloris chloris</i> (<i>Carduelis chloris</i>), <i>Carduelis cannabina</i> y <i>Serinus serinus</i></p> <p>CANTABRIA-(2) Reporting and having the collaboration of the Autonomous Communities, with presence of the species in the Cantabrian Mountains, Ministerio de Agricultura, Alimentación y Medio Ambiente, Fiscalía de Medio Ambiente, SEPRONA (Guardia Civil) and Oso Pardo Fundación.</p> <p>(*) The number of licenses of which 97% corresponds to the number of licenses for boar raids because they are allowed to shoot down a specimen of wolf during the course of the raid. Hunting posts and waits authorized are included.</p> <p>(**) The number of licenses of which 98% corresponds to the number of licenses for boar raids because they are allowed to shoot down a specimen of wolf during the course of the raid. Hunting posts and waits authorized are included.</p> <p>CEUTA-(1) Purpose of activity: "Review refuges and chiropterology first inventory of diversity in areas Calamocarro-Benzú, Cliffs of Mount</p>

	<p>Hacho and Maritime Terrestrial Zone Monte Hacho, Ceuta"</p> <p>(2) Purpose of activity: project "evolutionary both sides of the Strait of Gibraltar and conservation status of European Galapagos (<i>Emys orbicularis</i>) and leprosy (<i>Mauremys</i>) in Ceuta and Morocco Relations"</p> <p>(3) Purpose of activity: proyecto "Action Plan of viability proposals of the endangered limpet <i>Patella ferruginea</i>".</p> <p>(4) Purpose of activity: project "Coenagrion mercuriale: distribution, genetic diversity and evolution"</p> <p>LA RIOJA-(1, 2) There is a Recovery Plan for the species</p> <p>NAVARRA-(1) This lisenca was made for the review of bat boxes. The species were provided using this type of enclosures <i>Nyctalus leisleri</i>, <i>Nyctalus noctula</i>, <i>Nyctalus lasiopterus</i>, <i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>, <i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i> and <i>Pipistrellus kuhlii</i></p> <p>(2) Affects <i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>, <i>Hypsugo savii</i>, <i>Myotis myotis</i> and <i>Tadarida teniotis</i></p> <p>PAÍS VASCO- (4, 17) This type of capture is part of campaigns and population monitoring are planned within the recovery plan approved for the European mink CAV.</p> <p>(7) Controls are necessary for the assessment and monitoring plan for the species.</p>
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3. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING FALCONRY

For each species used in falconry, state (use a separate sheet for each species):

ARAGÓN

Name of species:	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	7
Origin of birds:	captive breeding centers
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	<p>The specimens are identified by microchip ring and passing a preliminary recognition in Recovery Center The Wildlife Alfranca of the Gobierno de Aragón.</p> <p>Licenses of tenure are granted by two years and are renewed for the same period. No obligation to report the death of the copy or change of ownership.</p>

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	11
Origin of birds:	captive breeding centers
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	The specimens are identified by microchip ring and passing a preliminary recognition in Recovery Center The Wildlife Alfranca of the Gobierno de Aragón. Licenses of tenure are granted by two years and are renewed for the same period. No obligation to report the death of the copy or change of ownership.

Name of species:	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	34
Origin of birds:	captive breeding centers
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	The specimens are identified by microchip ring and passing a preliminary recognition in Recovery Center The Wildlife Alfranca of the Gobierno de Aragón. Licenses of tenure are granted by two years and are renewed for the same period. No obligation to report the death of the copy or change of ownership.

Name of species:	<i>Tyto alba</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	captive breeding centers
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	The specimens are identified by microchip ring and passing a preliminary recognition in Recovery Center The Wildlife Alfranca of the Gobierno de Aragón. Licenses of tenure are granted by two years and are renewed for the same period. No obligation to report the death of the copy or change of ownership.

Name of species:	<i>Bubo bubo</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	3
Origin of birds:	captive breeding centers
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	The specimens are identified by microchip ring and passing a preliminary recognition in Recovery Center The Wildlife Alfranca of the Gobierno de Aragón. Licenses of tenure are granted by two years and are renewed for the same period. No obligation to report the death of the copy or change of ownership.

Name of species:	<i>Falco biarnicus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	captive breeding centers
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	The specimens are identified by microchip ring and passing a preliminary recognition in Recovery Center The Wildlife Alfranca of the Gobierno de Aragón. Licenses of tenure are granted by two years and are renewed for the same period. No obligation to report the death of the copy or change of ownership.

Name of species:	<i>Falco cherrug</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	3
Origin of birds:	captive breeding centers
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	The specimens are identified by microchip ring and passing a preliminary recognition in Recovery Center The Wildlife Alfranca of the Gobierno de Aragón. Licenses of tenure are granted by two years and are renewed for the same period. No obligation to report the death of the copy or change of ownership.

**BALEARES
2011**

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter bicolor</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Peru
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	30
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	60 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	11 Germany, 2 UK, 3 Netherlands, 1 Ireland, 1 Czech Republic.
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter nissus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	4
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100 %
% reared in captivity	100 %

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	3 UK, 1 Belgium
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Aegipius monachus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	100%
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Aquila Chrysaetos</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	4
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Germany
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	
Name of species:	<i>Aquila rapax nepalensis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	

% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Asio otus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	50 %
% imported	50 %
% reared in captivity	50 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Germany
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Athene noctua</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	3
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	33 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Bubo africanus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Bubo bengalensis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 UK
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Bubo bubo</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	13
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	7,7 %
% imported	15,4 %
% reared in captivity	92,3 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	

No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	2 Germany
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Buteo jamaicensis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	8
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	25 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Netherlands, 1 UK
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Buteo polyosoma</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	50 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 USA
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco biarmicus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	10
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	40 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Germany, 3 UK
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco biarmicus x sp</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	3
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco cherrug</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	37
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	46 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	

No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	16 Germany, 1 UK
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco cherrug x sp</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	43
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	30,2 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	10 Germany, 2 UK, 1 France
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco femoralis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco pelegrinoides</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	88
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	10 %
% imported	17 %
% reared in captivity	90 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	6 Germany, 6 UK, 1 Belgium, 1 Norway, 1 Portugal
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco peregrinus x sp</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	10
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved:	

Name of species:	<i>Falco rusticolus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	6
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	50 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 UK, 1 Netherlands, 1 USA
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved:	

2011

Name of species:	<i>Falco rusticolus x sp</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	8
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	62,5 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	2 Germany, 2 UK, 1 Arab Emirates
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved:	

Name of species:	<i>Falco sparverius</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	5
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved:	

Name of species:	<i>Falco tinunculus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	20
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	5 %
% imported	10 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 UK, 1 Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved:	

Name of species:	<i>Genaroetus melanoleucos</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved:	

Name of species:	<i>Milvus migrans</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	5
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved:	

Name of species:	<i>Hieraetus fasciatus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Austria
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved:	

Name of species:	<i>Milvus milvus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	100 %
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved:	

Name of species:	<i>Ninox boobook</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved:	

Name of species:	<i>Nyctea scandiaca</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Germany, 1 Belgium
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved:	

Name of species:	<i>Otus scops</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	2 Belgium
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved:	

Name of species:	<i>Parabuteo unicinctus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	208
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	10,6 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	16 UK, 1 Netherlands, 2 Scotland, 1 Canada, 1 France
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved:	

Name of species:	<i>Pernis apivorus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	100 %
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved:	

Name of species:	<i>Tyto alba</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	14
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	7 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved:	

**BALEARES
2012**

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter bicolor</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Peru
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	34
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	47 %
% reared in captivity	100 %

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	11 Germany, 2 UK, 3 Netherlands, 1 Ireland, 2 Czech Republic.
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter nissus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	4
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	3 UK, 1 Belgium
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Aegipius monachus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	100%
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Aquila Chrysaetos</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	4
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Germany
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Aquila rapax nepalensis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Asio otus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	50 %
% imported	50 %
% reared in captivity	50 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	

No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Germany
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Athene noctua</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	50 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Bubo africanus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	50 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Bubo bengalensis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	3
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	66,7 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 UK, 1 Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Bubo bubo</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	13
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	7,7 %
% imported	15,4 %
% reared in captivity	92,3 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	2 Germany
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Bubo virginianus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Buteo jamaicensis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	11
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	25 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Netherlands, 1 UK
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Buteo polyosoma</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Corvus albus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco biarmicus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	13
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	23 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Germany, 2 UK
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco biarmicus x sp</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	5
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco cherrug</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	41
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	43,9 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	17 Germany, 1 UK
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco cherrug x sp</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	47
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	27,7 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	10 Germany, 2 UK, 1 France
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco femoralis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco pelegrinoides</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	3
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	109
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	2,7 %
% imported	15,6 %
% reared in captivity	97,3 %

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	7 Germany, 5 UK, 2 Belgium, 1 Norway, 1 Portugal, 1 USA
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco peregrinus x sp</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	13
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco rusticolus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	7
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	57 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	2 UK, 1 Netherlands, 1 USA
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco rusticolus x sp</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	11
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	36,4 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Germany, 2 UK, 1 Arab Emirates
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco sparverius</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	8
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Falco tinunculus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	21
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	4,8 %
% imported	9,5 %
% reared in captivity	95,2 %

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 UK, 1 Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Genaroetus melanoleucos</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Hieraetus fasciatus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Austria
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Milvus migrans</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	5
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Milvus milvus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	100 %
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Ninox boobook</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100 %
% reared in captivity	100 %

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Nyctea scandiaca</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	4
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Germany, 1 Belgium, 2 Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Otus scops</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	2 Belgium
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Parabuteo unicinctus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	232
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	8,2 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	14 UK, 1 Netherlands, 2 Scotland, 1 Canada, 1 France
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Pernis apivorus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	100 %
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Strix leptogrammica</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	100 %

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter bicolor</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after	2

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

Name of species:	<i>Tyto alba</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	24
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	4,2 %
% reared in captivity	100 %
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	

entry into force of the Convention)	
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Portugal
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

CASTILLA Y LEÓN

Name of species:	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	163
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	40,5%
% reared in captivity	59,50%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	None since 1990
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	UK: 9 Germany: 35 Denmark: 7 Portugal: 7 Netherlands: 1 France: 1 Belgium: 3 Austria: 3
Means authorised for capture	No captures were made
Controls involved	<input type="checkbox"/> Check the suitability of the facilities where the bird will house. <input type="checkbox"/> Annual review of the bird. <input type="checkbox"/> In breeding projects, moulting and control paternity testing chickens obtained. Marking chickens with official community rings

Name of species:	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	59
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	40%
% reared in captivity	60%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	None since 1990
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	UK: 2
Means authorised for capture	No captures were made
Controls involved	<input type="checkbox"/> Check the suitability of the facilities where the bird will house. <input type="checkbox"/> Annual review of the bird. <input type="checkbox"/> In breeding projects, moulting and control paternity testing chickens obtained. Marking chickens with official community rings

entry into force of the Convention)	
Name of species:	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	42
% captured from the wild in the State	
Origin of birds:	
% imported	63,15%
% captured from the wild in the State	36,84%
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	None since 1990
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	Germany: 2
Means authorised for capture	No captures were made
Controls involved	<input type="checkbox"/> Check the suitability of the facilities where the bird will house. <input type="checkbox"/> Annual review of the bird. <input type="checkbox"/> In breeding projects, moulting and control paternity testing chickens obtained. Marking chickens with official community rings

% imported	50%
Name of species:	<i>Falco rusticolis</i>
% reared in captivity	50%
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	51
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	None since 1990
% captured from the wild in the State	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	Germany: 13 UK : 6
% imported	50,98% Austria : 2
Means authorised for capture	No captures were made
% reared in captivity	49,02%
Controls involved:	<input type="checkbox"/> Check the suitability of the facilities where the bird will house. <input type="checkbox"/> Annual review of the bird.
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	<input type="checkbox"/> In breeding projects, moulting and control paternity testing chickens obtained. Marking chickens with official community rings

Name of species: No. of birds captured from the wild each year	None since 1990 <i>Falco tinnunculus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	13
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	Germany: 8 UK : 1 Austria : 9
Origin of birds:	Czech Rep. : 8
Means authorised for capture % captured from the wild in the State	No captures were made
Controls involved	<input type="checkbox"/> Check the suitability of the facilities where the bird will house.
% imported	<input type="checkbox"/> Annual review of the bird. <input type="checkbox"/> In breeding projects, moulting and control paternity testing
% reared in captivity	100% chickens obtained. Marking chickens with official community rings

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
Name of species:	<i>Falco subbuteo</i>
No. of birds captured from the wild each year (after entry into force of the Convention)	None since 1990
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Origin of birds:	
Means authorised for capture % captured from the wild in the State	No captures were made
Controls involved	<input type="checkbox"/> Check the suitability of the facilities where the bird will house.
% imported	0% <input type="checkbox"/> Annual review of the bird.
% reared in captivity	0% <input type="checkbox"/> In breeding projects, moulting and control paternity testing chickens obtained. Marking chickens with official community rings

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
Name of species:	<i>Falco borni</i>
No. of birds captured from the wild each year (after entry into force of the Convention)	None since 1990
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Origin of birds:	
Means authorised for capture % captured from the wild in the State	No captures were made
Controls involved	<input type="checkbox"/> Check the suitability of the facilities where the bird will house.
% imported	<input type="checkbox"/> Annual review of the bird. <input type="checkbox"/> In breeding projects, moulting and control paternity testing
% reared in captivity	100% chickens obtained. Marking chickens with official community rings

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
Name of species:	<i>Falco columbarius</i>
No. of birds captured from the wild each year (after entry into force of the Convention)	None since 1990
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	Germany: 1
Origin of birds:	
Means authorised for capture % captured from the wild in the State	No captures were made
Controls involved	<input type="checkbox"/> Check the suitability of the facilities where the bird will house.
% imported	85,7% <input type="checkbox"/> Annual review of the bird. <input type="checkbox"/> In breeding projects, moulting and control paternity testing
% reared in captivity	14,2% chickens obtained. Marking chickens with official community rings

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	None since 1990
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	UK: 1
Means authorised for capture	No captures were made
Controls involved	<input type="checkbox"/> Check the suitability of the facilities where the bird will house. <input type="checkbox"/> Annual review of the bird. <input type="checkbox"/> In breeding projects, moulting and control paternity testing chickens obtained. Marking chickens with official community rings

CATALUÑA

me of species:	<i>Accipiter cooperi</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	70
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	50%
% reared in captivity	50%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	500-1000 p
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0

No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	7 – Germany 3 – Belgium 2 – Italy 1 – Malta. 17 – England 5 – Czech Rep.
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	28
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	39%
% reared in captivity	61%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	280.000-380.000 p
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 – Belgium 10 – England
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter tachiro</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	10
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	0
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	0
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Aegypius monachus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	0
% captured from the wild in the State	100%
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 France
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	0
% captured from the wild in the State	100%
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	92-102 pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 – Germany 1 – Czech Rep.
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Aquila fasciata</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	8
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	66 ppm
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	8 Belgium
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Aquila nipalensis.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 – Kazakhstan. 1 – Germany
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Aquila rapax</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	4
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	50%
% reared in captivity	50%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 – Germany 1 – Russia
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Aquila verreauxii</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 England
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Asio otus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	664 – 818 pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Czech Rep.
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Athene cunicularia</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	4
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	50%
% reared in captivity	50%

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	2 – Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Athene noctua.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	50%
% reared in captivity	50%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	8 -14.000 pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 – Czech Rep.
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Bubo africanus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	24
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	29%
% reared in captivity	71%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	7 – Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Bubo bengalensis.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 – Germany 1 – Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Bubo bubo</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	16
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	557-704 pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Bubo bubo bengalensis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	7
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Bubo virginianus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	5
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	40%
% reared in captivity	60%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	2 – Inlaterra.
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Buteo buteo</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	4
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 – Scotland 1 – Germany 2 – England
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Buteo jamaicensis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	15
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Buteo regalis.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Germany
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	Híbridos (<i>Falco spp.</i>)
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	614
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	26%
% reared in captivity	74%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	157 – Germany 2 – France 1 – Netherlands 1 – England
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Falco biarmicus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	41
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Falco cherrug</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	64
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	16%
% reared in captivity	84%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	9 – Germany 1 – Belgium
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Falco columbarius</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	5
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	91%
% reared in captivity	10%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 – England 2 – Czech Rep. 1 – Ireland
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Falco femoralis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	20
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Falco pelegrinoides</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	8
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	12%
% reared in captivity	88%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 – Czech Rep.
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	315
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	23%
% reared in captivity	79%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	12000 – 25000 pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	70 – Germany 2 – Canada 1 – England
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Falco rusticolus.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	193
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	75%
% reared in captivity	25%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	122 – Germany 23 – Canada 1 – Czech Rep.
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Falco sparverius.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	146
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	2%
% reared in captivity	98%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 – Germany 2 – Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Falco subbuteo.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	7
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	300-500 pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Falco tinnunculus.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	74
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	3%
% reared in captivity	97%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	2900 - 4500 pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 – Netherlands 1 – England
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Falco vespertinus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	3
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	2 – England 1 – Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Geranoaetus melanoleucus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	9
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Glaucidium brasilianum</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	6
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Gyps africanus.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	50%
% reared in captivity	50%

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 – Portugal.
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Haliaeetus leucocephalus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 – Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Milvus migrans</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	8
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	80 – 100 pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Milvus milvus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	25 - 30 pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 France
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Ninox boobook.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	16
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Nyctea scandiaca</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	13
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	90%
% reared in captivity	10%

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	4 – Germany 2 – Belgium 4 – Netherlands 1 – England
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Otus bakkamoena</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	2 Belgium
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Otus choliba.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	14
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	20%
% reared in captivity	80%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	2 Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Otus leucotis.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	12
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Parabuteo unicinctus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	333
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	3%
% reared in captivity	97%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	2 – Netherlands 5 – England 1 – Czech Rep. 1 – Portugal.
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Polyborus plancus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0%

% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Ptilopsis leucotis.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 England
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Pulsatrix perspicillata</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Sagittarius serpentarius</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	6
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Speotyto cunicularia.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Strix aluco.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	11000 - 15000 pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1- Czech Rep.
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Strix nebulosa</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	8
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	25%
% reared in captivity	75%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 – Germany 1 – Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Strix rufipes.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	2- Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Strix uralensis.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	3
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	33%
% reared in captivity	67%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1- Belgium
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Sturnia ulula</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	3
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	2 – England. 1 – Belgium.
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Terathopius ecaudatus.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1- England
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

Name of species:	<i>Tyto alba.</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	13
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	23%
% reared in captivity	77%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	2400 - 3100 pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	2 – Belgium 1 – Czech Rep.
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1 per year

EXTREMADURA

2011

Name of species:	<i>Falco cherrug</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	4
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	25%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	0
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 (Potugal)
Means authorised for capture	Nil
Controls involved	Technical staff and Medio Natural de la Dirección General de Medio Ambiente agents

Name of species:	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	11
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	9%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	2384-2690pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	4 17% Belgium 50% Germany
Means authorised for capture	Nil
Controls involved	Technical staff and Medio Natural de la Dirección General de Medio Ambiente agents

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	6000-10000pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	0
Means authorised for capture	Nil
Controls involved	Technical staff and Medio Natural de la Dirección General de Medio Ambiente agents

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	6
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0

% imported	67%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	3500-6500pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	17%
Means authorised for capture	Nil
Controls involved	Technical staff and Medio Natural de la Dirección General de Medio Ambiente agents

Name of species:	<i>Falco pelegrinoides</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	3
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the Stat	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	75pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	0
Means authorised for capture	Nil
Controls involved	Technical staff and Medio Natural de la Dirección General de Medio Ambiente agents

Name of species:	<i>Bubo bubo</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	5
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	10%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	2345 pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0

No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 10% Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	Nil
Controls involved	Technical staff and Medio Natural de la Dirección General de Medio Ambiente agents

Name of species:	<i>Falco biarmicus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	0
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	0
Means authorised for capture	Nil
Controls involved	Technical staff and Medio Natural de la Dirección General de Medio Ambiente agents

Name of species:	<i>Athene noctua</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	39.433pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	0
Means authorised for capture	Nil
Controls involved	Technical staff and Medio Natural de la Dirección General de Medio Ambiente agents

Name of species:	<i>Nyctea scandiaca</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	0
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	0
Means authorised for capture	Nil
Controls involved	Technical staff and Medio Natural de la Dirección General de Medio Ambiente agents

Name of species:	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	3
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	17.652pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	0
Means authorised for capture	Nil
Controls involved	Technical staff and Medio Natural de la Dirección General de Medio Ambiente agents

Name of species:	<i>Falco pærgurus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	14
Origin of birds:	
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	0
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	0
Means authorised for capture	Nil
Controls involved	Technical staff and Medio Natural de la Dirección General de Medio Ambiente agents

2012

% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	16%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	2384-2690pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	2 8% UK 8% Germany
Means authorised for capture	Nil
Name of species:	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Controls involved	Technical staff and Medio Natural de la Dirección General de Medio Ambiente agents

Origin of birds:	
Name of species:	<i>Falco peregrinoides</i>
% captured from the wild in the State	0
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
% imported	0
Origin of birds reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	6000-10000pp
% captured from the wild in the State	0
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
% imported	000%
% reared in captivity	100%
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	0
Means authorised for capture	Nil
Controls involved	Technical staff and Medio Natural de la Dirección General de Medio Ambiente agents

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	75pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	100% Portugal
Means authorised for capture	Nil
Controls involved	Technical staff and Medio Natural de la Dirección General de Medio Ambiente agents
Name of species:	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>

No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	4
Name of species of the Convention	<i>Tyto alba</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	50%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	3500-6500pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	2 25% Germany 25% Czech Republic
Means authorised for capture	Nil
Controls involved	Technical staff and Medio Natural de la Dirección General de Medio Ambiente agents

% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	50.400-90.500 pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	100% Belgium
Means authorised for capture	Nil
Controls involved	Technical staff and Medio Natural de la Dirección General de Medio Ambiente agents

LA RIOJA

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	4
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0%
% imported	25%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 (Austria)
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Yearly by forest officials

Name of species:	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	4
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0%
% imported	25%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 (Germany)
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Yearly by forest officials

Name of species:	<i>Tyto alba</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	4
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0%
% imported	25%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 (Belgium)
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Yearly by forest officials

Name of species:	<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0%
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 (Germany)
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Yearly by forest officials

Name of species:	<i>Bubo bubo</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0%
% imported	0%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	0
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Yearly by forest officials

MURCIA

Name of species:	<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Record fit, transfer or death

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter gentiles</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	29
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Record fit, transfer or death

Name of species:	<i>Bubo bubo</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	3
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Record fit, transfer or death

Name of species:	<i>Falco sparverius</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	7
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	0
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Record fit, transfer or death

Name of species:	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Record fit, transfer or death

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter nissus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	2
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Record fit, transfer or death

Name of species:	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	34
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	2384-2690 pp
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Record fit, transfer or death

Name of species:	<i>Falco rusticolus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	3
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Record fit, transfer or death

Name of species:	<i>Parabuteo unicinctus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	63
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Record fit, transfer or death

Name of species:	<i>Buteo jamaicensis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	3
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	0
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Record fit, transfer or death

Name of species:	<i>F. rusticolus x F. peregrinus</i> (hybrid)
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	13
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Record fit, transfer or death

Name of species:	<i>F. rusticolus x F. cherrug</i> (hybrid)
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	11
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Record fit, transfer or death

Name of species:	<i>F. peregrinus x F. sparverius</i> (hybrid)
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Record fit, transfer or death

Name of species:	<i>F. peregrinus x F. pelegrioides</i> (hybrid)
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	3
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Record fit, transfer or death

Name of species:	<i>Falco cherrug</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Record fit, transfer or death

Name of species:	<i>Falco biarmicus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Record fit, transfer or death

Name of species:	<i>Falco pelegrinoides</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Record fit, transfer or death

Name of species:	<i>Falco cherrug x F. peregrinus</i> (hybrid)
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Record fit, transfer or death

PAÍS VASCO

2011

Name of species:	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	from 2462 to 2804 Spain estimated pairs of peregrine falcon
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Diputación Foral de Álava Environmental monitoring

Name of species:	<i>Falco tinnuculus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	Unknown. No threatened
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Diputación Foral de Álava Environmental monitoring

Name of species:	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	
Origin of birds:	8
% captured from the wild in the State	
% imported	0%
% reared in captivity	25%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	75%
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Germany, 1 Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1

Name of species:	<i>Bubo bubo</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	3
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0%
% imported	66%
% reared in captivity	33%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Netherlands, 1 Belgium
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1

Name of species:	<i>Tyto alba</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0%
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	5
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0%
% imported	80%
% reared in captivity	20%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	3 England, 1 Germany
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0%
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 England
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1

Name of species:	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	4
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0%
% imported	0%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1

2012

Name of species:	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	of 2462-2804 estimated pairs of peregrine falcon in Spain
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Diputación Foral de Álava Environmental monitoring

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	100 % bred in captivity
% captured from the wild in the State	0
% imported	0
% reared in captivity	
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	Unknown
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	UK (England)
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	Diputación Foral de Álava Environmental monitoring

Name of species:	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	3
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0%
% imported	0%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	0
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1

Name of species:	<i>Tyto alba</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0%
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	1 Netherlands
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1

Name of species:	<i>Bubo bubo</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0%
% imported	0%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	0
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1

Name of species:	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	4
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0%
% imported	100%
% reared in captivity	0%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	3 England, 1 Germany
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1

Name of species:	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>
No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)	1
Origin of birds:	
% captured from the wild in the State	0%
% imported	0%
% reared in captivity	100%
Estimated population in the wild (in the State)	
No. of birds captured from the wild each year	0
No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)	
Means authorised for capture	
Controls involved	1

4. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES (ART. 7 APPENDIX III)⁴³

Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ⁴⁴	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ⁴⁵	Methods of capture	Impact on population
ANDALUCÍA						
2011						
<i>Acanthodactylus erythurus</i>	200	C	2 (1+23)	IV	Snares	Nil
<i>Alytes dickhilleni</i>	unknown	C	6 (6+5+2+23+3+14)	IV	By hand or net	Nil
<i>Austropotamobius pallipes</i>	unknown		1(21)	IV		Nil
<i>Barbus comiza</i>	unknown	C	1(4)	IV	Electrical devices capable of killing	Nil

⁴³ Kindly note that exceptions to species listed in Appendix III concern only those captured or killed using indiscriminate means of capture or killing and in particular methods specified in Appendix IV.

⁴⁴ A: Deliberate killing

B: Deliberate damage to or destruction of breeding or resting sites

C: Deliberate capture and keeping

D: Deliberate disturbance of wild fauna

E: Deliberate destruction or taking of eggs

F: Possession and internal trade

⁴⁵ i.: protection of flora /fauna

ii.: prevention of serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property

iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)

iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

					and stunning	
<i>Barbus microcephalus</i>	unknown	C	1(4)	IV	Electrical devices capable of killing and stunning	Nil
<i>Barbus sclateri</i>	unknown	C	5 (4+2+8+7 (GR))+6 (GR))	IV	Electrical devices capable of killing and stunning	Nil
<i>Blanus cinereus</i>	unknown	C	2(4+23)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Bufo bufo</i>	4	C	3 (3.CA)+10+8)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Chalcides striatus</i>	unknown	C	1(23)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Chondrostoma willkommii</i>	unknown	C	2 (2+8)	IV	Electrical devices capable of killing and stunning	Nil
<i>Chondrostoma lemmingii</i>	unknown	C	1 (2)	IV	Electrical devices capable of killing and stunning	Nil
<i>Cobitis paludicola</i>	unknown	C	1 (8)	IV	Electrical devices capable of killing and stunning	Nil
<i>Crocidura russula</i>	20	C	1 (5)	IV		Nil
<i>Crocidura suaveolens</i>	20	C	1 (5)	IV		Nil
<i>Lissotriton boscai</i>	unknown	C	1 (10)	IV	Electrical devices capable of killing and stunning	Nil

<i>Mauremys leprosa</i>	unknown	C	2 (4+3)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Pelodytes ibericus</i>	unknown	C	3 (3.CA+8+10)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Pelodytes punctatus</i>	unknown	C	2 (7+8)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Pleurodeles Walt</i>	50	C	3 (2+3 (CA)+10)	IV	By hand or net	Nil
<i>Podarcis carbonelli</i>	unknown	C	1 (23)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Psammodromus hispanicus</i>	unknown	C	1 (23)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Psammodromus algirus</i>	unknown	C	1 (23)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Salamandra salamandra</i>	50	C	4(2+ 3(CA)+8+14)	IV	By hand or aquatic sleeve	Nil
<i>Rana perezi</i>	unknown	C	3(CA)+7+8+10	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Tarentola mauritanica</i>	unknown	C	1 (23)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Triturus pygmaeus</i>	unknown	C	5 (6 +3. CA+8+10+14)	IV	By hand or aquatic sleeve	Nil
2012						
Name of the species	No. of specimens involved (when practical)	Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.) ⁴⁶	No. of licences	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ⁴⁷	Methods of capture	Impact on population
<i>Acanthodactylus erythurus</i>	90	C	1 (3)	IV	Snare, cane and by hand.	Nil
<i>Alytes dickhilleni</i>	unknown	C	3(4+6+5)	IV	By hand, nets	Nil
<i>Barbus sclateri</i>	unknown	C	1 (10)	IV	Electrical devices capable of killing and stunning	Nil

⁴⁶ A: Deliberate killing

B: Deliberate damage to or destruction of breeding or resting sites

C: Deliberate capture and keeping

D: Deliberate disturbance of wild fauna

E: Deliberate destruction or taking of eggs

F: Possession and internal trade

⁴⁷ i.: protection of flora /fauna

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<i>Bufo bufo</i>	unknown	C	1(11)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Chondrostoma willkommii</i>	unknown	C	1(10)	IV	Electrical devices capable of killing and stunning	Nil
<i>Cobitis paludicola</i>	unknown	C	1(13)	IV	Electrical devices capable of killing and stunning	Nil
<i>Coronella gironnica</i>	20	C	1(4)	IV	Fall traps, by hand	Nil
<i>Crocidura russula</i>	10	C	2 (5+6)	IV	Fall traps	Nil
<i>Crocidura suaveolens</i>	20	C	1 (4)	IV	Fall traps, by hand	Nil
<i>Eliomys quercinus</i>	unknown	C	5, indeterminate	IV, II	Fall traps	Nil
<i>Lissotriton boscai</i>	unknown	C	1 (139)	IV	Nets and electrical devices capable of killing and stunning	Nil
<i>Mauremys leprosa</i>	unknown	C	1 (MA)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Pelodytes ibericus</i>	unknown	C	2 (8+13)	IV	Nets and electrical devices capable of killing and stunning	Nil
<i>Pelodytes punctatus</i>	unknown	C	1 (13)	IV	Nets and electrical devices capable of killing and stunning	Nil
<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	Not specified	B	1 (6. HU)	III	Manual sealing shelters	Nil

<i>Pleurodeles Walt</i>	unknown	C	2 (8+13)	IV	Nets and electrical devices capable of killing and stunning	Nil
<i>Psammodromus edwardsians</i>	unknown	C	1 (2)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Psammodromus hispanicus</i>	unknown	C	1 (2)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Rana perezi</i>	unknown	C	3 (8+13+1)	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Salamandra salamandra</i>	unknown	C	2 (8+13)	IV		Nil
<i>Tarentola mauritanica</i>	50	C	1 (4)	IV	Snare, by hand, intersection traps	Nil
<i>Triturus marmoratus</i>	unknown	C	1	IV	By hand	Nil
<i>Triturus pygmaeus</i>	unknown	C	3 (4+6+13)	IV	Nets and electrical devices capable of killing and stunning	Nil
<i>Psammodromus occidentalis</i>	unknown	C	1 (2)	IV	By hand	Nil
ARAGÓN						
Name of the species	No. of individuals involved (when practical)	Exception made	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ⁴⁸	Impact on the population		
(1) <i>Graellsia isabellae</i>		1	IV	Significant bit. The specimens that are removed are those required for scientific sampling <i>Graellsia isabellae</i> (30 specimens)		
(2)Amphibians (Other species and generic licenses)		5	IV	Significant bit. The specimens are released after the data collection.		

⁴⁸ i.: protection of flora /fauna

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v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

<p>(3)<i>Lacerta bonnali</i>; <i>Lacerta monticola</i>; <i>Mauremys leprosa</i>; <i>Podarcis hispanica</i>; <i>Acanthodactylus erythurus</i>, <i>Chalcides chalcides</i>, <i>Anguis fragilis</i>, <i>Malpolon monspessulanus</i>, <i>Elaphe scalaris</i>, <i>Natrix maura</i>, <i>Natrix Matrix</i>, <i>Lacerta vivipara</i>, <i>Podarcis liolepis</i></p>		5	IV	<p>Significant bit. Sacrifice (being necessary for scientific study) 2 males and 2 females of <i>Lacerta bonnali</i> is authorized. In other species, the animals captured are released after the data collection.</p>
<p>(4) Fish (Other species and generic licenses)</p>		24	IV	<p>Significant bit. The specimens are released after capture.</p>
<p>(5) <i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>, <i>Sturnus unicolor</i>, <i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i></p>		(See notes)	II	<p>Significant bit</p>
<p>(6) Chiropterans(every species) <i>Meles meles</i> <i>Neomys fodiens</i>, <i>Neomys anomalus</i> <i>Micromammals</i> (every species)</p>		5	IV	<p>Significant bit</p>

CANARIAS				
Name of the species	No. of individuals involved (when practical)	Exception made	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ⁴⁹	Impact on the population
<i>Gallotia intermedia</i> (Lagarto moteado de Tenerife)		2	- Scientific Research (ethological study through distance observation - binoculars - in sunlight activity, displacement and food). - Study monitoring, cartographic representation, diagnosis conservation status	- Nil (given the interaction with no issues).
<i>Gallotia galloti insulanagae</i> (Lagarto de El Roque)	25	1	Scientific Research (analyzing the role of interspecific competition in the evolution of gigantism)	Just will be collected for the collection of biometric data collection of excrement for determining the diet.
<i>Buteo buteo</i> (Ratonero)	5	4	Research (ringing)	Small
<i>Fringilla teydea polatzeki</i> (Pinzul)	20	2	Release of captive bred	
<i>Globicephala macrorhynchus</i> (Roaz)	-	9	Cetacean watching educational and research purposes - Dolphin Therapy - Transfer of skeleton for museum exhibition. Divulgation	Small
<i>Balaenoptera borealis</i> (Rorcual norteño)	-	3	Divulgation (Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images))	Small
<i>Stenella frontalis</i> (Delfín moteado)	-	4	Cetacean watching educational and research purposes. - Dolphin Therapy	Small

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v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

			- Divulgation (Photo Img taking.)	
<i>Balaenoptera edeni</i> (Rorcual tropical)	-	6	Cetacean watching educational and research purposes - Dolphin Therapy - Transfer of skeleton for museum exhibition. Divulgation	Small
<i>Balaenoptera physalus</i> (Rorcual común)	-	3	Divulgation (Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images)	Small
<i>Balaenoptera acutorostrata</i> (Rorcual aliblanco)	-	3	Divulgation (Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images)	Small
<i>Physeter macrocephalus</i> (Cachalote)	-	3	Divulgation (Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images)	Small
<i>Kogia breviceps</i> (Cachalote pigmeo)	-	3	Divulgation (Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images)	Small
<i>Kogia simas</i> (Cachalote enano)	-	3	Divulgation (Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images)	Small
<i>Mesoplodon densirostris</i> (Zifio de Blainville)	-	3	Divulgation (Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images)	Small
<i>Mesoplodon europeus</i> (Zifio de Gervais)	-	3	Divulgation (Cetacean watching educational and research purposes (taking photographic images)	Small
<i>Leganodelphis hosei</i> (Delfin de Fraiser)	-	2	Divulgation	Small

<i>Accipiter nisus</i> (Gavilán)	10-50	5	Research (ringing)	Small
<i>Corvus corax</i> (cuervo)	20-60	5	Research (ringing)	Small
<i>Fringilla coelebs</i> (pinzón común)	40-60	4	Research (ringing)	Small
<i>Pandion haliaetus</i> (águila pescadora)	20-100	5	Research (ringing)	Small
<i>Scolopax rusticola</i> (chocha perdiz)	40-80	5	Research (ringing)	Small
<i>Neophron pernopterus majorensis</i> (guirre)	-	1	Research (ringing)	Small
CASTILLA-LA MANCHA				
Name of the species	No. of individuals involved (when practical)	Exception made	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ⁵⁰	Impact on the population
(1) <i>Elyomis quercinus</i>	2	Slaughter	I	Moderate
(2) <i>Salaria fluviatilis</i> <i>Cobitis paludica</i> <i>Iberochondros toma lemmingii</i> <i>Iberocypris alburnoides</i> <i>Squalius pyrenaicus</i> <i>Pseudochondrostoma willkommii</i> <i>Luciobarbus sclateri</i>	1	Capture	IV	Moderate

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<i>Luciobarbus microcephalus</i> <i>Luciobarbus comiza</i>				
(3) <i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6	Capture	IV	Moderate
CASTILLA Y LEÓN				
Name of the species	No. of individuals involved (when practical)	Exception made	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ⁵¹	Impact on the population
<i>Graellsia isabelae</i>		Capture and release		
<i>Martes foina</i>		Capture and release		
<i>Mustela nivalis</i>		Capture and release		
<i>Mustela putorius</i>		Capture and release		
CATALUÑA				
Name of the species	No. of individuals involved (when practical)	Exception made	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ⁵²	Impact on the population
<i>Atelerix algirus</i>	Indet.	6	IV	
<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellu</i>	Indet.	2	IV	
<i>Cetacea</i>	Indet.	3	I/IV	
<i>Vulpes vulpes</i> , <i>Felis sylvestris</i> , <i>Martes martes</i> , <i>Martes foina</i> , <i>Genetta genetta</i> , <i>Meles meles</i> .	Indet.	8	IV	
All mammal species	Indet.	108	IV	
<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	Indet.	13	IV	

⁵¹ i.: protection of flora /fauna

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iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)

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⁵² i.: protection of flora /fauna

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<i>Tetrao urogallus</i>	10	10	IV	
<i>Lacerta agilis</i>	Indet.	2	IV	
<i>Bufo bufo</i> , <i>Pelodytes punctatus</i> , <i>Pelophylax perezii</i> , <i>Discoglossus pictus</i> , <i>Hyla meridionalis</i> , <i>Rana temporaria</i> , <i>Salamandra salamandra</i> , <i>Triturus marmoratus</i> , <i>Lissotriton helveticus</i> .	Indet.	47	I/IV	
EXTREMADURA				
2011				
Name of the species	No. of individuals involved (when practical)	Exception made	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ⁵³	Impact on the population
<i>Anas acuta</i> , <i>Anas clypeata</i> , <i>Anas crecca</i> , <i>Anas platyrhincos</i> , <i>Anas streppera</i> , <i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i> , <i>Limosa limosa</i> , <i>Sterna albifrons</i>	<i>Anas acuta</i> (0), <i>Anas clypeata</i> (0), <i>Anas crecca</i> (0), <i>Anas platyrhincos</i> (0), <i>Anas streppera</i> (0), <i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i> (34), <i>Limosa limosa</i> (0), <i>Sterna albifrons</i> (0)	10	IV	Nil

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<i>Apus apus</i>	indeterminated	56	III	Nil
<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	indeterminated	57	II	Negative
<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>	indeterminated	395	II	Negative
<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	indeterminated	52	II	Negative
<i>Serinus serinus</i>	1235	373	V	Negative
<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	0	2	III	Nil
<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	0	4	IV	Nil
2012				
<i>Apus apus</i>	0	46	III	Nil
<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	2380	84	II	Negative
<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>	142926	531	II	Negative
<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	2605	113	II	Negative
<i>Serinus serinus</i>	1262	363	V	Negative
<i>Passer hispaniolensis</i>	indeterminated	1	II	Nil
<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	0	4	III	Nil
<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	28	4	IV	Nil
<i>Salamandra salamandra</i>	14	5	IV	Nil

NAVARRA				
2011				
Name of the species	No. of individuals involved (when practical)	Exception made	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ⁵⁴	Impact on the population
Micromammals		3	IV	Not appreciable
Mammals of the region of Pamplona(1)		2	IV	Not appreciable
Micromammals		6	IV	Not appreciable
Micromammals		6	IV	Not appreciable
2012				
Micromammals		7	IV	Not appreciable
Micromammals		1	IV	Not appreciable
Micromammals		4	IV	Not appreciable
PAÍS VASCO				
2011				
Name of the species	No. of individuals involved (when practical)	Exception made	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ⁵⁵	Impact on the population
(1) <i>Austroprotamobius pallipes</i>	46	1	IV	positive
(2) <i>Salmo salar</i> (breedings)	9	1	IV	minimum
(2) <i>Salmo salar</i> (fingerlings)	286	1	IV	Not appreciable
(2) <i>Salmo salar</i> (adults)	279	1	IV	Not appreciable

⁵⁴ i.: protection of flora /fauna

ii.: prevention of serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property

iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)

iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

⁵⁵ i.: protection of flora /fauna

ii.: prevention of serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property

iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)

iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

2012				
Name of the species	No. of individuals involved (when practical)	Exception made	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ⁵⁶	Impact on the population
(3) <i>Austropotamobius pallipes</i>	58	1	IV	Positive
(4) <i>Salmo salar</i> (breedings)	12	1	IV	Minimum
(4) <i>Salmo salar</i> (fingerlings)	512	1	IV	Not appreciable
(4) <i>Salmo salar</i> (adults)	56	1	IV	Not appreciable
VALENCIA				
Name of the species	No. of individuals involved (when practical)	Exception made	Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.) ⁵⁷	Impact on the population
<i>Austropotamobius pallipes</i>		1	IV	

Where appropriate, please add a text providing information on:

Information on the conservation status of the derogated species	PAÍS VASCO -(1, 3) Endangered in the Basque Endangered Species List . (2, 4) Species not list.
The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled	CANARIAS -Gobierno de Canarias CASTILLA-LA MANCHA -(1) Consejería de Agricultura-Servicios Periféricos de Albacete (2) Consejería de Agricultura-Servicios Periféricos de Ciudad Real (3) Dirección General de Montes y Espacios Naturales PAÍS VASCO -(1, 2, 3, 4) Diputación Foral de Guipúzcoa CATALUÑA - Servei de Biodiversitat i Protecció dels Animals, Subdirecció de Biodiversitat, Direcció General de Medi Natural i Biodiversitat. Departament d'Agricultura, Ramaderia, Pesca, Alimentació i Medi Natural.
Conditions of risk and the circumstances and	ARAGÓN - (1, 2 and 6) The period when captures are authorized usually one year. Scope of authorization: Aragon

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⁵⁷ i.: protection of flora /fauna

ii.: prevention of serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property

iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)

iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

<p>the time and place under which exception where granted</p>	<p>(3) The period when captures are authorized usually one year. Scope of authorization: Aragon, Pyrenees, Gallego River Basin (4) The period when captures are authorized usually one year. Scope of authorization: Guadalopillo rivers, Bergantes, Gallego, Ebro, Cinca, Huerva, Ésera, Isábena, Ara, Jucar, mountain lakes in the Pyrenees and salty lagoons of the Ebro valley, Gallocanta, Jiloca Manubles river, reservoir Yesa, Turia river Guadalope, Matarrana, reservoirs Cave Foradada Grief Tranquera, Las Torcas, Mezalocha (5) Scope: Aragon</p> <p>CANARIAS -One license for <i>Gallotia</i> intermediate species, data collection was performed by remote observation of the specimens with binoculars and video filming, without interference. - For other licenses follow-up study was performed, cartographic representation, diagnosis conservation status, file photo lab in digital format. - For the authorization of species <i>Gallotia galloti insulanagae</i> and <i>Gallotia symonyii</i> specimens were collected using traps and falling to-firmed biometrics and later released. - For the license of the specimens of the genus <i>Columba</i>, only feathers from molt were collected. - For whale watching activities for purposes of research, education, the films are made in apnea underwater filming and only two people can simultaneously participate.</p> <p>PAÍS VASCO-(1, 3) Female with proposals for translocation specimens are removed, overlooking the reintroduction and / or enhancement of populations. Males are collected for scientific studies of resistance to aphanomycosis tested. Is also used to save populations endangered by habitat transformation due to infrastructure projects. (2, 4) During the entrance to rivers for reproduction in the case of adult specimens. It is done by trapping scales are reviewed daily. At the end of the dry season for the estimates of reproductive success in the case of juveniles. After the capture of biometric data are immediately released</p>
<p>The controls involved</p>	<p>ARAGÓN-Authorizations can be monitored by agents of Nature Protection and other law enforcement and technicians environment of the Gobierno de Aragón, especially in protected natural areas. They should submit a report after the completion of approved activities Aragon Institute of Environmental Management</p> <p>CASTILLA-LA MANCHA-(1, 2) Enviromental Agents (3) Administration Staff</p> <p>PAÍS VASCO- (1, 2, 3, 4) Administration Staff</p> <p>CATALUÑA- Nominal released in which scientific support is required</p>
<p>Justification for derogation for a species in an unfavourable</p>	<p>CANARIAS- Scientific research</p> <p>CASTILLA-LA MANCHA-(2) Research fishing PAÍS VASCO- (1, 3) Useful as population monitoring, improved</p>

conservation status	populations and apply scientific knowledge to the management. (2, 4) Necessary for population status, population trends and reproductive success
Alternative solutions considered and scientific data to compare them	PAÍS VASCO- (1, 2, 3) The method is considered more effective and harmless.
Results of derogations (e.g. Cumulative effects and compensation measures where relevant)	<p>CASTILLA-LA MANCHA-(1) 4,000 specimens slaughtered.</p> <p>PAÍS VASCO- (1, 3) No adverse cumulative effects are noticed. Necessary for survival and improvement of populations. (2, 4) No adverse cumulative effects are noticed. Very few exceptions, all are recovered instantly fingerlings released.</p>
Comments/notes	<p>ANDALUCÍA- The number of physical licenses (number of decisions) and the number of dealers in each case are included in the number of authorizations. (CA)= Cádiz, (HU) = Huelva, (GR)= Granada, (AL)= Almería, (MA)= Málaga and (CO)= Córdoba, are andalusian regions. We proceeded to include a column with the prohibited means used in previous appendices.</p> <p>ARAGÓN-(4) Nonselective electrical means are used to stun and capture possible (5) <u>No. of licences</u> without determining the exact number. The species listed include generic licenses to prevent serious damage to crops, which in some cases include only common species not listed in Annex III of the Convention.</p> <p>CASTILLA-LA MANCHA-(1) The specimens were sacrificed and gave to the Recovery Center of Wild Fauna Albacete for raptor food.</p> <p>NAVARRA-(1) It is a license for obtaining photographs. In the region of Pamplona, pretty humanized, mammals are observed, in addition to micromammals: wild boar, hare, rabbit, deer, badger, genet, mustelids (marten, European mink, polecat, marten, weasel), hedgehog, mole, water rat, squirrel and dormouse.</p> <p>PAÍS VASCO- (1, 3) Despite not being approved Recovery Plan crab, these actions respond to a series of measures for the recovery of the species. (2, 4) All these actions are performed under Plan reintroduction of Atlantic salmon in the rivers of Gipuzkoa. Although adult extraction elements detract in the natural population of individuals, their fate restocking nursery resulting in improved stock specimens.</p>

5. EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING THE USE OF MEANS OF CAPTURE AND KILLING SPECIFIED IN APPENDIX IV

ANDALUCÍA-We proceeded to include a column with the prohibited means used in previous appendices.

Name of the species	No. of specimens (when practical)	No. of licences	Reasons (art. 8, a. to e.) ⁵⁸	Method used ⁵⁹	Impact on the population
ARAGÓN					
Chiropterans(every species) <i>Meles meles</i> Neomys <i>fodiens, Neomys anomalus</i> Micromammals(every species)		5	IV	Authorizing capture and death, including the use of nets and hunting during the breeding.	Significant bit
CASTILLA-LA MANCHA					
<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>		450	B	Snare	Not rated
CASTILLA Y LEÓN					
Name of the species	No. of specimens (when practical)	No. of licences	Reasons (art. 8, a. to e.) ⁶⁰	Method used ⁶¹	Impact on the population
<i>Canis lupus</i>	14	18	b	14	minimun
CATALUÑA					
Name of the species	No. of specimens (when practical)	No. of licences	Reasons (art. 8, a. to e.) ⁶²	Method used ⁶³	Impact on the population

⁵⁸ A. Protection of flora and fauna

B. To prevent serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property

C. In the interests of public health and safety / air safety / overriding public interests

D. For research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

E. Taking, keeping or other judicious exploitation of certain wild animals and plants in small numbers and under certain conditions (see art. 8)

⁵⁹ Choose from article 8 : 1 to 18 – See for reference pages 6-7 of this document

⁶⁰ A. Protection of flora and fauna

B. To prevent serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property

C. In the interests of public health and safety / air safety / overriding public interests

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⁶¹ Choose from article 8 : 1 to 18 – See for reference pages 6-7 of this document

⁶² A. Protection of flora and fauna

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⁶³ Choose from article 8 : 1 to 18 – See for reference pages 6-7 of this document

All species of terrestrial mammals.	Indet.	170	d	1, 11	
All species of birds	150.579	376	d	10	
<i>Mauremys leprosa</i>	Indet.	23	d	11	
GALICIA					
Name of the species	No. of specimens (when practical)	No. of licences	Reasons (art. 8, a. to e.) ⁶⁴	Method used ⁶⁵	Impact on the population
<i>Galemys pyrenaicus</i>		3	D	11	No appreciable, release to the environment
<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	50 (max)	1	D	10	No appreciable, release to the environment
<i>Myotis bechsteini</i>	6	1	D	10	No effect, release to the environment
<i>Myotis emarginatus;</i> <i>Myotis myotis;</i> <i>Rhinolophus euryale;</i> <i>Rhinolophus ferrumequinum</i>	100 (max)	1	D	10	No effect, release to the environment
<i>Canis lupus</i>		5	D	11	No appreciable, release to the environment (ringing)
<i>Actitis hypoleucos;</i> <i>Arenaria interpres;</i> <i>Calidris alba;</i> <i>Calidris alpina;</i> <i>Calidris canutus;</i> <i>Calidris ferruginea;</i> <i>Limosa lapponica;</i> <i>Limosa limosa;</i> <i>Pluvialis apricaria;</i> <i>Pluvialis squatarola;</i> <i>Tringa</i>		2	D	10	No appreciable, release to the environment (ringing)

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⁶⁵ Choose from article 8 : 1 to 18 – See for reference pages 6-7 of this document

<i>erythropus;</i> <i>Tringa</i> <i>nebularia;</i> <i>Tringa totanus</i>					
<i>Emberiza schoeniclus;</i> <i>Emberiza schoeniclus lusitanica</i>		3	D	10	No appreciable, release to the environment (ringing)
Birds (but spp endangered)		47	D	10	No appreciable, release to the environment (ringing)
<i>Anas acuta;</i> <i>Anas clypeata;</i> <i>Anas crecca;</i> <i>Anas penelope;</i> <i>Anas platyrhynchos;</i> Occasionally other <i>Anatidae</i>		2	D	10	No appreciable, release to the environment (ringing)
<i>Circus cyaneus;</i> <i>Circus pygargus</i>		1	D	11	No appreciable, release to the environment (ringing)
<i>Anthus campestris</i>		3	D	10	No appreciable, release to the environment (ringing)
EXTREMADURA					
2011					
Name of the species	No. of specimens (when practical)	No. of licences	Reasons (art. 8, a. to e.) ⁶⁶	Method used ⁶⁷	Impact on the population
<i>Anas acuta,</i> <i>Anas clypeata,</i> <i>Anas crecca,</i> <i>Anas platyrhincos,</i> <i>Anas streppera,</i> <i>Gelochelidon nilotica,</i> <i>Limosa limosa,</i> <i>Sterna albifrons,</i> <i>Glareola pratincola</i>	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i> (34) Leftover (0)	10	IV	10	Nil
<i>Bulbucus ibis</i>	indetermined	1	III	9	Nil
<i>Tyto alba</i>	1	1	III	9	Nil
<i>Cyanopica</i>	indetermined	3	II	9	Nil

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⁶⁷ Choose from article 8 : 1 to 18 – See for reference pages 6-7 of this document

<i>cyanus</i>	nated				
<i>Merops apiaster</i>	indetermined	1	II	9	Nil
<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	indetermined	57	II	14	Negative
<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>	indetermined	395	II	14	Negative
<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	indetermined	52	II	14	Negative
Birds generally	3959	43	IV	10	Nil
<i>Circus pygargus</i> , <i>Circus aeroginosus</i> , <i>Circus cyaneus</i>	<i>Circus pygargus</i> (119), <i>Circus aeroginosus</i> (9), <i>Circus cyaneus</i> (0)	6	IV	10	Nil
<i>Carduelis carduelis</i> , <i>Carduelis chloris</i> , <i>Carduelis cannabina</i> , <i>Serinus serinus</i>	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i> (1011) <i>Carduelis chloris</i> (1236) <i>Carduelis cannabina</i> (1214) <i>Serinus serinus</i> (1235)	373	V	10	Negative
<i>Plecotus austriacus</i>	1	4	IV	10	Nil
<i>Eptesicus isabellinus</i>	68	4	IV	10	Nil
<i>Pipistrellus kuhli</i>	10	4	IV	10	Nil
<i>Myotis bechsteini</i>	2	4	IV	10	Nil
<i>Myotis escalerae</i>	2	4	IV	10	Nil
<i>Myotis daubentonii</i>	16	4	IV	10	Nil
<i>Rhinolophus ferrumequinum</i>	1	4	IV	10	Nil
<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	0	4	IV	10	Nil
2012					
<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	indetermined	1	B	9	Nil
<i>Cyanopica cyanus</i>	indetermined	4	B	9	Nil
<i>Merops apiaster</i>	indetermined	6	B	9	Nil

<i>Circus pygargus</i>	6	6	D	10	Nil
<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>	6	3	D	10	Nil
<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	70	1	D	10	Nil
<i>Passer hispaniolensis</i>	indetermined	1	B	9	Nil
<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	2380	84	B	14	Negative
<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>	142926	531	B	14	Negative
<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	2605	113	B	14	Negative
<i>Carduelis carduelis</i> <i>Carduelis chloris</i> <i>Carduelis cannabina</i> , <i>Serinus serinus</i>	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i> (1180) <i>Carduelis chloris</i> (1256) <i>Carduelis cannabina</i> (1258) <i>Serinus serinus</i> (1262)	363	E	10	Negative
<i>Eptesicus isabellinus</i>	90	4	D	10	Nil
<i>Eptesicus serotinus</i>	45	4	D	10	Nil
<i>Pipistrellus kuhli</i>	47	4	D	10	Nil
<i>Myotis myotis</i>	40	4	D	10	Nil
<i>Miniopterus schreibersi</i>	4	4	D	10	Nil
<i>Myotis emarginatus</i>	1	4	D	10	Nil
<i>Myotis bechsteini</i>	0	4	D	10	Nil
<i>Myotis escalerae</i>	11	4	D	10	Nil
<i>Myotis daubentonii</i>	2	4	D	10	Nil
<i>Rhinolophus ferrumequinum</i>	1	4	D	10	Nil
<i>Tadarida teniotis</i>	1	4	D	10	Nil
<i>Hypsugo savii</i>	18	4	D	10	Nil
<i>Mauremys leprosa</i>	28	4	D	10	Nil
<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	28	4	D	10	Nil

LA RIOJA					
Name of the species	No. of specimens (when practical)	No. of licences	Reasons (art. 8, a. to e.) ⁶⁸	Method used ⁶⁹	Impact on the population
<i>Galemys pyrenaicus</i>	38	1	D	11	No impact. Capture and release
<i>Mustela lutreola</i>	38	1	D	11	No impact. Capture and release
<i>Microchiroptera</i>	342	2	D	10	No impact. Capture and release
<i>Austropotamobius pallipes</i>	593	1	D	11	Very low impact. Capture and retention
<i>Emys orbicularis</i>	5	1	D	11	No impact. Capture and release
<i>Mauremys leprosa</i>	3	1	D	11	No impact. Capture and release
NAVARRA					
2011					
Name of the species	No. of specimens (when practical)	No. of licences	Reasons (art. 8, a. to e.) ⁷⁰	Method used ⁷¹	Impact on the population
Fox(1)		3	A	Snare	Small
2012					
Fox(1)		3	A	Snare	Small
PAÍS VASCO					
2011					
Name of the species	No. of specimens (when practical)	No. of licences	Reasons (art. 8, a. to e.) ⁷²	Method used ⁷³	Impact on the population
<i>Mustela lutreola</i>	3	1	D	11	minimum
<i>Salmo salar</i> (broodstocks)	9	1	D	11	minimum

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⁶⁹ Choose from article 8 : 1 to 18 – See for reference pages 6-7 of this document

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⁷³ Choose from article 8 : 1 to 18 – See for reference pages 6-7 of this document

<i>Salmo salar</i> (fingerlings)	286	1	D	4	Not appreciable
<i>Salmo salar</i>	279	1	D	11	Not appreciable
2012					
Name of the species	No. of specimens (when practical)	No. of licences	Reasons (art. 8, a. to e.) ⁷⁴	Method used ⁷⁵	Impact on the population
<i>Mustela lutreola</i>	3	1	D	11	minimum
<i>Salmo salar</i> (reproductores)	12	1	D	11	Minimum
<i>Salmo salar</i> (fingerlings)	512	1	D	4	Not appreciable
<i>Salmo salar</i> (adults)	56	1	D	11	Not appreciable
VALENCIA					
Name of the species	No. of specimens (when practical)	No. of licences	Reasons (art. 8, a. to e.) ⁷⁶	Method used ⁷⁷	Impact on the population
<i>Emys orbicularis</i>		10	D	10	
<i>Microtus cabrerai</i>		1	D	11	
<i>Serinus serinus</i>		1	D	10	

(1) **NAVARRA**- Foxes in bustard areas

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⁷⁷ Choose from article 8 : 1 to 18 – See for reference pages 6-7 of this document