EUROPARC Federation



People
Passion
Protected Areas
40 Years Working for Nature





Snowdonia Wales



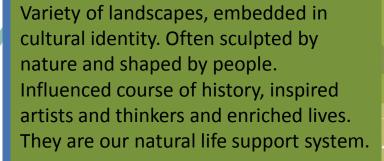
Kemeri , Latvia



Cevennes, France



Skaftafell Iceland



These protected areas represent the land that is our inheritance, - we hold it in trust for those who come after us.



Jostedalsbreen Norway



Ferto hansag Hungary



Goreme Turkey



La Albufera Spain

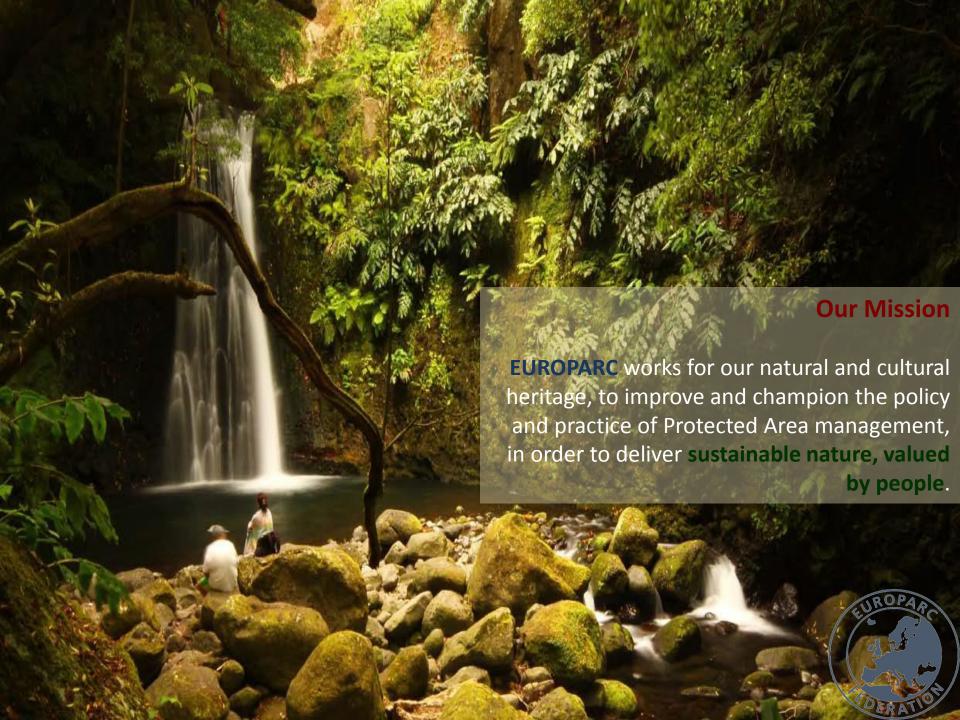


Triglav Slovenia



Piatra Ciaiului Romania





Nature knows no boundaries.....so EUROPARC

is founded on the principle that the future protection and conservation of nature is achieved through

INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION.

International cooperation works best through PERSONAL CONTACT.

That through personal contact comes

EXPERIENCES, KNOWLEDGE AND INNOVATION.

This delivers better support and management of protected areas which ensures the FUTURE PROTECTION AND CONSERVATION OF NATURE . ..

because Nature knows no boundaries......



Sometime you need to change your perspective





EUROPARC: Links with N2000

Natura 2000 sites cover 37% of the overall EUROPARC members surface.

14% of the total terrestrial Natura 2000 site areas are managed by EUROPARC members

56%, in terms of number (319), and 59%, in terms of surface (3.911.026 ha), of Natura 2000 sites are managed by EUROPARC agency or authority members

Where EUROPARC members are not directly responsible for the Natura 2000 site management, in many cases they are indirectly involved in their management, e.g. working at strategic and political level for the Natura 2000 Network, or coordinating the development of management plans

Links with Emerald: members and links in many countries, making full use of EUROPARC network and programmes.

The warnings about global warming have been extremely clear from some time. We are facing a global climate crisis [...] We are entering a period of consequences.

Al Gore (USA)

The State of Europe's Biodiversity in 2010

In 2010 the European Environment Agency (EEA), in collaboration with the European Commission, produced an EU Biodiversity Baseline which summarises the latest information on the status and trends of biodiversity and ecosystem components in Europe. This baseline, which is based on a series of indicators, provides a reference point for measuring changes in the state of Europe's biodiversity over the next ten years.

By 2020, a set of biodiversity indicators should help determine whether there has been an overall improvement in the state of Europe's biodiversity, in particular whether the following has been achieved:

 A reduction in the number of species threatened with extinction. Currently almost 25% of European animal species face the risk of extinction.

- An increase in the number of species and habitat types protected under EU nature legislation that are in favourable conservation status. At present only 17% of assessed habitats and species are in a favourable conservation status.
- An improvement in the state of ecosystems and the services they provide. Most of Europe's ecosystems are now assessed to be degraded.
- A strengthening of Europe's green infrastructure.
 Today, nearly 30% of the EU-27 territory is considered to be highly to moderately fragmented.
- A decline in the over-exploitation of natural resources, Europeans currently consume more than twice what the EU's land and sea can deliver in terms of natural resources.

Group/IU category		Species (%) within the EU-27 threatened with extinction
1	Mammals – marine	25%
-	Mammals – terrestrial	15%
-	Birds	12%
740	Amphibians	22%
	Reptiles	21%
	Dragonflies	16%
	Butterflies	7%





You Really Never Realize
What You Have
Till It's Gone...

Toilet Paper Is A Good Example.









John Muir (UK/USA)





Tourism is relevant for parks and their communities.

An opportunity and a big challenge:

Loving them to death?

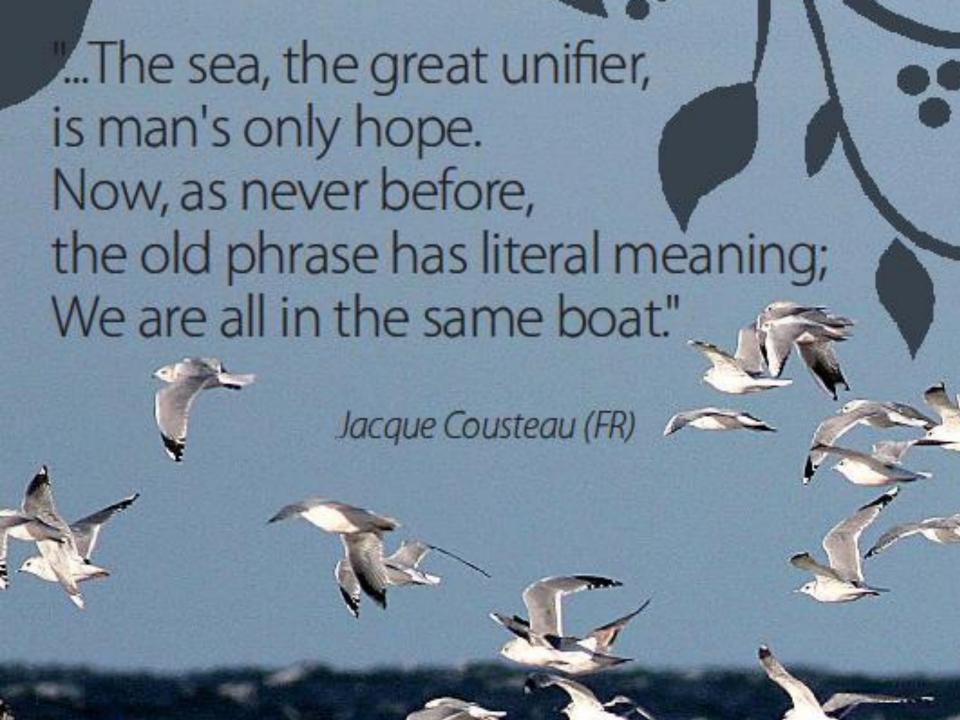
- Almost 150 parks with the "charter" in 14 countries.
- In Spain 20M visits to park facilities in 2011
- In our charter parks, 441M Euros were invested in sustainable tourism actions (2012)







Victor Hugo (FR)





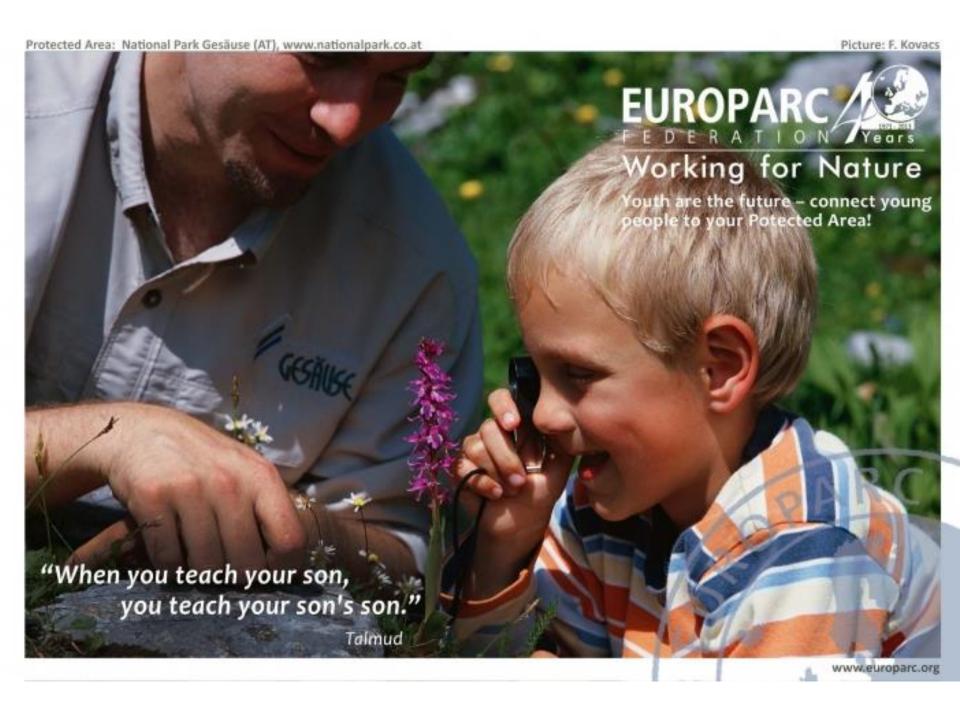
Transboundary Parks – Following Nature's Design"

- •10 certified transboundary parks formed by 23 protected areas from 11 countries
- •Total area of more than 800,000 ha
- •More than 280,000 ha of Natura 2000 areas within the certified PAs
- •Around **1000 staff members** employed in the certified Pas
- Positive effect on endangered species reported in 62% of the surveyed PAs.
- •Positive effect on sustainable tourism development in 54% of the PAs

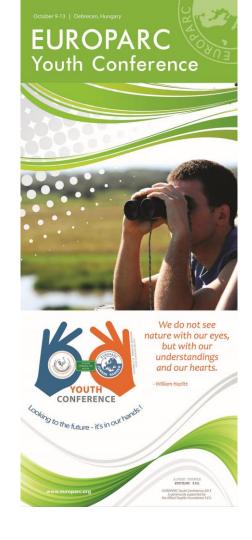
Frontier on the map, cooperation in mind







www.europarc.org



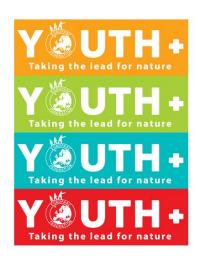
EUROPARC Federation has a long established Junior Ranger programme which involves 32 Protected Areas across 14 different EU countries, and brings together about 5000 youths every year.

Annual International Junior Ranger camp interacts with rangers across many countries who themselves engage with young people.

1st International youth conference, Hungary, 2013.

New international youth+ camp , Catalonia, Spain 2015









Health and Protected Areas Working Group







It's all a bit too much for park managers......



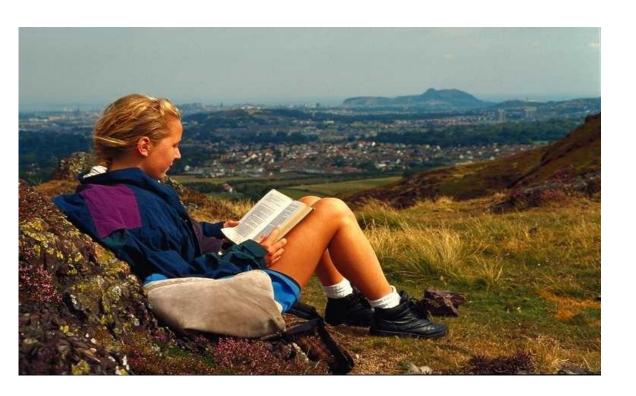


Online Learning being developed with Pro Parks (RO)

Communications manual and Toolkit







We have a twenty-first century responsibility of great importance. To meet the challenges, promote new creative approaches and thinking and make new partnerships. Our EMERALD sites are a significant component

It is to proclaim anew the meaning and value of Protected Areas, of biodiversity, conservation, and recreation; to expand the learning opportunities and share that knowledge broadly;

and to encourage **People** to experience and **CONNECT WITH** these special **Places**



Microcosmos naturae, sedes hominum, theatrum historiae, eutopia futuris

The Microcosum of Nature, The Home of Man, The Theatre of History, The Good Place of the Future, Patrick Geddes

