

**Project CyberSouth:** Cooperation on cybercrime in the Southern Neighbourhood Region

#### **Cooperation on cybercrime within the CyberSouth project**

Eurojust, The Hague, Netherlands, 7-8 March 2018

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On behalf of the CyberSouth Project





Implemented by the Council of Europe

www.coe.int/cybersouth



Title	CyberSouth – Cooperation on cybercrime in the Southern Neighbourhood Region
<b>Priority countries</b>	Algeria, Jordan, Lebanon, Morocco and Tunisia
Duration	36 months (mid-2017 / mid-2020)
Budget	EUR 3.3 million
Funding	European Union and Council of Europe
Implementation	C-PROC (Council of Europe Programme Office on cybercrime)



# adresses challenges on cybercrime and electronic evidence...

#### **Challenges**

- The scale and quantity of cybercrime, devices, users and victim
- The issue of electronic evidence
- Availability of data
- Technical challenges
- Cloud computing, territoriality and jurisdiction
- Mutual legal assistance



#### **Established under Article 46 Budapest Convention**

#### Membres

(statut octobre 2017):

- 56 Members (State Parties)
- 14 Observer States
- 10 International
  organisations (African
  Union Commission, ENISA,
  European Union, Europol,
  INTERPOL, ITU, OAS, OECD,
  OSCE, UNODC)

## **Functions:**

- Assessments of the implementation of the Convention by the Parties
- Guidance Notes
- Draft legal instruments
- Etc.



#### **Treaty open for accession (article 37)**

Phase 1:

- A country with legislation in place or advanced stage
- Letter from Government to CoE expressing interest in accession
- Consultations (CoE/Parties) in view of decision to invite
- Invitation to accede

Phase 2:

- Domestic procedure (e.g. decision by national Parliament)
- Deposit of the instrument of accession



Capacity building

- Cybercrime strategies and policies
- Reporting system mechanism
- Legislation
- Specialised services
- LEA training
- Training for the judiciary
- Public-private cooperation
- International cooperation



- Legal framework on cybercrime strengthened in line with the requirements of human rights and rule of law safeguards
  - → international cooperation facilitated
- Specialised units on cybercrime strengthened through experience sharing, the set up of standard operating procedure for electronic evidence, good practice for information exchange with service providers, access to training materials
  - Number of investigation on cybercrime and involving electronic evidence increased
- Judicial training on cybercrime and electronic evidence mainstreamed
  - reinforcement of judges and prosecutors
- Reinforcement of the role of 24/7 contact point and international cooperation
- Strategies on cybercrime and electronic evidence strengthened or enhanced

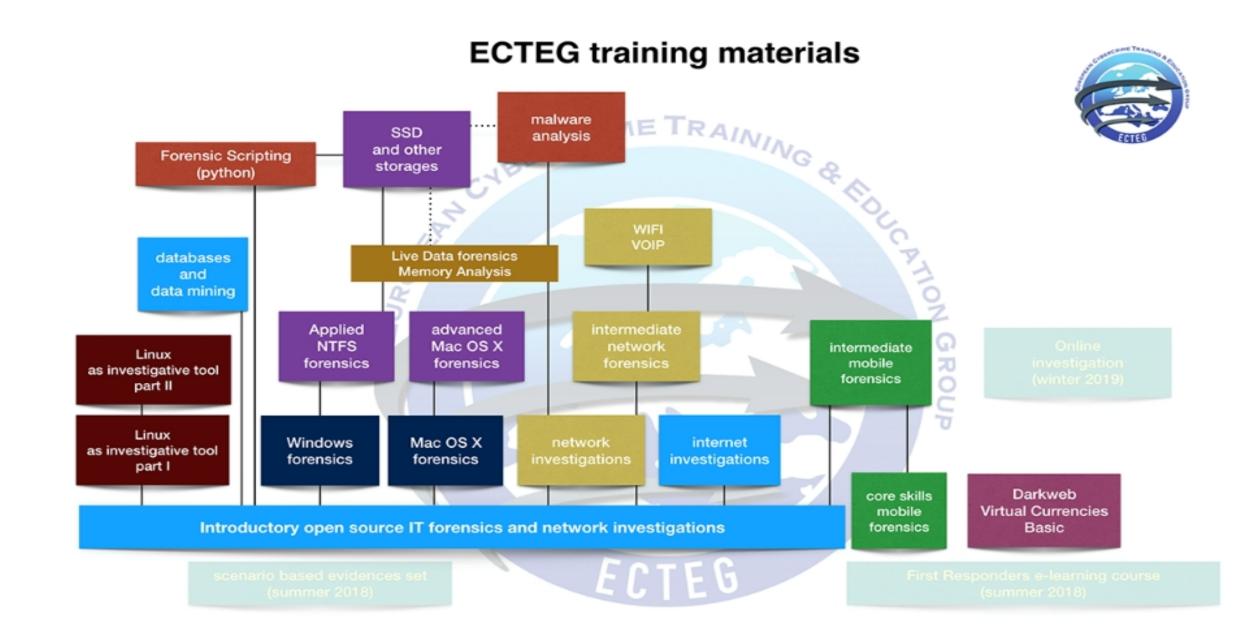
#### >For target countries

- Become members of the international community
- Use of the international instruments
- Benefit from the network of the other criminal justice players specialized on cybercrime
- Cooperate with countries sharing common standards
- Increase in the number of investigations on cybercrime and electronic evidence

### >For international community

- Increase the Parties of the Budapest Convention
- Influence of the countries in their respective regions
- Contribution to increase the capacities in the fight against cybercrime worldwide

#### **European Cybercrime Training and Education Group - ECTEG**





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Cooperation on cybercrime in the Southern Neighbourhood Region

## Thank you!

#### Manuel DE ALMEIDA PEREIRA

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