

Global Action on Cybercrime Extended Action Globale sur la Cybercriminalité Élargie





COUNCIL OF EUROPE

Implemented by the Council of Europe

EU/COE Joint Project on Global Action on Cybercrime

Legislation on cybercrime: Substantive criminal law

Joint ECOWAS-Council of Europe regional conference

Mutual Assistance Requests: Procedures for requesting electronic evidence from international partners

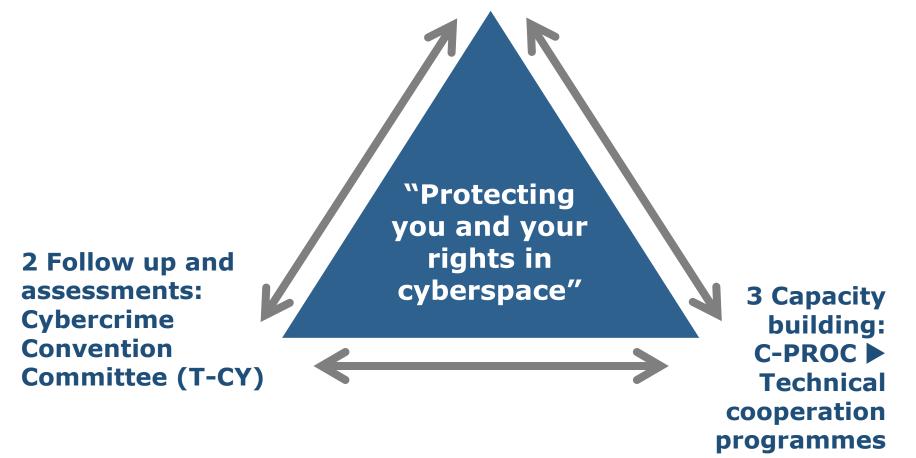
Abuja, Nigeria – 11 September 2017

Zahid Jamil Council of Europe Expert, Pakistan



The approach of Council of Europe

1 Common standards: Budapest Convention on Cybercrime and related standards





Budapest Convention on Cybercrime

Budapest Convention: scope

Criminalising conduct

- Illegal access
- Illegal interception
- Data interference
- System interference
- Misuse of devices
- Fraud and forgery
- Child pornography
- IPR-offences

Procedural tools

- Expedited preservation
- Partial disclosure of traffic data
- Production orders
- Search and seizure
- Interception of computer data

Harmonisation

+ ;

International cooperation

- Extradition
- MLA
- Spontaneous information
- Expedited preservation
- MLA for accessing computer data
- MLA for interception
- 24/7 points of contact



International Cooperation

Informal Cooperation

- Discretionary
- Faster when works

- Seldom work
- Not evidence
- Usually uneven playing field
- Usually refusals



Examples:









Formal Cooperation: Treaty or Convention

- Bilateral MLATs
- Archaic provisions
- Slow
- Not always lead to cooperation
- Every country
- Not a cyber solution
- Need modernization
- One country at a time
- Regional geographic limitations







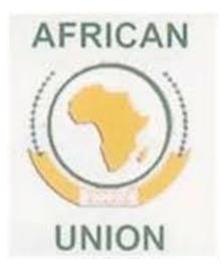
United Nations

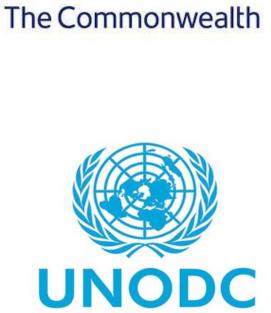






Examples:





United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

NEED:

Formal International obligation Catches up with the speed of informal process Human rights Confidence & Trust Limited to criminal justice

- Harmonize laws
- Not technologically specific or else become archaic
- Not have everything or else no consensus.
- Baseline. Inclusive treaty.
- Harmonize procedures
- Harmonized cross border procedures and cooperation
- Not mutually exclusive. Complimentary
- Members include those where data held and cooperation sought



Majority of Request Flows:

Infrastructure States to Developing States



Case Study: Avalanche Network





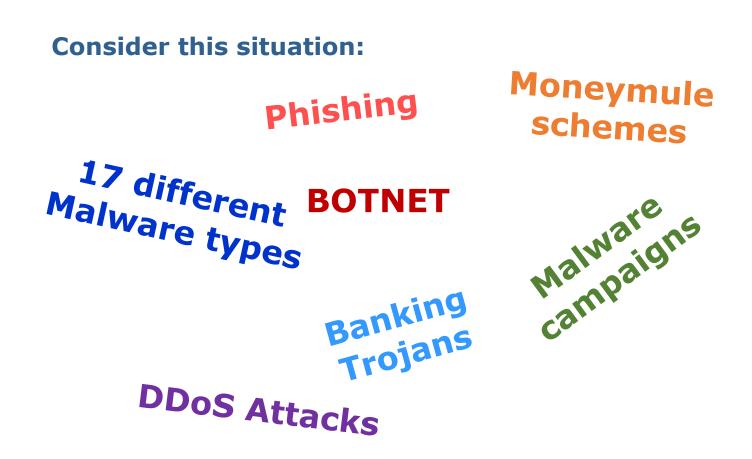


1,000,000 emails per day with malware

BOTNET Victims in 180 countries

> 500,000 infected devices







Avalanche Crime Network

- ***** Started with a Ransomware attack in Germany
- ***** Four year investigation by German Police
- 30 November 2016 swoop
- * 30 countries involved with FBI, Europol, Interpol
- *** 37 premises searched**
- *** 39 servers seized, 221 servers put off-line**

How many arrests? 20? 50? 100? Just 5 arrests







<u>30 countries - Prosecutors &</u> <u>Investigators</u>

5 arrested

37 premises searched

39 servers seized

Over 180 countries Victims of malware identified

221 servers offline

(abuse notifications to hosting providers)

Over 800 000 domains seized, sinkholed or blocked

Largest-ever use of sinkholing to combat botnet infrastructures unprecedented in scale

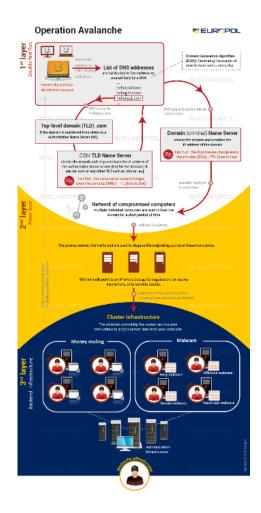
FIGURES AT A GLANCE

Countries involved: Armenia, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belgium, Belize, Bulgaria, Canada, Colombia, Finland, France, Germany, Gibraltar, Hungary, India, Italy, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Moldova, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Romania, Singapore, Sweden, Taiwan, Ukraine, United Kingdom and United States of America.

Arrests: 5

Searches conducted: Servers seized: Servers taken offline through abuse notifications:





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16:15 ■ europol.europa.eu

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Operation Avalanche

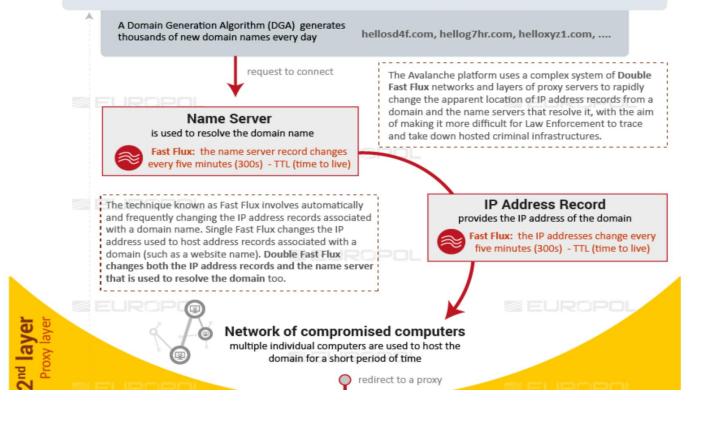


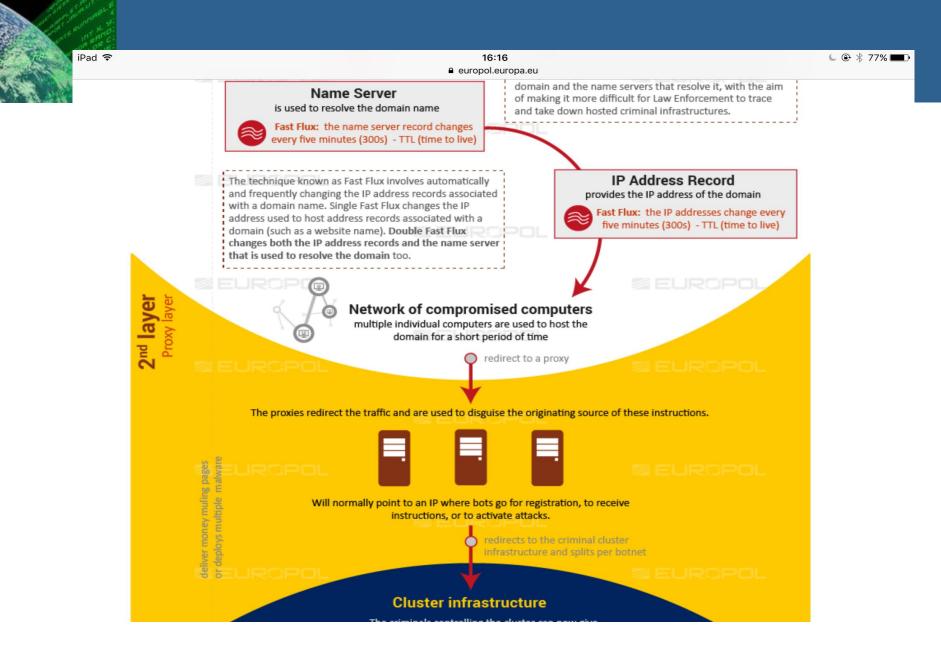
1st layer Double fast flux

Potentially millions of infected devices connected to the internet request to connect to a list of addresses

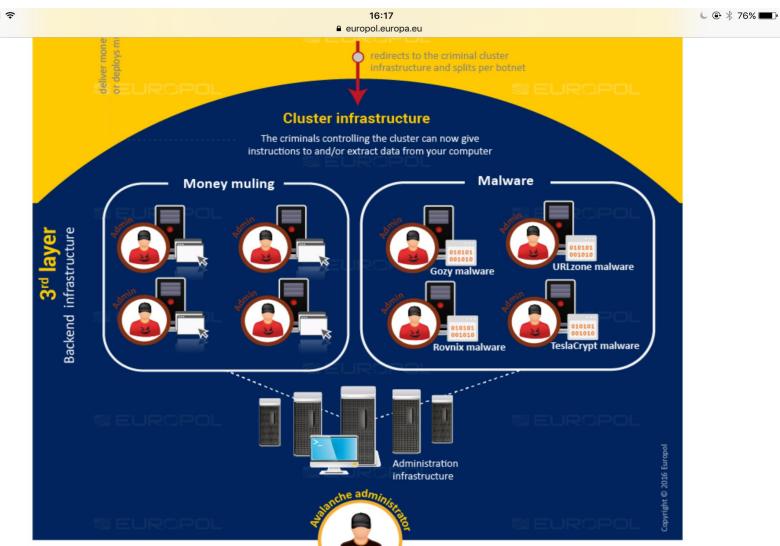


Computers connected to the Internet use name servers to resolve human readable domain names into the IP addresses used to route the IP network traffic (e.g. www.europol.europa.eu has the following IP: 158.169.131.22). Usually one domain is delegated to one IP address for a long period of time.









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Sinkholing

is an action whereby <u>traffic</u> between infected computers and a criminal infrastructure is <u>redirected to servers controlled</u> <u>by law enforcement</u> authorities and/or an IT security company. This may be done by assuming control of the domains used by the criminals or IP addresses.

When employed at a <u>100% scale, infected computers can no</u> <u>longer reach the criminal command and control computer</u> <u>systems</u> and so criminals can <u>no longer control the infected</u> <u>computers</u>.

The sinkholing infrastructure captures victims' IP addresses, which can subsequently be used for notification and followup through dissemination to National CERTs and Network Owners.















computers worldwide, said Soo Song, acting U.S. Attorney in Pittsburgh.

"The takedown of Avalanche was unprecedented in its scope, scale, reach and level of cooperation among 40 countries," Song said.



Feds: Business lost \$387,500 in world cybercrime operation

December 5, 2016 by Joe Mandak



Credit: George Hodan/Public Domain

A Pennsylvania business lost more than \$387,000 in an international cybercrime operation disabled by federal authorities and the European Union last week.

Create, deploy, and manage fully customizable simulation apps with <u>COMSOL Multiphysics and the Application Builder</u> Learn more here, www.comsol.com

Federal prosecutors and FBI agents in Pittsburgh on Monday plan to offer more details from last week's sweep of the Avalanche network. The group is accused of inflicting hundreds of millions of dollars in losses worldwide before it was dismantled and five key suspects were arrested.

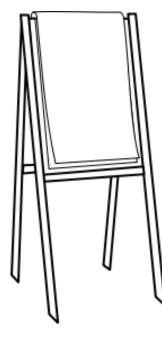
Documents unsealed Monday show a business in Carnegie lost \$387,500 when someone drained the money from the company's online account.

Another business in New Castle was twice targeted with unsuccessful efforts to steal more than \$120,000.

The U.S. Department of Justice has accused the network of hosting some of the world's most pernicious malware as well as several money laundering campaigns.

C Explore further: Police make 5 arrests in 'unprecedented' cybercrime takedown





What challenges involved in Avalanche Operation?





Operation Avalanche

Issues breakdown into:

Legal
Procedural
Practical

What about?

* Political?* Economic?* Cultural?



Case Study: Axact – Global Diploma Mill



Fake Diplomas, Real Cash: Pakistani Company Axact Reaps Millions

By DECLAN WALSH MAY 17, 2015





Axact, which has its headquarters in Karachi, Pakistan, ostensibly operates as a software company. Sara Farid for The New York Times



Seen from the Internet, it is a vast education empire: hundreds of universities and high schools, with elegant names and smiling professors at sun-dappled American campuses.

Their websites, glossy and assured, offer online degrees in dozens of disciplines, like nursing and civil engineering. There are glowing endorsements on the CNN iReport website, enthusiastic video testimonials, and State Department authentication certificates bearing the signature of Secretary of State John Kerry.

"We host one of the most renowned faculty in the world," boasts a woman introduced in one promotional video as the head of a law school. "Come be a part of Newford University to soar the sky of excellence."



Take down of a Global Organized Crime Syndicate

- Swift Action
- Over 700 TB of data
- Over 14,000 websites
- Legal entities all over the world
- Cross-border money trails
- Protecting US, UK, Australia, UAE, Saudi and other citizens and Governments



Degree Shipped To Different Countries

Country Name	Total
Afghanistan	135
Aland Islands	1
Albania	28
Algeria	78
American Samoa	4
Andorra	1
Angola	152
Morocco	40
Mozambique	32
Myanmar	43
Namibia	19
Nauru	7
Nepal	29
Netherlands	241
Netherlands Antilles	7
New Zealand	73
Nicaragua	3
Niger	19
Nigeria	461



ISU-2015- 4-117750	Nicholson University	Agha Abani	agha.abani@h arrybeat.com	NIGERIA	#6 Railway Close, Behind Nitel, D/Line Port Harcourt P.O. Box 10068, Mile 1 Diobu Port Harcourt, Rivers State Nigeria	Nigeria	Nigeria	4/29/2015		UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	
D-2006-12 27526	Rochville University	Jimmy L Decker	jldecker@swb ell.net	NIGERIA	kelvin street no.11	kaduna	NEW YORK	6/6/2005	629	NULL	
D-2006-12 28890	Rochville University	Patricia A Farmer	babytaz082502 @yahoo.com	NIGERIA	12 AKEMU STREET, OKUMAGBA LAYOUT WARRI, DELTA STATE, NIGERIA.	WARRI	DELTA STATE, WARRI.	5/1/2005	399	NULL	
D-2006-12 36571	Rochville University	Fatade Shade	timtoners@ya hoo.com	NIGERIA	48, suenu road off gbaja market	surulere	Lagos State	2/15/2005	2528	NULL	
D-2006-12 27351	Rochville University	EZOKE, MARK IGIRI	ezokemark@y ahoo.co.vk	NIGERIA	29, Shipeolu Street, Palm Grove	Shomolu	MARYLA ND	4/5/2005	99	NULL	
U-2006-12 8165	Ashwood University	NNewuihe Benigrous Obinna	japhet_ekpo@ yahoo.ca	NIGERIA	4 odukoya street off odunsi	bariga	lagos	10/9/2006	1438	NULL	2348



AD-2006-12 127351	Rochville University	EZOKE, MARK IGIRI	ezokemark@y ahoo.co.vk	NIGERIA	29, Shipeolu Street, Palm Grove	Shomolu	MARYLA ND	4/5/2005	99	NULL	
AU-2006-12 [.] 98165	Ashwood University	NNewuihe Benigrous Obinna	japhet_ekpo@ yahoo.ca	NIGERIA	4 odukoya street off odunsi	bariga	lagos	10/9/2006	1438	NULL	234
AU-2007-11- 124808	Ashwood University	Thomas Yates	thomas.yates2 @us.army.mil	NIGERIA	AGBARA PRODUCTION PLATFORM, AGIP ENERGY & NAT. RESOUCES NIG. LTD., MILE 4 NEW- BASE, PO BOX 923 PORT- HARCOURT.	PORT - HARCOURT,	RIVERS - STATE	11/17/2007	99	NULL	
BU-2007-9- 405074	Belford University	omokafe tokura	blaze4iamp@y ahoo.com	NIGERIA	2nd floor A.P plaza, Aminu Kanu crescent, wuse 2 Abuja, Nigeria	Abuja	Abuja	9/26/2007	1477	NULL	
AD-2006-12 230061	Rochville University	Verna Philmon Young	vyathome@ya hoo.com	NIGERIA	NO 10 NEW HEAVEN	ENUGU	NEBRASK A	6/10/2005	1438	NULL	



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AD-2006-12 [,] 302654	Rochville University	Uge Franklin Oghenekevw e	<i>i</i>	NIGERIA	Block S 5 Flat 3 Sam Ethnan Base	Ikeja	Lagos	8/18/2006	579	NULL	
AD-2006-12 [,] 223685	Rochville University	matthew williams	mjwchevy@isp .com	NIGERIA	NO 6, ARTHUR MBACHU STREET MAJIYAGBE	IPAJA	LAGOS	7/20/2007	99	NULL	
AD-2006-12 [.] 92898	Rochville University	alejandro moreno alvarez	judgejls@yaho o.co.uk	NIGERIA	38 Lake Chad Crescent,	Abuja	AMAC, FCT	10/11/2004	289	NULL	
	Rochville University		solventcomput er@yahoo.com 2		No 9 Okunola Abass street, New Bodija	Ibadan	Oyo State	9/19/2006	918	NULL	
BU-2006-8- 392441	Belford University	Adebola A A	caotaincode@ yahoo.com	NIGERIA	P.O. Box 2531Garki	FCT	Abuja	8/14/2006	374	NULL	



	Almeda University Online	Michael Olu	olumus@yaho o.co.uk1	NIGERIA	Pastor Olu Compound, Lubey Agbeta, Onne	Port Harcourt	Port Harcourt	Rivers State	9/9/2014	1500	NULL	###
AMUO- 2014-09- 111524	Almeda University Online	Michael Olu	olumus@yaho o.co.uk2	NIGERIA	Pastor Olu Compound, Lubey Agbeta, Onne		Port Harcourt	Rivers State	9/10/2014	500	NULL	***
AD-2006-9- 307831	Rochville University	Adesoji Adesoji D.	solventcomput er@yahoo.com 2		No 9 Okunola Abass street, New Bodija		Ibadan	Oyo State	9/19/2006	918	NULL	
AU-2006-12 53228	Ashwood University	Christian Ekeocha	bertvisioncons ulting20202000 @yahoo.co.uk		10 Afeez Street, Ilasa		llasa Mushin	Lagos State	5/27/2006	419	NULL	0+23
AD-2006-12 229196	Rochville University	RICK MARTINEZ	trc003@qwest. net	NIGERIA	St. Patrick's Catholic Church, Ikot Ansa, PO Box 2908,	NULL	Calabar	NON US	4/4/2005	399	NULL	



- Pakistan not a member of:
 - Warsaw Convention
 - Budapest Convention
- No mechanism for cross-border exchange of electronic evidence and financial trails
- Innovation was the only option to successfully cooperate internationally, pursue case and freeze assets

Spontaneous Information

- Request submitted to FBI for information resulted in so much information that the request in effect became spontaneous interagency information sharing
- Enabled FBI to initiate its investigation and ultimately send letter to FIA that was to be used as evidence in court



- - Law enforcement agency cooperated directly with US Federal Trade Commission
 - Cross border exchange data had to be sent on physical storage devices (equivalent to over 10,000 pages of data)
 - Received prompt response after FTC conducted its internal investigation based upon data provided to it



UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20880	Pederal Trade Commission Office of International Affairs 600 Pennsylvania Ave., NW Washington, DC 20580								
Foreign Law Enforcement Agency Request for Investigative Assistance									
Pursuant to the Federal Trade Commission Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 41 et seq., and Rules 4.10(d) and 4.11(j) of the FTC Rules of Practice, 16 C.F.R. §§ 4.10(d) and 4.11(j), I hereby request the investigative assistance described below:									
1. FTC Staff Contact:									
2. Foreign Law Enforcement Agency Contact:									
3. Indicate the area(s) in which your agency has law enforcement or inves	natters								
 Provide a brief description of your agency: 									
6. What kind of law violation or crime are you investigating or prosecuting	?								

Cross-border Cooperation with Private Sector

- Exchange of data between FIA and Michigan private attorneys resulted in quicker freezing of assets abroad
- No need to go to Pakistan MoFA and Embassy to US DoS, DoJ and FBI

Belford High School Class Action Website

www.belfordclassaction.com

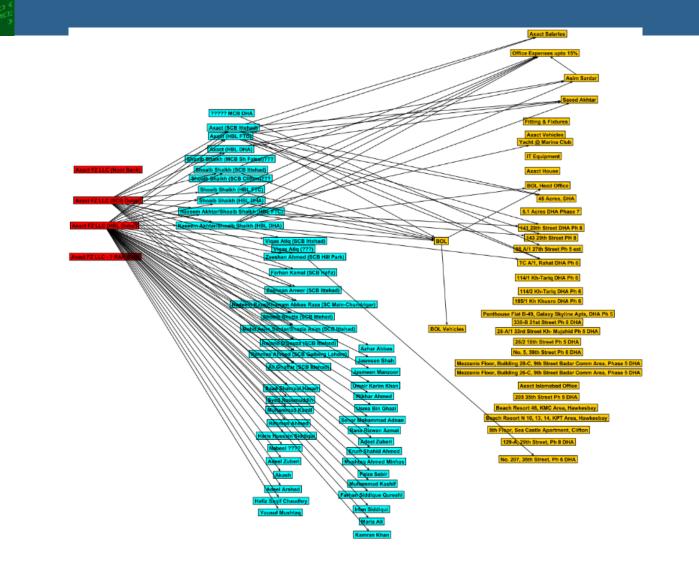
On August 31, 2012, Belford High School, Belford University and a host of their co-conspirators were ordered to pay more than \$22.7 million to the victims of their scams, a class of more than 30,000 U.S. residents who were duped into purchasing fake high school diplomas from Belford. The judgment established the truth of allegations that Belford High School and Belford University are fake schools that do not actually exist.

Belford was also ordered to forfeit the websites used to perpetrate its scam, including www.belfordhighscool.com, www.belfordhighschool.org, www.belfordhiniversity.com, and www.belforduniversity.com. These scam websites have now been taken down so they can no longer harm consumers.

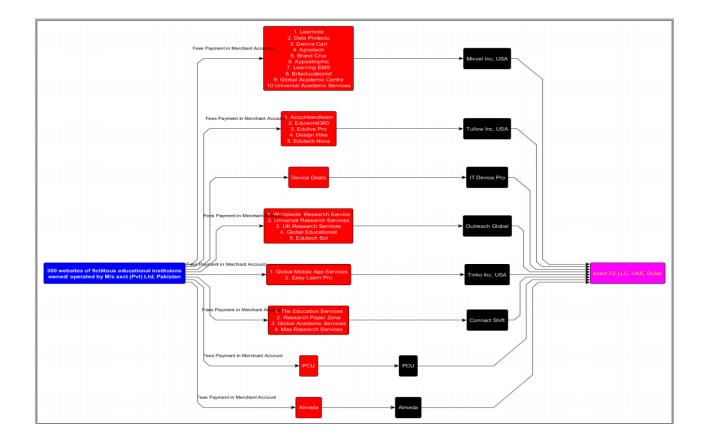
These significant developments come as a result of extensive efforts that have occurred since the case was filed in November 2009 by The Googasian Firm, P.C., a Michigan-based law firm appointed by the federal court to represent the class of more than 30,000 U.S. residents who were victimized by Belford's scam. For a timeline of significant events and rulings relating to the Itigation and Belford High School, <u>click here</u>.

The lawsuit, filed on November 5, 2009, alleged that Belford High School is an internet scam that defrauds students of their money. The lawsuit alleged that Belford High School takes students' money by offering them a supposedly 'valid' and 'accredited' high school diploma, but that the school is fake and the diplomas are not valid. The lawsuit alleged that the two accrediting agencies by which Belford claimed to be accredited – International Accreditation – are not legitimate accrediting agencies. The lawsuit alleged that these two accrediting accrediting agencies the judgmente. The Judgment at these two accrediting the two accrediting acc

• Michigan attorneys provided







4:09-cv-14345-MAG-MKM Doc # 330-4 Filed 03/07/16 Pg 2 of 4 Pg ID 7587

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN

CARRIE MCCLUSKEY, et al.,

Plaintiffs,

Case No. 4:09-cv-14345-MAG-MKM

Hon. Mark A. Goldsmith

v.

BELFORD HIGH SCHOOL, et al.,

Defendants.

DECLARATION OF SHOAIB SHAIKH

Shoaib Shaikh, declares as follows:

1. I am more than 18 years of age and am competent to make this

declaration.

2. I am a director of Garnishee Defendants Tullow, Inc. and Tinko, Inc.

("Garnishee Defendants").

3. I make this Declaration based on personal knowledge.

4. Garnishee Defendants are Delaware companies that provide global online payment processing services as resellers/billing providers for online businesses (similar to 2checkout.com).

4:09-cv-14345-MAG-MKM Doc # 330-4 Filed 03/07/16 Pg 3 of 4 Pg ID 7588

5. Garnishee Defendants have no employees, offices or property in the State of Michigan.

6. I am responsible for the Garnishee Defendants' operations, which are automated services. When I needed to perform work for the Garnishee Defendants, I did that work from my home or office in Pakistan. Any technical work was outsourced to Axact FZ LLC in United Arab Emirates when needed.

7. Currently, and for approximately the past nine months, I have been detained by Pakistani law enforcement authorities and am in their custody.

8. As a result of being detained by Pakistani law enforcement authorities, I am not permitted to travel to the United States for any depositions noticed by Plaintiffs in the above captioned matter. I also would not be able to obtain a Visa to travel to the United States.

9. I am the most knowledgeable person to testify as a corporate representative on behalf of Garnishee Defendants regarding the operations of Garnishee Defendants and the topics identified in any depositions noticed by Plaintiffs of Garnishee Defendants in the above captioned matter.

10. Even if I could travel, it would be unduly burdensome and costly to travel to Michigan for the noticed depositions.



FIR No. 7 of 2015 - dated 27.05.2015

(State vs. M/s. Axact (Pvt) Ltd.) - FIA, Corporate Crime Circle, Karachi

With reference to the above noted matter, the ongoing investigation has revealed substantial crucial evidence that is outside Pakistan which requires Request for Legal Assistance from the US Department of Justice in general and the Office of International Judicial Assistance, in particular and Federal Bureau of Investigation for the following:

- Request that digital evidence which is at risk of destruction and removal (through erasure/deletion) and hence volatile requiring urgent action through cooperation on the part of the US Government and law enforcement be secured, preserved and transmitted as evidence to Pakistan to aid the investigation and prosecution of the above noted matter (details of service providers and the data to be preserved and other details enumerated in Annex A)
- 2. Assistance in recording statements of customers/victims (contact details listed at Annex B)
- Request confirmation/corroboration of the inauthenticity of the degrees/accreditations/diplomas/certifications suspected to be or identified as fake, fraudulent and forged, that have been issued by the non-existent educational and other institutions through the use of "spoofed" inauthentic, fraudulent and forged websites (details enumerated in Annex C)
- Request verification of corroboration of the authenticity or inauthenticity, as the case may be of suspected fake, fraudulent, forged and inauthentic legalizations, attestations, notarizations, apostilles, seals and approvals attributed to the US Department of State, US Government and Notaries. (details enumerated in Annex D)
- Request verification of corroboration of the authenticity or inauthenticity, as the case may be of suspected fake, fraudulent, forged and inauthentic Schools and Universities. (details enumerated in Annex DD)
- Request disclosure of the bank account statements for each bank account identified in Annex E from the time of its opening until 30th July 2015 or at least initially statements for the last 7 years

- 10. Request information and details of the shareholding and identity of the shareholders, directors, officers, company secretaries, any authorized signatories for or on behalf of legal entities identified in Annex F along with, if available, the nationality(s), address(es), any contact details or other details that may be available with respect to the aforesaid persons
- 11. Request that the prosecution be permitted to present the information and documents received before the competent courts in Pakistan in connection with the criminal proceedings and ancillary proceedings regarding the proceeds of crime and money laundering, unless otherwise specified
- Request the provision of the transcripts, pleadings, orders, judgments and records of the proceedings before the United States District Court Eastern District Of Michigan Southern Division in Civil Action No. 09-CV-14345 ELIZABETH LAUBER, et al., vs. BELFORD HIGH SCHOOL, et al., (http://www.belfordlawsuit.com/)
- Assistance between prosecutorial/investigative team leads and their counterparts on an ongoing basis with respect to this case

The undersigned requests that necessary urgent cooperation and assistance in this criminal matter may kindly be sought from the foreign Governments, law enforcement authorities as well as corporations/businesses to aid the investigation. This office is also willing and able to provide any assistance for the preparation of such requests given the complexity, volume and countries involved as may be deemed necessary by the competent authority.

Submitted for your kind consideration and urgent approval.



UNCLASSIFIED//REL TO USA, PAK

Memorandum

File No. 18-C163-A NY-6434502 Office of the Legal Attaché United States Embassy Islamabad, Pakistan

Dealer!

D12/NR30/MISC/2016/1878

8 February 2016

Office of the Director FIA Islamabad Zone Express Way-Iqbal Town Islamabad, Pakistan

(U//REL TO USA, PAK) As your Service is aware, the FBI has been investigating a Pakistan-based entity named Axact. Ongoing investigation has identified a "diploma mill", orchestrated by Axact, and headquartered in Karachi, Pakistan. Among engaging in other nefarious activity, Axact's primary scheme of illegality pertains to soliciting the sale of fictitious college and high school diplomas to both witting and unwitting purchasers. The vast majority of purchasers have been identified as located both within the United States and throughout the Middle East.

(U//REL TO USA, PAK) In furtherance of this scheme, Axact has established a worldwide web of shell companies and associates. The shell companies have been used to veil Axact funds and proceeds, to further facilitate the transport of the fictitious diplomas, as well as to enhance the illusion that the diplomas were from legitimate educational institutions (e.g., via securing fictitious accreditation either within the United States or abroad).

(U//REL TO USA, PAK) Regarding financial accounts located in the United States, Axact appears to have set up three primary shell companies in the United States, by the names of Mivvel Inc., Tullow Inc., and Tinko Inc., as well as various tertiary shell companies, to include, but not limited to Blitzace Inc. The Directors of said entities have been identified to include both Pakistani-based Axact executives, as well as United States-based individuals.

(U//REL TO USA, PAK) Vigas Atiq, the Chief Operating Officer of Axact, holds 49% of the shares of Miyvel Inc. Shoaib Ahmed, and the Owner/President of Axact, holds 49% of the shares of Tullow and Tinko. With respect to Mivvel Inc., the remaining 51% of the shares belong to Ali Gaffar Vyajkora, date of birth 23 March 1971, 109 Juliett Fowler Street, # B-303, Dallas, Texas.

(U//REL TO USA, PAK) With respect to Tinko and Tullow, the majority share holders are Zubair Syed (Tullow), date of birth 27 October 1962, and Uzma Shaheen (Tinko), date of birth 7

Being able to demonstrate:

- best practice procedures/processes were in place
- responsibilities were allocated
- assisted in information exchange and led to greater international cooperation, for instance, from:
 - Michigan lawyers
 - ≻ FBI
 - ➢ FTC







International co-operation tools

- Operational and procedural rules
- Common to other international conventions
- Some of them, very innovative



Mutual Legal Assistance

- Default
- Extradition
- Legal Mutual Assistance
- Spontaneous Information
- Confidentiality and limitation on use
- Expedited preservation of stored computer data
- Expedited disclosure of preserved traffic data
- Mutual assistance regarding
 - accessing of stored computer data
 - access to real-time collection of traffic data
 - interception of content data
- 24/7 Network
- Trans border Access



Fake Diplomas, Real Cash: Pakistani Company Axact Reaps Millions

By DECLAN WALSH MAY 17, 2015



Axact, which has its headquarters in Karachi, Pakistan, ostensibly operates as a software company. Sara Farid for The New York Times



Seen from the Internet, it is a vast education empire: hundreds of universities and high schools, with elegant names and smiling professors at sun-dappled American campuses.

Their websites, glossy and assured, offer online degrees in dozens of disciplines, like nursing and civil engineering. There are glowing endorsements on the <u>CNN iReport</u> website, enthusiastic video testimonials, and State Department authentication certificates bearing the signature of Secretary of State John Kerry.



"We host one of the most renowned faculty in the world," boasts a woman introduced in <u>one promotional video</u> as the head of a law school. "Come be a part of Newford University to soar the sky of excellence."



Spontaneous information disguised as MLA request

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- 10. Request information and details of the shareholding and identity of the shareholders, directors, officers, company secretaries, any authorized signatories for or on behalf of legal entities identified in Annex F along with, if available, the nationality(s), address(es), any contact details or other details that may be available with respect to the aforesaid persons
- 11. Request that the prosecution be permitted to present the information and documents received before the competent courts in Pakistan in connection with the criminal proceedings and ancillary proceedings regarding the proceeds of crime and money laundering, unless otherwise specified
- Request the provision of the transcripts, pleadings, orders, judgments and records of the proceedings before the United States District Court Eastern District Of Michigan Southern Division in Civil Action No. 09-CV-14345 ELIZABETH LAUBER, et al., vs. BELFORD HIGH SCHOOL, et al., (http://www.belfordlawsuit.com/)
- Assistance between prosecutorial/investigative team leads and their counterparts on an ongoing basis with respect to this case

The undersigned requests that necessary urgent cooperation and assistance in this criminal matter may kindly be sought from the foreign Governments, law enforcement authorities as well as corporations/businesses to aid the investigation. This office is also willing and able to provide any assistance for the preparation of such requests given the complexity, volume and countries involved as may be deemed necessary by the competent authority.

Submitted for your kind consideration and urgent approval.

Spontaneous information disguised as MLA request

UNCLASSIFIED//REL TO USA, PAK

Memorandum

File No. IS-C163-A NY-6434502 Office of the Legal Attaché United States Embassy Islamabad, Pakistan

C/NISC/2016/1878

8 February 2016

Office of the Director FIA Islamabad Zone Express Way-Iqbal Town Islamabad, Pakistan

(U//REL TO USA, PAK) As your Service is aware, the FBI has been investigating a Pakistan-based entity named Axact. Ongoing investigation has identified a "diploma mill", orchestrated by Axact, and headquartered in Karachi, Pakistan. Among engaging in other nefarious activity. Axact's primary scheme of illegality pertains to soliciting the sale of fictitious college and high school diplomas to both witting and unwitting purchasers. The vast majority of purchasers have been identified as located both within the United States and throughout the Middle East.

(U//REL TO USA, PAK) In furtherance of this scheme, Axact has established a worldwide web of shell companies and associates. The shell companies have been used to veil Axact funds and proceeds, to further facilitate the transport of the fictitious diplomas, as well as to enhance the illusion that the diplomas were from legitimate educational institutions (e.g., via securing fictitious accreditation either within the United States or abroad).

(U//REL TO USA, PAK) Regarding financial accounts located in the United States, Axact appears to have set up three primary shell companies in the United States, by the names of Mivvel Inc., Tullow Inc., and Tinko Inc., as well as various tertiary shell companies, to include, but not limited to Blitzace Inc. The Directors of said entities have been identified to include both Pakistani-based Axact executives, as well as United States-based individuals.

(U//REL TO USA, PAK) Vigas Atig, the Chief Operating Officer of Axact, holds 49% of the shares of Miyvel Inc. Shoaib Ahmed, and the Owner/President of Axact, holds 49% of the shares

Article 26 Spontaneous Information

1 - A Party may, within the limits of its domestic law and without prior request, forward to another Party information obtained within the framework of its own investigations when it considers that the disclosure of such information might assist the receiving Party in initiating or carrying out investigations or proceedings concerning criminal offences established in accordance with this Convention or might lead to a request for cooperation by that Party under this chapter.

Article 26 Spontaneous Information

2 - Prior to providing such information, <u>the providing</u> <u>Party may request that it be kept confidential or only</u> <u>used subject to conditions</u>. If the receiving Party cannot comply with such request, it shall notify the providing Party, which shall then determine whether the information should nevertheless be provided. If the receiving Party accepts the information subject to the conditions, it shall be bound by them.

Spontaneous Information

- The authorities from a Party, within an internal investigation, discover that some of the information they obtained must be forwarded to the authorities of other Party
- It can be done if the information seems to be useful or necessary to the beginning or the developing of an investigation respecting to a criminal offence in the framework of the Convention
- According to Article 26, 2, this dispatch of information can be submitted to certain conditions, mainly of confidentiality

Article 29 Expedited Preservation of Stored Computer Data

1 - A Party may request another Party to **order or otherwise obtain the expeditious preservation of data stored by means of a computer system**, which is located within the territory of that other Party and in respect of which the requesting Party intends to submit a request for mutual assistance for the search or similar access, seisure or similar securing, or disclosure of the data.

Article 29

- Expedited preservation of data stored in a computer system
- Parallel framework to the internal provision
 - allows one contracting Party to require from other Party the expedited preservation of data
 - if at the same time expresses its intention of sending a formal request of assistance for a search, or a seisure, or any similar measure
- The requested party must act with due diligence, to preserve requested data, according to its own national law
- Dual criminality cannot be required by the requested party, as condition for preservation of data (*except offenses other than Art 2-11 or political, sovereignty, security, public order, or other essential interests*)

Requesting Expeditious Preservation

- Specify:
 - Authority seeking preservation
 - Offence that is subject of criminal investigation
 - Brief summary of facts of case
 - Stored computer data to be preserved
 - Any available information on custodian of data or location of computer system
 - Necessity of preservation
 - That party intends to submit request for MLA

Requesting Expeditious Preservation

- Grounds for refusals:
 - <u>Dual criminality only if</u> party requires dual criminality as condition for responding to other mutual legal assistance requests and believes that condition will not be met (*i.e. offenses other than Art 2-11*)
 - Request in relation to political offence
 - Execution of request will <u>prejudice sovereignty</u>, <u>security</u>, <u>ordre public</u> or other essential interests
- Period of preservation <u>at least 60 days</u>

Article 30 Expedited Disclosure of Preserved Traffic Data

1. Where, in the course of the execution of a request made under Article 29 to preserve traffic data concerning a specific communication, the requested Party discovers that a service provider in another State was involved in the transmission of the communication, the requested Party shall expeditiously disclose to the requesting Party a sufficient amount of traffic data in order to identify that service provider and the path through which the communication was transmitted.



Requesting partial disclosure of traffic data

- Disclosure of sufficient amount of traffic data be provided to identify service provider and path of a communication
- Disclosure may be withheld if:
 - Request in relation to **political offence**
 - Execution of request will <u>prejudice</u> sovereignty, security, ordre public or other essential interests

Article 31 - Mutual Assistance Regarding Accessing of Stored Computer Data

- •Request to another State to search or seize (and disclose) data stored by means of a computer system
 - Located within the territory of the requested State
 - Including data that has been preserved pursuant to Article 29
- •[A.23 instruments]

Article 31 - Mutual Assistance Regarding Accessing of Stored Computer Data

1.A Party may request another Party to <u>search or</u> <u>similarly access, seise or similarly secure, and</u> <u>disclose data stored by means of a computer</u> <u>system</u> located within the territory of the requested Party, including data that has been preserved pursuant to Article 29

2. (Ability of the requested party to do so)

Article 31 - Mutual Assistance Regarding Accessing of Stored Computer Data

3. The request shall be responded to on an expedited basis where:

- (a) there are grounds to believe that relevant data is particularly vulnerable to loss or modification; or
- (b) the instruments, arrangements and laws referred to in paragraph 2 otherwise provide for expedited co-operation.

Requesting access to stored data

- Request to search, similarly access, seise or similarly secure
- For expedited response:
 - request should have grounds that data is particularly vulnerable to loss or modification
 - MLAT and laws should allow for responding on expeditious basis

Article 32 – Transborder Access

- Possibility given to law enforcement from a Party to obtain evidence stored in a computer physically located in other Party's territory
- Without any request of international cooperation if, during a concrete investigation, the officers in charge
 - need to obtain open source information from a computer located in a foreign country ;

0r

• access data with the lawful and voluntary consent of the lawfully authorised person

Article 32 – Transborder Access to Stored Computer Data with Consent or Where Publicly Available

A Party may, **without the authorisation** of another Party:

a)- <u>access publicly available (open source) stored</u> <u>computer data</u>, regardless of where the data is located geographically; or

b) - <u>access or receive, through a computer system in its</u> <u>territory, stored computer data located in another</u> <u>Party</u>, if the Party obtains the <u>lawful and voluntary</u> <u>consent</u> of the person who has the lawful authority to disclose the data to the Party through that computer system.



Two other data categories:

***** Open source

Publicly available

G8 Principles on Transborder Access to Stored Computer Data (Moscow 1999)

Public/Open Source Data:

Can be accessed by anyone and used as evidence even though 'located' in another country

Private/Protected Data:

Access restricted to authorised persons (need log-in credentials).

Article 33 - Mutual Assistance Regarding Real Time Collection of Traffic Data

1. The Parties shall provide mutual assistance to each other with respect to the **real-time collection of traffic data** associated with **specified communications** in its territory transmitted by means of a computer system. Subject to paragraph 2, assistance shall be governed by the conditions and **procedures provided for under domestic law**.

2.Each Party shall **provide such assistance** at least with respect to criminal offences for which real-time collection of traffic data would be available **in a similar domestic case**.

Article 34 Mutual assistance regarding the interception of content data

- Mutual assistance in the real-time collection or recording of content data of specified communications transmitted by means of a computer system
- to the extent permitted under their applicable treaties and domestic laws.

Article 35 24/7 Contact Points

- Obligation to create a permanently available contact point
 - a so called 24/7 network of contact points
- General objectives of these contact points
 - to facilitate international co-operation
 - giving **technical advisory** to other contact points
 - activating the proper mechanism to expedited preservation of data
 - urgently collecting evidence
 - identifying and discovering suspects

Article 35 24/7 Contact Points

- <u>Operational network</u> of experts on high-tech criminality
- Provide <u>help and cooperation very quickly</u> even if a formal cooperation request must follow this informal way
- One single point of contact for each country, <u>available</u> <u>24 hours a day, 7 days a week</u>
- Direct communications between the points
- Mainly planned to provide the possibility to immediately preserve traffic data and other stored data worldwide

24/7 Contact Points

- Most contact points are police-based contact points
- Some are Prosecution Services contact points
- Budapest Convention provided a legal basis to the 24/7 network of contact points
- 24/7 networks are recognised as one of the most useful tools regarding international cooperation



MLA request form templates



<u>ht</u>

http://www.doj.gov.hk/lawdoc/mla.pdf

Obtaining Assistance from the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in Criminal Cases

Guidelines for Making Applications under the Mutual Legal Assistanc in Criminal Matters Ordin: (Chapter 525, Laws of Hong F

Standard form of Request to Hong Kong SAR for Assistance in a Criminal Matter

TO : Secretary for Justice Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("Hong Kong SAR") of the People's Republic of China

FROM: [name of appropriate authority/Central Authority of requesting place]²

International Law Divisio Department of Justice Hong Kong Special Administrativ

REQUEST FOR MUTUAL LEGAL ASSISTANCE IN A CRIMINAL MATTER

INTRODUCTION

EITHER : I/The office of (name of designated authority under an operative bilateral aç Hong Kong SAR for mutual legal assistance), being the Central Authority designated (number of the relevant Article) of the Agreement for Mutual Legal Assistance betwe requesting place) and Hong Kong SAR to make requests for mutual legal ass criminal matters on behalf of (name of requesting place), and being empowere relevant provisions of empowering legislation of requesting place) to make requests for m assistance, present this request to the Central Authority of Hong Kong SAR.⁵

OR: I/The office of (describe appropriate authority, either person or office), being an a authority by virtue of (state relevant provisions of empowering legislation of requesting plac requests for mutual legal assistance in criminal matters on behalf of (name place), present this request to the Secretary for Justice, Department of Jus Kong SAR.⁴

REQUEST

EITHER : This request is made under the Agreement between (name of required and Hong Kong SAR for Mutual Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters.⁵

OR : (Name of requesting place) makes this request for assistance to be exter the Mutual Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters Ordinance, Chapter 52t Hong Kong. 6

MANDATORY ASSURANCES

It is confirmed that this request :

- (a) does not relate to the prosecution or punishment of a person for a criminal offence that is, or is by reason of the circumstances in which it is alleged to have been committed or was committed, an offence of a political character;
- (b) is not made for the purposes of prosecuting, punishing or otherwise causing prejudice to a person on account of that person's race, religion, nationality or political opinions;
- (c) does not relate to the prosecution of a person for an offence in a case where the person has been convicted, acquitted or pardoned by a competent court or other authority of (name of requesting place), in respect of that offence or of another offence constituted by the same act or omission as that offence; and
- [(d) does not have as its primary purpose the assessment or collection of tax.]¹¹

ASSISTANCE REQUESTED

The Department of Justice of Hong Kong SAR is requested to take such steps as are necessary to give effect to the following :

- 1. Examination on oath/affirmation of a witness before a magistrate in court.
 - (e.g.) Mr. X

ABC Co., Ltd. (address)

to be orally examined on oath or affirmation on the following matters :

- (specify clearly relevant issues/areas relating to subject matter of criminal investigation/prosecution on which evidence of witness is sought and/or provide a list of relevant questions.)
- Production of things (documents, books etc.) before a magistrate, [and obtaining of oral evidence of the witness producing such material for the purpose of identifying and proving the material produced]¹².

(e.g.) Director

ABC Co., Ltd. (address)

to be required to produce (describe form of evidence e.g. 'certified copies') of the following documents for the period (state relevant time frame) :

(specify documents or classes thereof.)

Necessary only if criminal matter is an investigation concerning offences relating to taxation and a bilateral agreement with Hong Kong SAR is in operation.

¹² Include this part if deemed necessary for purposes of admissibility of documents in evidence.

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/fil e/415038/MLA_Guidelines_2015.pdf

SECTION 1. Introduction

Home Office

Requests for Mutual Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters Guidelines for Authorities Outside of the

OFFICIAL

United Kingdom - 2015

12th Edition

International Criminality Unit, Home Office, 3rd Floor Seacole Building, 2 Marsham Street, Londor SW1P 4DF

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https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/fil e/415038/MLA_Guidelines_2015.pdf

MUTUAL LEGAL ASSISTANCE IN CRIMINAL MATTERS

A GUIDE TO IRISH LAW AND PROCEDURES

Department of Justice, Equality and Law Ret

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5. <u>FORM OF REQUESTS, GROUNDS FOR REFUSAL AND</u> <u>CONFIDENTIALITY - GENERAL</u>

(1) Requests to be addressed to the Central Authority: Requests from designated states must be addressed to the Central Authority, unless the relevant international instrument provides otherwise.

Page (2) Format of requests: Requests to the Central Authority for mutual legal assistance should be in writing or in any form capable of producing a written record under conditions allowing their authenticity to be established.

(3) Language of requests: All requests and any supporting documents should be in either Irish or English. In cases where requests are not in Irish or English, they must be accompanied by a translation into either of those languages and by a translation of any other such documents or the material parts of them.

(4) Requests to include the fullest information: In general, and subject to the requirements of Irish law set out in this guide and any requirements of the relevant international instrument, requests should contain the fullest information, in particular:

- (a) details of the authority making the request, including the name, telephone number and email address (where available) of a contact person
- (b) details of the purpose of the request
- (c) details of the person or persons named in the request including, where available, address, date of birth and nationality
- (d) a description of the offences charged or under investigation
- (e) a summary of the facts giving rise to the request
- (f) relevant dates e.g. date of court hearing (reason for special urgency or attention should be included in the covering letter of request)
- (g) a description of evidence sought, including, in the case of bank accounts, details of the relevant institution, account numbers and account names
- (h) specific information on any property to be searched and/or seized
- details and supporting documents in relation to the freezing, confiscation or forfeiture of criminal assets





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Version 17 April, 2016

Data Preservation Request

First request:
<u>Ticket number of the previous request (if available)</u>:

REQUESTED AUTHORITY

REFERENCE / CASE NUMBER

REQUESTING AUTHORITY

Please be informed that we intend to submit a request for mutual legal assistance to obtain production of the data.

DATE DD/MM/YYYYY

SUBJECT/TITLE

PURPOSE OF THE REQUEST



URGENCY

DURGENT

Response expected by: DD/MM/YYYY

REASONS FOR URGENCY

□Threat to life and limb □Offender in custody □Crime in progress □Volatility of data □ Imminent threat of a serious nature to public security □The only evidence available □Statute of limitation due to expire □ Other;

DESCRIPTION/JUSTIFICATION FOR URGENCY

CONFIDENTALITY¹

The data submitted is only for request purpose

- The data submitted can be used by the requested authority
- The data submitted can be shared with other authorities

OFFENCES SUBJECT TO CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION OR PROCEEDINGS

(Irrespective of their consideration in the requested State)

OFFENCES AGAINST THE CONFIDENTIALITY, INTEGRITY AND AVAILABILITY OF COMPUTER DATA AND SYSTEMS / COMPUTER-RELATED OFFENCES

Choose an item.

OFFENCES RELATED TO ORGANIZED CRIME AND CORRUPTION

Choose an item.

OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

Choose an item.

OFFENCES OF FRAUD/FINANCIAL OFFENCES

Choose an item.

OTHER SERIOUS OFFENCES

Choose an item.

ANY OTHER OFFENCE (PLEASE SPECIFY)



HOW IS THE DATA RELATED TO THE INVESTIGATION

APPLICABLE LEGISLATION (SUBSTATIVE AND/OR PROCEDURAL)

Please cite the most relevant

Title	of	Legis	ation	

Relevant Sections

Right to Request Data Codes of Practice

Relevant Court Decisions

CASE STATUS	CA	SE	ST	AT	US
-------------	----	----	----	----	----

□ Pre-investigative phase □ Investigate phase □Prosecution phase □On trial Other details:

DATA TO BE PRESERVED		
Subscriber information	Please specify:	
Period of interest	Start date: DD/MM/YYYY	End date: DD/MM/YYYY
□Traffic data	Please specify:	
Period of interest	Start date: DD/MM/YYYY	End date: DD/MM/YYYY
□Content data	Please specify:	
Period of interest	Start date: DD/MM/YYYY	End date: DD/MM/YYYY

EXPECTED ANSWERS/RESULTS

Confirmation for receiving the request
 Confirmation for preservation of the data
 Information of the amount of data preserved
 Information on the preservation period
 Information on legal procedure used for preservation
 Other:

EXPEDITED DISCLOSURE OF PRESERVED TRAFFIC DATA (UNDER ART. 30) Details/description of data²

REQUESTING	AUTHORITY	DETAILS
------------	-----------	---------

Name Address



Telephone number	
Cell phone number	
E-mail address	
Fax number	
Office Hours	
Time Zone	

FOR VERIFICATION BY THE AUTHORISED PERSON, PLEASE CONTACT:

Name:	
Job Title:	
Function:	
Signature:	

Please let us know if, according to this information, you intend to build a criminal case within your country.
 Please let us know if you encounter issues taking into account this request.
 If the system is a shared system, please preserve all basic subscriber information for all virtual systems on the IP.



Project Cybercrime@EAP II

Արևերան Գործընկերություն Східне партнерство Eastern Partnership აღმოსავლეთ პარტნიორობა Parteneriatul Estic Söro töröfdashör Parteneriat Oriental Усходняе Партвёрства

Version 04 April, 2016

REQUEST FOR MUTUAL ASSISTANCE REGARDING ACCESSING OF STORED COMPUTER DATA

First request: □ Yes □ No Ticket number of the previous request (if available):

REQUESTED AUTHORITY

REFERENCE / CASE NUMBER

REQUESTING AUTHORITY

DATE

DD/MM/YYYYY

SUBJECT/TITLE

PURPOSE OF THE REQUEST



URGENCY

Response expected by: DD/MM/YYYY

REASONS FOR URGENCY

- Threat to life and limb
- Offender in custody
- Crime in progress
- Imminent threat of a serious nature to public security
- The only evidence available
- Volatility of data
- Statute of limitation due to expire

Other:

DESCRIPTION/JUSTIFICATION FOR URGENCY

OFFENCES SUBJECT TO CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION OR PROCEEDINGS,

(Irrespective of their consideration in the requested State)

OFFENCES AGAINST THE CONFIDENTIALITY, INTEGRITY AND AVAILABILITY OF COMPUTER DATA AND SYSTEMS / COMPUTER-RELATED OFFENCES

Illegal Access
Illegal Interception
Data Interference
System Interference
Misuse of devices
Computer-related forgery
Computer-related fraud
Offences related to child pornography
Offences related to infringement of copyright and related rights

OTHER OFFENCES SUBJECT TO CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION OR PROCEEDINGS

Terrorism
Sabotage
Murder
Grievous bodily injury
Kidnapping, illegal restraint and hostage-taking



Racketeering and extortion
Rape/offences against sexual liberty
Sexual exploitation of children and child pornography
Trafficking in human beings
Illicit trade in human organs and tissue
Trafficking in stolen vehicles
Money laundering/Laundering of the proceeds of crime
Fraud
Counterfeiting currency
Forgery of means of payment
Forgery of documents
Counterfeiting and piracy of products
Bribery of national public officials
Bribery of foreign public officials and officials of public international organizations
Embezzlement, misappropriation or other diversion of property by a public official
Trading in influence
Abuse of functions
Illicit enrichment
Bribery in the private sector
Participation in a criminal organization
Organised or armed robbery
Illicit trafficking in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances
Illicit trafficking in weapons, munitions and explosives
Illicit trafficking in cultural goods, including antiques and works of art
Illicit trafficking in hormonal substances and other growth promoters



APPLICABLE SUBSTANTIVE LEGISLATION

Title of Legislation

Relevant Sections

Right to Request Data

Codes of Practice

Relevant Court Decisions / Confirmation

APPLICABLE PROCEDURAL LEGISLATION TO BE FOLLOWED IN THE OBTAINING OF EVIDENCE

Title of Legislation	
Relevant Sections	
Right to Request Data	
Codes of Practice	
Relevant Court Decisions / Confirmation	

CASE STATUS	
-------------	--

Other details:	

SUBSCRIBER INFORMATION				
Per	Period of Interest			
Sta	rt Date	End Date		
Data specification				
	Subscriber nam	es		
	User names			
	Screen names,	or other identities		
	Mailing address	ses		
	Residential add	resses		
	Business addresses			



	Email addresses		
	Telephone numbers, other contact information		
	Billing records		
	Billing address		
	Payment method		
	Payment History		
	Billing period		
	Information about length of service and the types of services the subscriber(s) or customer(s) used		
	Any other identifying information, whether such records are in electronic or other form		
	Connection logs and records of user activity for the subscriber(s) identified above, including log- in history and records identifying sent and received communications		
	All communications stored in the account(s) of the subscriber(s) identified above		
	All files that are controlled by user accounts associated with the subscriber(s) identified above		
	me, username and postal address of the holder the account		
	ame, username and postal address of the holder the account		
w	hen was the account registered?	DD/MM/YYYY	
Is	the account still active?		

Service ID (Skype, Windows Live, Chat room, etc.)	
Social Networking Service ID (Facebook, etc.)	
IP address used for the initial registration of the account	
IP address used for the last registered access to the account	
IP address used for access to the account on Date: DD/MM/YYYY Time:	
IP address used for sending message from the account Message details: Date: DD/MM/YYYY Time:	
Other relevant data	



TRAFFIC DATA Accessed IP address / range of IP addresses IPv4 1-255 1-255 1-255 Time Date Time Zone IPv6 Address Host – 64 bit Subnet – 64 bit Date Time Time Zone E-mail Address Specification 0 E-mail address Date Time Zone Time Person/Organisation details

Business Name	
Legal Name	
Contact name	
Address	
Country	
Phone	
E-mail	

CONTENT DATA Electronically stored documents, records, images, graphics, recordings, spreadsheets, databases; calendars, system usage logs, contact manager information, telephone logs, internet usage files Deleted files, cache files, user information, and other



	data	
	Archives, backup and disaster recovery tapes, discs, drives, cartridges, voicemail and other data	
	All operating systems, software, applications, hardware, operating manuals, codes, keys and other support information	
	Other:	
Origir	n of the data (if known)	
Desti	nation of the data (if known)	
Other	relevant details	

ACTIONS REQUESTED IN RELATION TO DATA

REQUESTING AUTHORITY DETAILS

Name	
Address	
Telephone number	
Cell phone number	
E-mail address	
Fax number	
Office Hours	
Time Zone	

FOR VERIFICATION BY THE AUTHORISED PERSON, PLEASE CONTACT:

Name:	
Job Title:	
Function:	
Signature:	



What affects International Cooperation



What affects International Cooperation



Bear in mind possible differences

Legal System

- Common law
- Civil Law
- * Hybrid
- Islamic law

Different powers & functions same name * Prosecutors/police

Different codes of procedure

- Custody deadlines
- ***** Powers to enter, search and seize
- Surveillance powers (technical & physical)

A CONSTRUCTION OF CONSTRUCTURE OF CONSTRUCTURE

What affects International Cooperation?

Making requests:

- Legal Basis
- Domestic procedures (Bureaucracy/getting permission)
- Don't know who to contact
- Don't know how to make a request
- Don't know what can request
- Don't know how to write a request
- Lack of capacity and resources
- Politics
- Language

What affects International Cooperation?

Receiving requests:

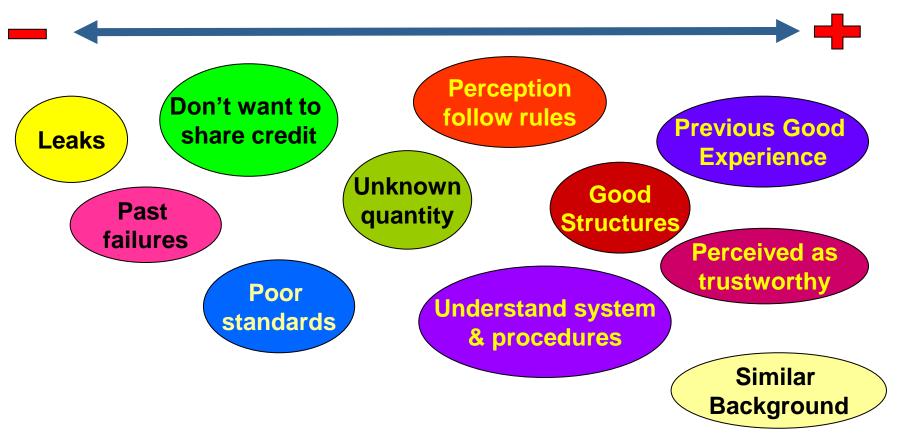
- Legal Basis
- Domestic procedures (Bureaucracy/getting permission)
- Lack of capacity and resources
- Politics
- Language



What affects International Cooperation?

- Trust
- Capacity
- Skills
- Funding
- Culture
- Politics
- Legal Structure
- Speed
- Time
- Attribution

Trust



Capacity

- Procedures exist to process a request
- Sufficient staff to process request
- Legally allowed to obtain evidence
- Appropriate forensic tools to process the data
- * Appropriate equipment available (e.g. Faraday bags; secure storage)

Skills

- * Forensic specialists skilled in the area of investigation requested
- Specialist knowledge to request correct and appropriate analysis
- * Know how to fill in the request to appropriate legal standard
- * Competence in language of request

Funding

- * Forensic specialists remain properly trained and retained
- ***** Able to purchase software licences
- * Able to pay any 3rd party charges
 - ISP costs
 - Defence Attorney fees
 - Translation

* Able to pay for storage and secure transport of evidence

Culture

- Is there a cooperation mindset?
- ***** Has cooperation existed previously?
- * Prepared to share the credit?
- Does hierarchy accept that impossible to go it alone?

Politics

- * Do the countries have a working relationship?
- * Do those that authorise cooperation accept such a relationship is desirable?
- * Are there other political issues that could work against cooperation?

Legal Structures

- Is the dual criminality principle satisfied?
- * Are the countries signatories to an appropriate legal instrument?
- Are the domestic laws and procedures in place?
- Do they work well enough?

In final analysis, these are your aims:

- **Electronic evidence inherent challenges:**
 - *** Identify and locate the evidence**
 - ***** Secure the hardware
 - * Capture and analyse the data
 - * Maintain integrity and chain of custody
 - Comply with rules of court and admissibility
 - * Link the suspect to use of the device at the relevant time ('Attribution')

International cooperation should support and facilitate them





Questions